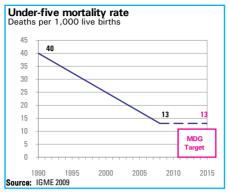
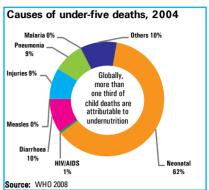
Lebanon

DEMOGRAPHICS

Total population (000)	4,194	(2008)
Total under-five population (000)	323	(2008)
Total number of births (000)	66	(2008)
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13	(2008)
Total number of under-five deaths (000)	1	(2008)
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12	(2008)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	19	(2004)
HIV prevalence rate (15-49 years, %)	0.1	(2007)
Population below international poverty line of US\$1.25 per day (%)		





NUTRITIONAL STATUS

Burden of undernutrition (2008) NCHS reference population

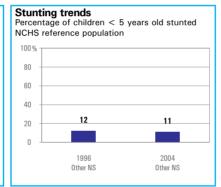
Stunted (under-fives, 000):
Share of developing world stunting burden (%):
Stunting country rank:

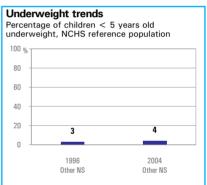
 35
 Underweight (under-fives, 000):
 13

 0.0
 Wasted (under-fives, 000):
 17

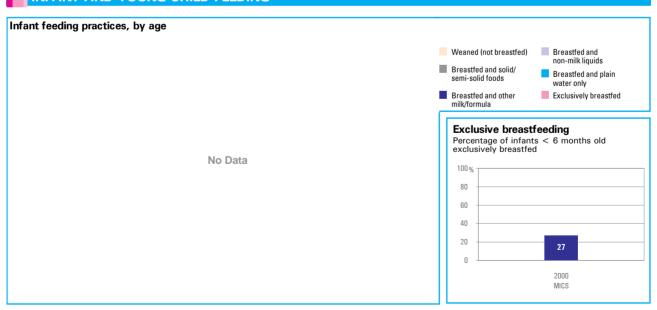
 108
 Severely wasted (under-fives, 000):
 .

Current nutritional status Percentage of children < 5 years old suffering from: Stunting Underweight Wasting 5 WHO Child Growth Standards NCHS reference population 0 20 40 60 80 100 % Source: Other NS 2004





INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING



Printed on: 13-Apr-2010

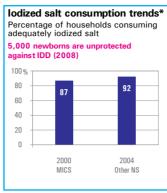
.ebanon

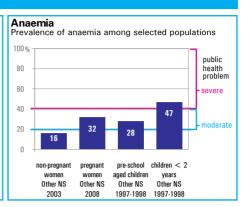
MICRONUTRIENTS

Vitamin A supplementation

Percentage of children 6-59 months old receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year

No Data



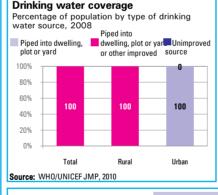


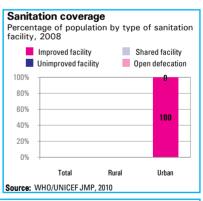
ESSENTIAL NUTRITION INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE

Pregnancy		Birth	0-5 months		6-23 months	>	24-59 months		
Use of iron-folic acid Early initiation of breastfeeding		International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes			Yes				
supplements (within 1 hour of birth)			Maternity protection in ac	cordanc	No				
Household consumption of adequately iodized salt	92%	Infants not weighed at birth .	Exclusive breastfeeding (<6 months)	27%	35%				
			Continued breastfeeding at two years	11%					
development and prevent stunting, nutrition interventions need to be delivered during the mother's pregnancy and the first two years of the child's life.					Full coverage of vitamin A supplementation				
					National guidelines for management of severe acute malnutrition incorporating the community-based approach				
					Policy on new ORS formula and zinc for management of diarrhoea*				
	Inform	Policy on community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics							

MATERNAL NUTRITION/HEALTH WATER AND SANITATION

Maternal mortality ratio, adjusted (per 100,000 live births)	150	(2005)
Maternal mortality ratio, reported (per 100,000 live births)	100	(1990)
Total number of maternal deaths	99	(2005)
Lifetime risk of maternal deaths (1 in :)	290	(2005)
Women with low BMI ($<$ 18.5 kg/m², %)		-
Anaemia, non-pregnant woman (< 120 g/l, %)	16	(2003)
Antenatal care (at least one visit, %)	96	(2004)
Antenatal care (at least four visits, %)		
Skilled attendant at birth (%)	98	(1994-1996
Low birthweight ($<$ 2,500 grams, $%$)	6	(2000)
Primary school net enrolment or attendance ratio (% female, % male)	82, 83	(2007)
Gender parity index (primary school net enrolment or attendance ratio)	0.99	(2007)





Under-five deaths caused by:

Diarrhoea:

10% Pneumonia:

9%

DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION

	Gender			Residence			Wealth quintile						
Indicator	Male	Female	Ratio of male to female	Urban	Rural	Ratio of urban to rural	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest	Ratio of richest to poorest	Source
Stunting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)	-				-						-		
Underweight prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)	-				-	·					-		
Wasting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)	-		•								-	•	•
Infants not weighed at birth (%)													
Early initiation of breastfeeding (%)			-		-				-				
Women with low BMI ($< 18.5 \text{ kg/m}^2$, %)			-	-		-	-	-			-		