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WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage - next revision available July $15,\,2024$

BACKGROUND NOTE: Each year WHO and UNICEF jointly review reports submitted by Member States regarding national immunization coverage, finalized survey reports as well as data from the published and grey literature. Based on these data, with due consideration to potential biases and the views of local experts, WHO and UNICEF attempt to distinguish between situations where the available empirical data accurately reflect immunization system performance and those where the data are likely to be compromised and present a misleading view of immunization coverage while jointly estimating the most likely coverage levels for each country.

WHO and UNICEF estimates are country-specific; that is to say, each country's data are reviewed individually, and data are not borrowed from other countries in the absence of data. Estimates are not based on ad hoc adjustments to reported data; in some instances empirical data are available from a single source, usually the nationally reported coverage data. In cases where no data are available for a given country/vaccine/year combination, data are considered from earlier and later years and interpolated to estimate coverage for the missing year(s). In cases where data sources are mixed and show large variation, an attempt is made to identify the most likely estimate with consideration of the possible biases in available data. For methods see:

- *Burton et al. 2009. WHO and UNICEF estimates of national infant immunization coverage: methods and processes.
- *Burton et al. 2012. A formal representation of the WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage: a computational logic approach.
- *Brown et al. 2013. An introduction to the grade of confidence used to characterize uncertainty around the WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage.

DATA SOURCES.

- ADMINISTRATIVE coverage: Reported by national authorities and based on aggregated administrative reports from health service providers on the number of vaccinations administered during a given period (numerator data) and reported target population data (denominator data). May be biased by inaccurate numerator and/or denominator data.
- **OFFICIAL coverage:** Estimated coverage reported by national authorities that reflects their assessment of the most likely coverage based on any combination of administrative coverage, survey-based estimates or other data sources or adjustments. Approaches to determine OFFICIAL coverage may differ across countries.
- SURVEY coverage: Based on estimated coverage from population-based household surveys among children aged 12-23 months or 24-35 months following a review of survey methods and results. Information is based on the combination of vaccination history from documented evidence or caregiver recall. Survey results are considered for the appropriate birth cohort based on the period of data collection.

ABBREVIATIONS

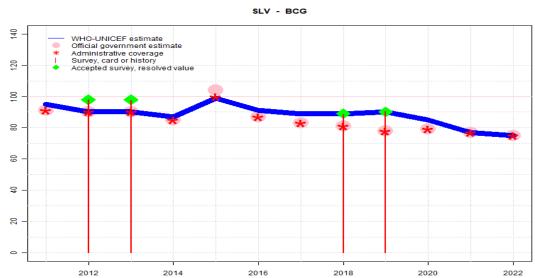
- BCG: percentage of births who received one dose of Bacillus Calmette Guerin vaccine.
- DTP1 / DTP3: percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st / 3rd dose, respectively, of diphtheria and tetanus toxoid with pertussis containing vaccine.
- Pol3: percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of polio containing vaccine. May be either oral or inactivated polio vaccine.
- IPV1: percentage of surviving infants who received at least one dose of inactivated polio vaccine. In countries utilizing an immunization schedule recommending either (i) a primary series of three doses of oral polio vaccine (OPV) plus at least one dose of IPV where OPV is included in routine

immunization and/or campaign or (ii) a sequential schedule of IPV followed by OPV, WHO and UNICEF estimates for IPV1 reflect coverage with at least one routine dose of IPV among infants <1 year of age among countries. For countries utilizing IPV containing vaccine use only, i.e., no recommended dose of OPV, the WHO and UNICEF estimate for IPV1 corresponds to coverage for the 1st dose of IPV.

Production of IPV coverage estimates, which begins in 2015, results in no change of the estimated coverage levels for the 3rd dose of polio (Pol3). For countries recommending routine immunization with a primary series of three doses of IPV alone, WHO and UNICEF estimated Pol3 coverage is equivalent to estimated coverage with three doses of IPV. For countries with a sequential schedule, estimated Pol3 coverage is based on that for the 3rd dose of polio vaccine regardless of vaccine type.

