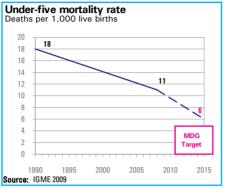
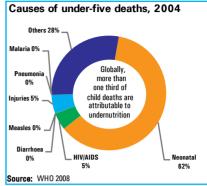


DEMOGRAPHICS

Total population (000)	255	(2008)
Total under-five population (000)	14	(2008)
Total number of births (000)	3	(2008)
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11	(2008)
Total number of under-five deaths (000)	0	(2008)
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10	(2008)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8	(2004)
HIV prevalence rate (15-49 years, %)	1.2	(2007)
Population below international poverty line of US\$1.25 per day (%)		





NUTRITIONAL STATUS

Burden of undernutrition (2008) WHO Child Growth Standards	Stunted (under-fives, 000): . Share of developing world stunting burden (%): . Stunting country rank: .	Underweight (under-fives, 000): Wasted (under-fives, 000): Severely wasted (under-fives, 000):			
Current nutritional status	Stunting trends	Underweight trends			
Percentage of children < 5 years old suffering	Percentage of children < 5 years old stunted	Percentage of children < 5 years old			
from:	NCHS reference population	underweight, NCHS reference population			
No Data	No Data	No Data			

INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING

Infant feeding practices, by age	
	 Weaned (not breastfed) Breastfed and solid/ semi-solid foods Breastfed and plain water only Breastfed and other milk/formula Exclusive breastfeeding
No Data	Percentage of infants < 6 months old exclusively breastfed
	No Data

Barbados



MICRONUTRIENTS Anaemia Prevalence of anaemia among selected populations Vitamin A supplementation lodized salt consumption trends* Percentage of children 6-59 months old receiving two Percentage of households consuming doses of vitamin A during calendar year adequately iodized salt 100 % 3,000 newborns are unprotected public against IDD (2008) health problem 80 60 severe 4N No Data No Data derate 20 23 0 non-pregnant pregnant pre-school children < 2aged children womer women years Other NS Other NS Other NS 2008 2008 2008

ESSENTIAL NUTRITION INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE

Pregnancy	Birth	0-5 months	6-23 months		24-59 months	
Use of iron-folic acid	Early initiation of breastfeeding	International Code of Marketing	International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes			
supplements	(within 1 hour of birth)	Maternity protection in accordan	Maternity protection in accordance with ILO Convention 183			
Household consumption of adequately iodized salt	Infants not weighed at birth	Exclusive breastfeeding (<6 months)				
			Continued breastfeeding at two years			
To increase child	Full coverage of vitamin A supplementat					
development and	prevent stunting, nutrition into	National guidelines for management of severe acute malnutrition				

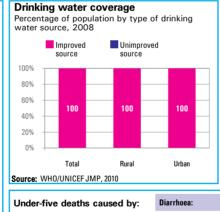
*Information on these policies are being updated

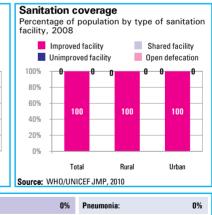
to be delivered during the mother's pregnancy and the first two years of the child's life.

incorporating the community-based approach Policy on new ORS formula and zinc for management of diarrhoea* Policy on community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics* .

MATERNAL NUTRITION/HEALTH

Maternal mortality ratio, adjusted (per 100,000 live births)	16	(2005)
Maternal mortality ratio, reported (per 100,000 live births)		
Total number of maternal deaths	1	(2005)
Lifetime risk of maternal deaths (1 in :)	4,400	(2005)
Women with low BMI ($< 18.5 \text{ kg/m}^2$, %)		
Anaemia, non-pregnant woman (< 120 g/l, %)	17	(2008)
Antenatal care (at least one visit, %)	100	(2006)
Antenatal care (at least four visits, %)	-	
Skilled attendant at birth (%)	100	(2006)
Low birthweight (<2,500 grams, %)	14	(2004-2007)
Primary school net enrolment or attendance ratio (% female, % male)	98, 96	(2007)
Gender parity index (primary school net enrolment or attendance ratio)	1.02	(2007)





DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION

	Gender			Residence			Wealth quintile						
Indicator	Male	Female	Ratio of male to female	Urban	Rural	Ratio of urban to rural	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest	Ratio of richest to poorest	Source
Stunting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)	-											-	
Underweight prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)	-	-									-		
Wasting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)		-		-			-	-			-		-
Infants not weighed at birth (%)		-		•		-		-					
Early initiation of breastfeeding (%)			-	-		-		-				-	
Women with low BMI ($< 18.5 \ \rm kg/m^2,$ %)			-			-	-	-				-	