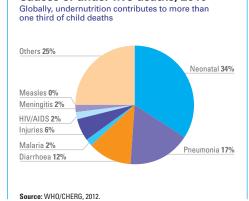
# **RWANDA**

Total population (000)	10,943	(2011)
Total under-five population (000)	1,912	(2011)
Total number of births (000)	449	(2011)
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	54	(2011)
Total number of under-five deaths (000)	23	(2011)
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	38	(2011)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21	(2011)
HIV prevalence rate (15–49 years old, %)	2.9	(2011)
Population below international poverty line of US\$1.25 per day (%)	63	(2011)
GNI per capita (US\$)	570	(2011)
Primary school net attendance ratio (% female, % male)	89, 86	(2010)

## **DEMOGRAPHICS AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

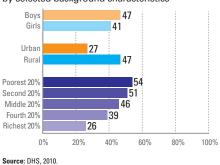


# **NUTRITIONAL STATUS**

Stunted (under-fives, 000)	845
Wasted (under-fives, 000)	54
Severely wasted (under-fives, 000)	15

#### Stunting disparities

Percentage of children <5 years old stunted, by selected background characteristics



#### Underweight trends

Underweight (under-fives, 000)

Overweight (under-fives, 000)

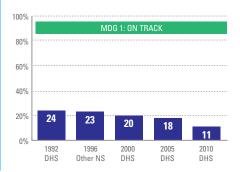
MDG 1 progress

Percentage of children <5 years old underweight

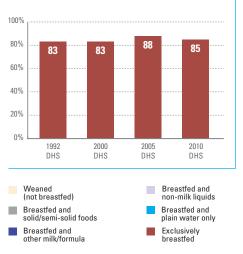
**On track** 

218

128

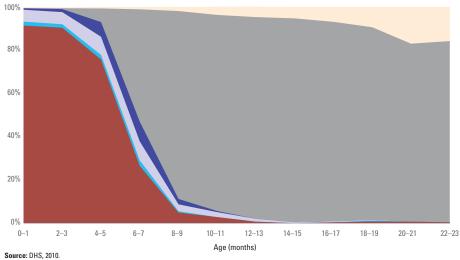


#### Exclusive breastfeeding trends Percentage of infants <6 months old exclusively breastfed



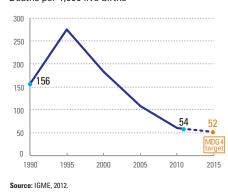
# **INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING**

#### Infant feeding practices, by age



# Causes of under-five deaths, 2010 Under-five mortality rate

Deaths per 1,000 live births

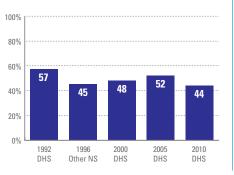


### Burden of malnutrition (2011)

Stunting country rank	29
Share of world stunting burden (%)	<1%

#### Stunting trends

Percentage of children <5 years old stunted



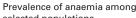
# **RWANDA**

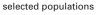
Yes

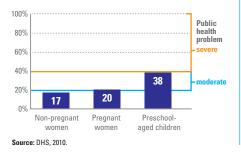
# **ESSENTIAL NUTRITION PRACTICES AND INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE**

PREGNANCY		BIR	TH		0–5 MONTHS		6–23 MONTHS		24–59 MONTH
Use of iron-folic		Early initiation of breastfeeding <b>71%</b>		Intern	International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes				
acid supplements	1%	(within 1 hour of birth	n) ° <b>71%</b>	Mater	nity protection in accord	No			
Households with adequately iodized salt	99%	Infants not weighed	at birth 32%	Exclus (<6 mo	Exclusive breastfeeding 85% Introduction to solid, semi-solid or soft foods (6–8 months)		<b>79</b> %		
To increase shild any first answers shild development							ed breastfeeding at 1 year ol	d <b>95%</b>	
							n dietary diversity	<b>26</b> %	
delivered during pregnancy and the first two years of life.						Full coverage of vitamin A supplementation			
						Treatme	ition		

Anaemia







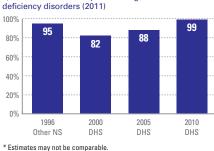
# MATERNAL MATERNAL

Maternal mortality ratio, adjusted (per 100,000 live births)	340	(2010)
Maternal mortality ratio, reported (per 100,000 live births)	480	(2010)
Total number of maternal deaths	1,500	(2010)
Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in : )	54	(2010)
Women with low BMI (<18.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> , %)	7	(2010)
Anaemia, non-pregnant women (<120g/l, %)	17	(2010)
Antenatal care (at least one visit, %)	98	(2010)
Antenatal care (at least four visits, %)	35	(2010)
Skilled attendant at birth (%)	69	(2010)
Low birthweight (<2,500 grams, %)	7	(2010)
Women 20–24 years old who gave birth before age 18 (%)	5	(2010)

# lodized salt trends\*

Percentage of households with adequately iodized salt 3,000 newborns are unprotected against iodine

**MICRONUTRIENTS** 



Improved drinking water coverage

Percentage of population, by type of drinking

Other improved

Surface water

water source, 1990-2010

1990 2010 Total

Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP, 2012.

Piped on premises

Unimproved

100%

80%

60%

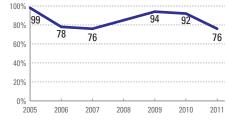
40%

20%

٥%

#### Vitamin A supplementation

Percentage of children 6-59 months old receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year (full coverage)



Source: UNICEF, 2012.

## WATER AND SANITATION

21

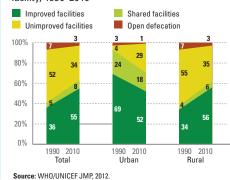
1990 2010

Rural

included in national health plans

#### Improved sanitation coverage

Percentage of population, by type of sanitation facility, 1990–2010



### **DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION**

1990 2010

Urban

		Gende	r	Residence			Wealth quintile							
Indicator	Male	Female	Ratio of male to female	Urban	Rural	Ratio of urban to rural	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest	Ratio of richest to poorest	Equity chart	Source
Stunting prevalence (%)	47	41	1.2	27	47	0.6	54	51	46	39	26	0.5		DHS, 2010
Underweight prevalence (%)	13	10	1.3	6	12	0.5	16	14	11	9	5	0.3		DHS, 2010
Wasting prevalence (%)	3	2	1.4	4	3	1.3	4	3	2	2	3	0.8		DHS, 2010
Women with low BMI (<18.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> , %)	-	7	-	7	7	0.9	10	9	7	7	5	0.5		DHS, 2010
Women with high BMI (≥25 kg/m², %)	-	16	-	25	15	1.7	11	10	14	18	28	2.6	=	DHS, 2010