- MCV1: percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of measles containing vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends the 1st dose of MCV at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates reflect the percentage of children who received the 1st dose of MCV as recommended.
- MCV2: percentage of children who received the 2nd dose of measles containing vaccine according to the nationally recommended schedule.
- RCV1: percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of rubella containing vaccine. Co verage estimates are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage for the dose of measles containing vaccine that corresponds to the first measles-rubella combination vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of RCV is not taken into consideration nor are the data represented in the accompanying graph and data table.
- HepBB: percentage of births which received a dose of hepatitis B vaccine within 24 hours of delivery. Estimates of hepatitis B birth dose coverage are produced only for countries with a universal birth dose policy. Estimates are not produced for countries that recommend a birth dose to infants born to HepB virus-infected mothers only or where there is insufficient information to determine whether vaccination is within 24 hours of birth.
- **HepB3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of hepatitis B containing vaccine following the birth dose.
- **Hib3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of Haemophilus influenzae type b containing vaccine.
- RotaC: percentage of surviving infants who received the final recommended dose of rotavirus vaccine, which can be either the 2nd or the 3rd dose depending on the vaccine.
- PcV3: percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends two doses during infancy and a booster dose at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates may reflect the percentage of surviving infants who received two doses of PcV prior to the 1st birthday.
- **YFV:** percentage of surviving infants who received one dose of yellow fever vaccine in countries where YFV is part of the national immunization schedule for children or is recommended in at risk areas; coverage estimates are annualized for the entire cohort of surviving infants.

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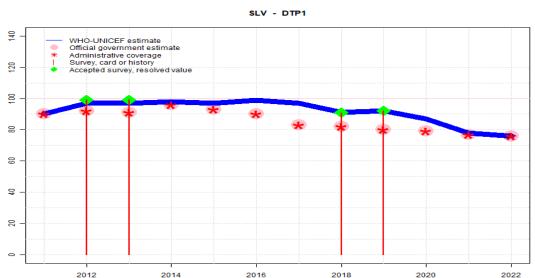


| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 95 | 90 | 90 | 87 | 99 | 91 | 89 | 89 | 90 | 85 | 77 | 75 |
| Estimate GoC | • | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• |
| Official | 91 | 90 | 90 | 85 | 104 | 87 | 83 | 81 | 78 | 79 | 77 | 75 |
| Administrative | 91 | 90 | 90 | 85 | 100 | 87 | 83 | 81 | 78 | 79 | 77 | 75 |
| Survey | NA | 97.9 | 97.7 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 88.6 | 90.4 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. Programme reports a one month vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate of 77 percent changed from previous revision value of 78 percent. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2021 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 85 percent changed from previous revision value of 79 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2019: Estimate of 90 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 78 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 89 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 83 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 87 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate based on reported data following recovery from reported vaccine stockout. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Programme reported a four months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+S+D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+S+D+
- 2011: Reported data calibrated to 2009 and 2012 levels. Estimate challenged by: R-

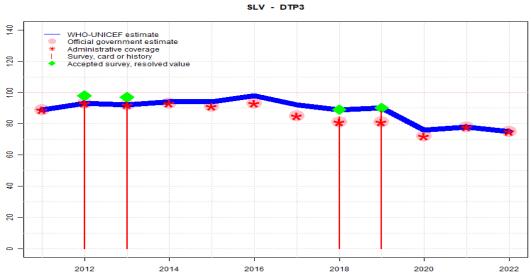


| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 90 | 97 | 97 | 98 | 97 | 99 | 97 | 91 | 92 | 87 | 78 | 76 |
| Estimate GoC | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• |
| Official | 90 | 92 | 91 | 96 | 93 | 90 | 83 | 82 | 80 | 79 | 77 | 76 |
| Administrative | 90 | 92 | 91 | 96 | 93 | 90 | 83 | 82 | 80 | 79 | 77 | 76 |
| Survey | NA | 99.1 | 99.3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 90.7 | 92 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Programme reports a one month vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate exceptionally assigned to DTP3 level with a recognition that there is no evidence for zero dropout between the first and third dose. Estimate of 78 percent changed from previous revision value of 72 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2022 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 79 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2019: Estimate of 92 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 92 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 91 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 92. Reported coverage would result in negative dropout. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 83 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 98. Estimate of 99 percent changed from previous revision value of 91 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 96 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 92. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2012: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 93. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 92 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+S+D+

