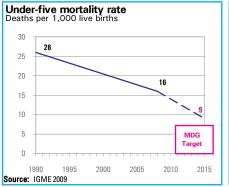
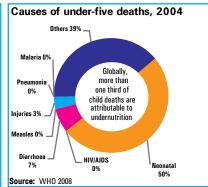
Saint Kitts and Nevis

DEMOGRAPHICS

Total population (000)	51	(2008)
Total under-five population (000)	2	(2008)
Total number of births (000)	0	(2008)
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16	(2008)
Total number of under-five deaths (000)	0	(2008)
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14	(2008)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11	(2004)
HIV prevalence rate (15-49 years, %)	•	
Population below international poverty line of US\$1.25 per day (%)		

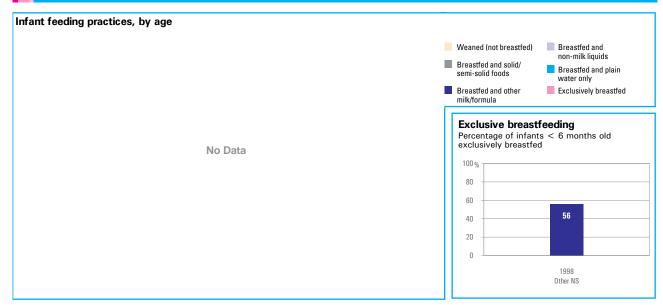




NUTRITIONAL STATUS

Burden of undernutrition (2008) WHO Child Growth Standards	Stunted (under-fives, 000): - Share of developing world stunting burden (%): - Stunting country rank: -	Underweight (under-fives, 000): Wasted (under-fives, 000): Severely wasted (under-fives, 000):			
Current nutritional status Percentage of children < 5 years old suffering from:	Stunting trends Percentage of children < 5 years old stunted NCHS reference population	Underweight trends Percentage of children < 5 years old underweight, NCHS reference population			
No Data	No Data	No Data			

INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING



Saint Kitts and Nevis



Shared facility

Open defecation

96

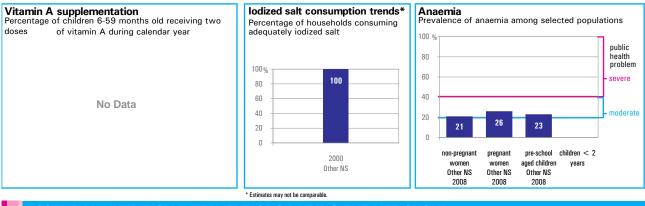
Urban

0%

96

Rural

MICRONUTRIENTS

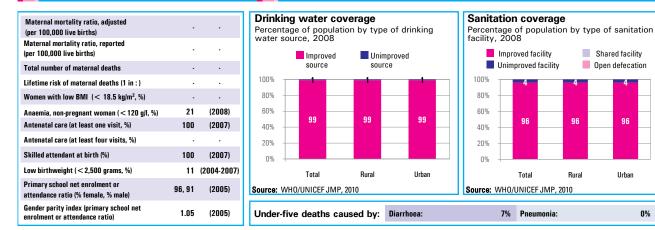


ESSENTIAL NUTRITION INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE

Pregnancy		Birth	0-5 months		6-23 months		24-59 months		
Use of iron-folic acid .		Early initiation of breastfeeding	International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes			No			
		(within 1 hour of birth)	Maternity protection in accordance with ILO Convention 183						
Household consumption of adequately iodized salt	100%	Infants not weighed at birth -	Exclusive breastfeeding 56% Timely introduction of complementary foods (with continued breastfeeding)						
			Continued breastfeeding at two years						
To increase children's chances of survival, improve					Full coverage of vitamin A supplementation				
development and prevent stunting, nutrition interventions need to be delivered during the mother's pregnancy and the first two years of the child's life.				National guidelines for management of severe acute malnutrition incorporating the community-based approach					
two years o	ilia's lite.	Policy on new ORS formula and zinc for management of diarrhoea*							
	Informa	Policy on community treatment of pneumo	onia with	antibiotics					

MATERNAL NUTRITION/HEALTH

WATER AND SANITATION



DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION

Indicator	Gender			Residence			Wealth quintile						
	Male	Female	Ratio of male to female	Urban	Rural	Ratio of urban to rural	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest	Ratio of richest to poorest	Source
Stunting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)		-											
Underweight prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)		-							•			-	
Wasting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)		-											-
Infants not weighed at birth (%)		-			•								•
Early initiation of breastfeeding (%)		-	-			-		-		-		-	
Women with low BMI ($<$ 18.5 kg/m², %)		-		·	-				-	-	•		•