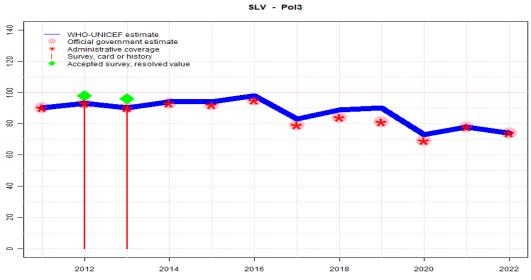


| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 89 | 93 | 92 | 94 | 94 | 98 | 92 | 89 | 90 | 76 | 78 | 75 |
| Estimate GoC | ••• | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• |
| Official | 89 | 93 | 92 | 93 | 91 | 93 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 72 | 78 | 75 |
| Administrative | 89 | 93 | 92 | 93 | 91 | 93 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 72 | 78 | 75 |
| Survey | NA | 93.3 | 93.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 84.2 | 88.2 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. Programme reports a one month vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate of 78 percent changed from previous revision value of 79 percent. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2021 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 76 percent changed from previous revision value of 72 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2019: Estimate of 90 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 88 percent modifed for recall bias to 90 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 92 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 88 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 89 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 84 percent modifed for recall bias to 89 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 91 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 81 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 80 percent. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 92 percent changed from previous revision value of 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 91 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 94 percent modifed for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 88 percent. GoC=R+S+D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 93 percent modifed for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 87 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. Estimate of 93 percent changed from previous revision value of 92 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+S+D+

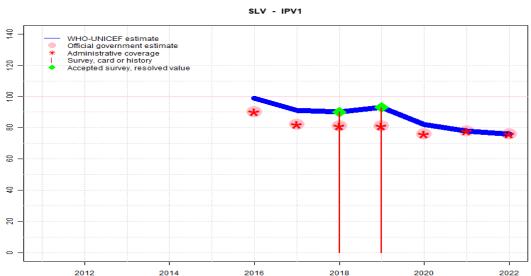


| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 90 | 93 | 90 | 94 | 94 | 98 | 83 | 89 | 90 | 73 | 78 | 74 |
| Estimate GoC | ••• | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• | •• |
| Official | 90 | 93 | 90 | 93 | 92 | 95 | 79 | 84 | 81 | 69 | 78 | 74 |
| Administrative | 90 | 93 | 90 | 93 | 92 | 95 | 79 | 84 | 81 | 69 | 78 | 74 |
| Survey | NA | 94.2 | 92.2 | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. Programme reports a one month OPV vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate of 78 percent changed from previous revision value of 79 percent. GoC=R+D+
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2021 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Programme reports a one month IPV vaccine stockout at national and subnational levels. Estimate of 73 percent changed from previous revision value of 69 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2019: Estimate of 90 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 89 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 83 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 83 percent changed from previous revision value of 89 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 92 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 96 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 92 percent modifed for recall bias to 96 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 89 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 92 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 94 percent modifed for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 87 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+S+D+



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 99 | 91 | 90 | 93 | 82 | 78 | 76 |
| Estimate GoC | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• |
| Official | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 90 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 76 | 78 | 76 |
| Administrative | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 90 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 76 | 78 | 76 |
| Survey | NA | 90.3 | 92.8 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

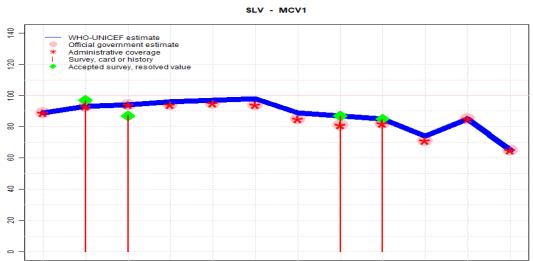
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

Estimates for a dose of inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) begin in 2015 following the Global Polio Eradication Initiative's Polio Eradication and Endgame Strategic Plan: 2013-2018 which recommended at least one full dose or two fractional doses of IPV into routine immunization schedules as a strategy to mitigate the potential consequences should any re-emergence of type 2 poliovirus occur following the planned withdrawal of Sabin type 2 strains from oral polio vaccine (OPV).

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate of 78 percent changed from previous revision value of 72 percent. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2021 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Programme reports a one month vaccine stockout at national and subnational levels. Estimate of 82 percent changed from previous revision value of 76 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2019: Estimate of 93 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 93 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 90 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2018 levels. Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2018 levels. Inactivated polio vaccine introduced during 2016. Estimate of 99 percent changed from previous revision value of 90 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-

2022



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 89 | 93 | 94 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 89 | 87 | 85 | 74 | 85 | 65 |
| Estimate GoC | • | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ••• | •• |
| Official | 89 | 93 | 94 | 94 | 95 | 94 | 85 | 81 | 82 | 71 | 85 | 65 |
| Administrative | 89 | 93 | 94 | 94 | 95 | 94 | 85 | 81 | 82 | 71 | 85 | 65 |
| Survey | NA | 96.7 | 87.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 86.7 | 84.7 | NA | NA | NA |

2016

2018

2020

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

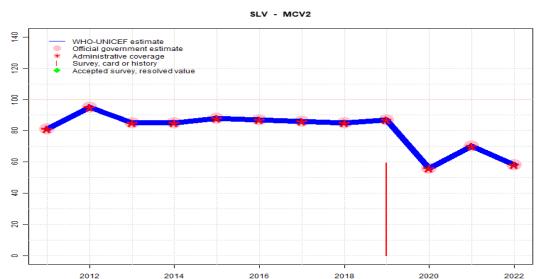
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. Consistent with trend observed for other antigens. GoC=R+D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Recovery consistent with recovery from syringe stockout and in the context of Covid-19. . Estimate of 85 percent changed from previous revision value of 86 percent. GoC=R+S+D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by the difference between reported coverage and the survey result for 2020 applied to the reported coverage for 2021. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Programme reports a five month vaccine stockout at national and subnational levels. Estimate of 74 percent changed from previous revision value of 71 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2019: Estimate of 85 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 85 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 87 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Programme reports a three months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Programme reports a three months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 90 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 87 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+S+D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+S+D+
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-

2012

2014



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 81 | 95 | 85 | 85 | 88 | 87 | 86 | 85 | 87 | 56 | 70 | 58 |
| Estimate GoC | • | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• | •• |
| Official | 81 | 95 | 85 | 85 | 88 | 87 | 86 | 85 | 87 | 56 | 70 | 58 |
| Administrative | 81 | 95 | 85 | 85 | 88 | 87 | 86 | 85 | 87 | 56 | 70 | 58 |
| Survey | NA | 59.4 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

Coverage estimates for the second dose of measles containing vaccine are for children by the nationally recommended age.

2022: Estimate informed by reported data. Consistent with trend observed for other antigens. GoC=R+D+

2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Recovery consistent with recovery from syringe stockout and in the context of Covid-19. Estimate of 70 percent changed from previous revision value of 71 percent. GoC=R+ D+

2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Programme reports a five month vaccine stockout at national and subnational levels. GoC=R+D+

2019: Estimate informed by reported data. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 results ignored by working group. Recommended age of vaccination with the second dose of measles containing vaccine changed from 2019 to 2020. Survey results are misaligned with identification of the change in schedule. GoC=R+D+

2018: Estimate informed by reported data. Programme reports a three months vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+

2017: Estimate informed by reported data. Programme reports a three months vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+

2016: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+

2015: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+

2014: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+

2013: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+

2012: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+

2011: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-



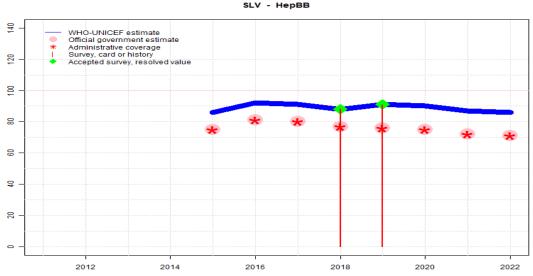
| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 89 | 93 | 94 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 89 | 87 | 85 | 74 | 85 | 65 |
| Estimate GoC | • | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ••• | •• |
| Official | NA |
| Administrative | NA |
| Survey | NA | 86.7 | 84.7 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- For this revision, coverage estimates for the first dose of rubella containing vaccine are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage of measles containing vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of rubella containing vaccine is not taken into consideration nor are they represented in the the accompanying graph and data table.
- 2022: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 85 percent changed from previous revision value of 86 percent. GoC=R+S+D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by estimated MCV1 coverage level. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 74 percent changed from previous revision value of 71 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2019: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 85 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 90 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2015: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+S+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+S+D+
- 2011: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-

El Salvador - HepBB



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | NA | NA | NA | NA | 86 | 92 | 91 | 88 | 91 | 90 | 87 | 86 |
| Estimate GoC | NA | NA | NA | NA | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Official | NA | NA | NA | NA | 75 | 81 | 80 | 77 | 76 | 75 | 72 | 71 |
| Administrative | NA | NA | NA | NA | 75 | 81 | 80 | 77 | 76 | 75 | 72 | 71 |
| Survey | NA | 88.2 | 90.7 | NA | NA | NA |

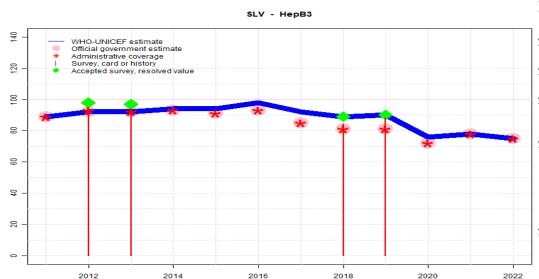
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Reported data calibrated to 2019 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2021: Reported data calibrated to 2019 levels. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 73 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 75 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2019: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 91 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 76 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2018: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 88 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate of 88 percent changed from previous revision value of 77 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2018 levels. Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 80 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2018 levels. Estimate of 92 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2018 levels. HepB birth dose introduced in February 2015. Estimate of 86 percent changed from previous revision value of 75 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

El Salvador - HepB3



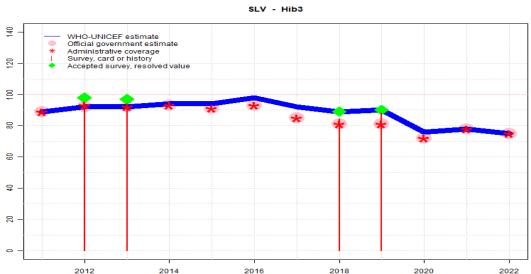
| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 89 | 92 | 92 | 94 | 94 | 98 | 92 | 89 | 90 | 76 | 78 | 75 |
| Estimate GoC | ••• | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• |
| Official | 89 | 92 | 92 | 93 | 91 | 93 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 72 | 78 | 75 |
| Administrative | 89 | 93 | 92 | 93 | 91 | 93 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 72 | 78 | 75 |
| Survey | NA | 93.3 | 93.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 84.2 | 88.2 | NA | NA | NA |

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data for DTP3. Programme reports a one month vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data for DTP3. Estimate of 78 percent changed from previous revision value of 79 percent. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2021 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 76 percent changed from previous revision value of 72 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2019: Estimate of 90 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 88 percent modified for recall bias to 90 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 92 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 88 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 89 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 84 percent modified for recall bias to 89 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 91 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 81 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 80 percent. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 92 percent changed from previous revision value of 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Programme reports three months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 91 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 94 percent modifed for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 88 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 93 percent modifed for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 87 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ S+ D+



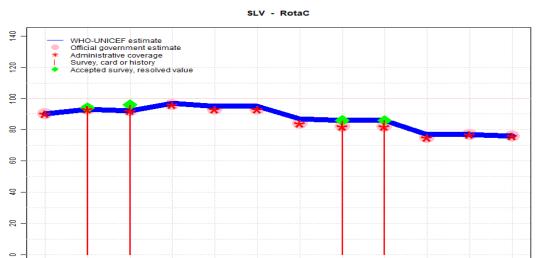
| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 89 | 92 | 92 | 94 | 94 | 98 | 92 | 89 | 90 | 76 | 78 | 75 |
| Estimate GoC | ••• | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •• |
| Official | 89 | 92 | 92 | 93 | 91 | 93 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 72 | 78 | 75 |
| Administrative | 89 | 93 | 92 | 93 | 91 | 93 | 85 | 81 | 81 | 72 | 78 | 75 |
| Survey | NA | 93.3 | 93.5 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 84.2 | 88.2 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data for DTP3. Programme reports a one month vaccine stockout at national level. GoC=R+D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data for DTP3. Estimate of 78 percent changed from previous revision value of 80 percent. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2020: Estimate informed by estimated DTP3 coverage level. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 76 percent changed from previous revision value of 72 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-S-
- 2019: Estimate of 90 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 88 percent modifed for recall bias to 90 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 92 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 88 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 89 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 84 percent modifed for recall bias to 89 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 91 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 81 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 80 percent. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 81 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 92 percent changed from previous revision value of 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Programme reports three months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 91 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 94 percent modifed for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 88 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). El Salvador Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 card or history results of 93 percent modifed for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 87 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 86 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ S+ D+

2022



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 90 | 93 | 92 | 97 | 95 | 95 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 77 | 77 | 76 |
| Estimate GoC | ••• | ••• | ••• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ••• | •• |
| Official | 90 | 93 | 92 | 96 | 93 | 93 | 84 | 82 | 82 | 75 | 77 | 76 |
| Administrative | 90 | 93 | 92 | 96 | 93 | 93 | 84 | 82 | 82 | 75 | 77 | 76 |
| Survey | NA | 94.2 | 95.7 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 85.5 | 86 | NA | NA | NA |

2016

2018

2020

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

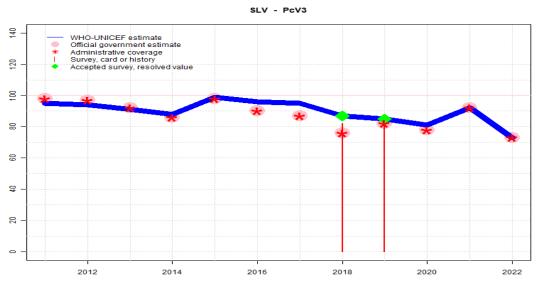
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate of 77 percent changed from previous revision value of 78 percent. GoC=R+S+D+
- 2020: Reported data calibrated to 2019 and 2021 levels. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 77 percent changed from previous revision value of 75 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2019: Estimate of 86 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 86 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 86 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Estimate of 86 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 84 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2013 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 96 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 96 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+S+D+
- 2012: Estimate informed by reported data supported by survey. Survey evidence of 94 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+S+D+
- 2011: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+S+D+

2012

2014



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Estimate | 95 | 94 | 91 | 88 | 99 | 96 | 95 | 87 | 85 | 81 | 92 | 73 |
| Estimate GoC | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Official | 98 | 97 | 92 | 86 | 98 | 90 | 87 | 76 | 82 | 78 | 92 | 73 |
| Administrative | 98 | 97 | 92 | 86 | 98 | 90 | 87 | 76 | 82 | 78 | 92 | 73 |
| Survey | NA | 82 | 82.3 | NA | NA | NA |

- ••• Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- •• Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. . Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2021: Estimate of 92 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by reported data. Reported data excluded due to an increase from 78 percent to 92 percent with decrease 73 percent. Estimate of 92 percent changed from previous revision value of 94 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2020: Estimate informed by the difference between reported coverage and the survey result for 2020 applied to the reported coverage for 2021. Programme reports a eight month syringe stockout. Estimate of 81 percent changed from previous revision value of 78 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2019: Estimate of 85 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 82 percent modified for recall bias to 85 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 92 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 88 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 81 percent. Estimate of 85 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate of 87 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by survey result. Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021 card or history results of 82 percent modifed for recall bias to 87 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 89 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 81 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 79 percent. Estimate of 87 percent changed from previous revision value of 75 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Reported data calibrated to 2012 and 2018 levels. Programme reports a four months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 87 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2016: Reported data calibrated to 2012 and 2018 levels. Programme reports two months vaccine stockout at national level. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 90 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2015: Reported data calibrated to 2012 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 99 percent changed from previous revision value of 98 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Reported data calibrated to 2012 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 88 percent changed from previous revision value of 86 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2012 and 2018 levels. Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 92 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2012: Estimate of 94 percent assigned by working group. Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2011: Reported data calibrated to 2012 levels. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 98 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-

NOTE: A survey to measure vaccination coverage for infants (i.e., children aged 0 to 11 months) will sample children aged 12 to 23 months at the time of survey to capture the youngest annual cohort of children who should have completed the vaccination schedule. Because WUENIC are for infant vaccinations, survey data in this report are presented to reflect the birth year of the youngest survey cohort. For example, results for a survey conducted during December 2020 among children aged 12 to 23 months at the time of the survey reflect the immunization experience of children born in 2019. Depending on the timing of survey field work, results may reflect the immunization experience of children born and vaccinated 1 or 2 years prior to the survey field work.

2019 Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021

| Vaccine | Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | ${\bf Cards\ seen}$ |
|---------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------|---------------------|
| BCG | C or H $<$ 12 months | 90.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| BCG | Card | 86.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| BCG | Card or History | 90.4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| BCG | History | 3.7 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP1 | C or H < 12 months | 91.3 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP1 | Card | 87.7 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP1 | Card or History | 92 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP1 | History | 4.3 | 12-23 m | 607 | 90 |
| DTP3 | C or H < 12 months | 83.6 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP3 | Card | 85.5 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP3 | Card or History | 88.2 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| DTP3 | History | 2.7 | 12-23 m | 607 | 90 |
| HepB1 | C or H < 12 months | 91.3 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepB1 | Card | 87.7 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepB1 | Card or History | 92 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepB1 | History | 4.3 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepB3 | C or H < 12 months | 83.6 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepB3 | Card | 85.5 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepB3 | Card or History | 88.2 | 12-23 m | 607 | 90 |
| HepB3 | History | 2.7 | $12-23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepBB | C or H < 12 months | 90.7 | 12-23 m | 607 | 90 |
| HepBB | Card | 86.7 | $12-23 \mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepBB | Card or History | 90.7 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| HepBB | History | 4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| | | | | | |

| Hib1 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 91.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
|-------|-----------------------|------|---------------------------|-----|----|
| Hib1 | Card | 87.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| Hib1 | Card or History | 92 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| Hib1 | History | 4.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| Hib3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 83.6 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| Hib3 | Card | 85.5 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| Hib3 | Card or History | 88.2 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| Hib3 | History | 2.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| IPV1 | C or H < 12 months | 92.5 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| IPV1 | Card | 88 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| IPV1 | Card or History | 92.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| IPV1 | History | 4.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| MCV1 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 49.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| MCV1 | Card | 80.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| MCV1 | Card or History | 84.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| MCV1 | History | 3.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| MCV2 | Card | 59 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 |
| MCV2 | Card or History | 59.4 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 |
| MCV2 | History | 0.4 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 |
| PCV1 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 91.5 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV1 | Card | 88.4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV1 | Card or History | 92.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV1 | History | 3.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 49.1 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV3 | Card | 81 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV3 | Card or History | 82.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| PCV3 | History | 1.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| RotaC | C or H $<$ 12 months | 84.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| RotaC | Card | 82.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| RotaC | Card or History | 86 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| RotaC | History | 3.1 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 607 | 90 |
| | | | | | |

2018 Encuesta Nacional de Salud (ENS), El Salvador 2021

| Vaccine | Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | Cards seen |
|---------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|--------|------------|
| BCG | Card | 78.9 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 |
| BCG | Card or History | 88.6 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 |
| BCG | History | 9.7 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 |
| DTP1 | Card | 80.8 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 |

| DTP1 | Card or History | 90.7 | 24-35 m | 782 | 90 | Vaccine | Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | Cards seen |
|---------|-----------------|------|---------------------------|--------|--------------|---------|----------------------|----------|---------------------------|--------|------------|
| DTP1 | History | 9.8 | 24-35 m | 782 | 90 | BCG | C or H <12 months | _ | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| DTP3 | Card | 79.7 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | BCG | Card | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| DTP3 | Card or History | 84.2 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | BCG | Card or History | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| DTP3 | History | 4.5 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | DTP1 | C or H <12 months | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| HepB1 | Card | 80.8 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | DTP1 | Card | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| HepB1 | Card or History | 90.7 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 | DTP1 | Card or History | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| HepB1 | History | 9.8 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 | DTP3 | C or H <12 months | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| HepB3 | Card | 79.7 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | DTP3 | Card | | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| HepB3 | Card or History | 84.2 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | DTP3 | Card or History | | $12-23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| HepB3 | History | 4.5 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | HepB1 | C or H <12 months | 99.3 | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| HepBB | Card | 78.9 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | HepB1 | Card | 89.9 | $12-23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| HepBB | Card or History | 88.2 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | HepB1 | Card or History | 99.3 | $12-23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| HepBB | History | 9.3 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | HepB3 | C or H <12 months | 91.8 | $12-23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| Hib1 | Card | 80.8 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | HepB3 | Card | 87.8 | $12-23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| Hib1 | Card or History | 90.7 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | HepB3 | Card or History | 93.5 | $12-23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| Hib1 | History | 9.8 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Hib1 | C or H <12 months | 99.3 | $12-23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| Hib3 | Card | 79.7 | $24-35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Hib1 | Card | 89.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| Hib3 | Card or History | 84.2 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Hib1 | Card or History | 99.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| Hib3 | History | 4.5 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Hib3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 91.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| IPV1 | Card | 80.6 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Hib3 | Card | 87.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| IPV1 | Card or History | 90.3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Hib3 | Card or History | 93.5 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| IPV1 | History | 9.8 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | MCV1 | Card | 78.6 | 12-23 m | 1479 | 90 |
| MCV1 | Card | 78.5 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | MCV1 | Card or History | 87.2 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| MCV1 | Card or History | 86.7 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | PCV1 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 99.2 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| MCV1 | History | 8.2 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | PCV1 | Card | 89.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| PCV1 | Card | 81.3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | PCV1 | Card or History | 99.2 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| PCV1 | Card or History | 89.3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | PCV3 | Card | 78.6 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| PCV1 | History | 8 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 | Pol1 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 98.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| PCV3 | Card | 79 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 782 | 90 | Pol1 | Card | 89.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| PCV3 | Card or History | 82 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Pol1 | Card or History | 98.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| PCV3 | History | 3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Pol3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 89.1 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| RotaC | Card | 79.8 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Pol3 | Card | 86.3 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| RotaC | Card or History | 85.5 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | Pol3 | Card or History | 92.2 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| RotaC | History | 5.7 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 782 | 90 | RotaC | C or H <12 months | 95.2 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| | • | | | | | RotaC | Card | 88.4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |
| 9019 EI | Calandan F | . N: | -1 -1 - C -1 | J J. T | li M 14i 1 D | RotaC | Card or History | 95.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 1479 | 90 |

2013 El Salvador: Encuesta Nacional de Salud de Indicadores Multiples Por Conglomerados 2014

2012 El Salvador: Encuesta Nacional de Salud de Indicadores Multiples Por

Conglomerados 2014

| Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | Cards seen |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| C or H $<$ 12 months | 97.9 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 85.3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 97.9 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H $<$ 12 months | 98.6 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.8 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 99.1 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H $<$ 12 months | 90.6 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.2 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 93.3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 98.6 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.8 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 99.1 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 90.6 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.2 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 93.3 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 98.6 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.8 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 99.1 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 90.6 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.2 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 93.3 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 96.1 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 85.3 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 96.7 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 98.2 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 87 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 98.6 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 98.9 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86.8 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 99.4 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H < 12 months | 90 | $24-35 \mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 86 | $24-35 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 94.2 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| C or H $<$ 12 months | 93.1 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card | 85.5 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| Card or History | 94.2 | $24\text{-}35~\mathrm{m}$ | 1453 | 90 |
| | C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card Card or History C or H <12 months Card | C or H <12 months | C or H <12 months | Card 85.3 24-35 m 1453 Card or History 97.9 24-35 m 1453 C or H <12 months |

2009 Encuesta de Cobertura Nacional de Vacunación El Salvador, 2011

| Vaccine | Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | Cards seen |
|---------|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------|------------|
| BCG | Card or History | 98.6 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| DTP1 | Card or History | 97.4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| DTP3 | Card or History | 94.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| HepB1 | Card or History | 97.4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| HepB3 | Card or History | 94.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| Hib1 | Card or History | 97.4 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| Hib3 | Card or History | 94.8 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| MCV1 | Card or History | 95 | 12-23 m | 2550 | 99 |
| Pol1 | Card or History | 97.8 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| Pol3 | Card or History | 95.9 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 2550 | 99 |
| RotaC | Card or History | 82 | 12-23 m | 2550 | 99 |

2007 Encuesta Nacional de Salud Familiar FESAL 2008

| Vaccine | Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | Cards seen |
|---------|----------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------|------------|
| BCG | C or H $<$ 12 months | 98.5 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| BCG | Card or History | 98.3 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| DTP3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 84.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| DTP3 | Card or History | 96.2 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| HepB3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 84.7 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| HepB3 | Card or History | 96.2 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| Hib3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 84.7 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| Hib3 | Card or History | 96.2 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| MCV1 | Card or History | 86.7 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| Pol3 | C or H $<$ 12 months | 84.4 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| Pol3 | Card or History | 95.5 | $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 865 | 77 |
| | | | | | |

2002 Encuesta Nacional de Salud Familiar de 2002-2003 (FESAL)

| Vaccine | Confirmation method | Coverage | Age cohort | Sample | Cards seen |
|---------|----------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------|------------|
| BCG | C or H $<$ 12 months | 94.9 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 4106 | 71 |
| BCG | Card | 96.4 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 4106 | 71 |
| BCG | Card < 12 months | 96.2 | 12-23 m | 4106 | 71 |
| BCG | Card or History | 98.3 | $12\text{-}23 \mathrm{\ m}$ | 4106 | 71 |

| $12\text{-}23~\mathrm{m}$ | 5155 60 5155 60 | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| - | 5155 60 | |
| 19 99 m | | , |
| 12-23 III | 5155 60 |) |
| 12-23 m | 5155 60 |) |
| 12-23 m | 5155 60 |) |
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| 12-23 m | 5155 60 |) |
| | 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m 12-23 m | 12-23 m 5155 60 12-23 m 5155 60 |

12-23 m 5155 60

BCG C or H <12 months 88.3

Further information and estimates for previous years are available at:

https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-health/immunization/

https://immunizationdata.who.int/listing.html