Current levels of child marriage

Togo is home to over 631,000 child brides; 1 in 4 young women were married in childhood.

Regional and global comparisons

- **Married before age 18**: Togo (25%), World (19%)
- **Married before age 15**: Togo (6%), World (4%)

Vulnerable populations

- **Wealth quintile**: Poorest (40%), Second (20%), Middle (20%), Fourth (10%), Richest (10%)
- **Education**: No education (20%), Primary (30%), Secondary (20%), Tertiary (30%)
- **Residence**: Rural (30%), Urban (70%)

Statistical profile on child marriage: Togo

- **Minimum legal age of marriage for girls**: 18, with exceptions: 16
- **Country with the highest prevalence in the region**: Togo
- **Country with the lowest prevalence in the region**: World
- **West and Central Africa**: 33%
- **World**: 19%

- **Togo**: 153,900 married before age 15, 631,600 married before age 18

- **Togo minimum legal age of marriage for girls**: 18 with exceptions: 16
- **Togo rural and urban**: 76% rural, 24% urban
- **Togo education**: No education (28%), Primary (33%), Secondary (25%), Tertiary (14%)
- **Togo wealth quintile**: Poorest (10%), Second (20%), Middle (20%), Fourth (20%), Richest (30%)
- **Togo residence**: Rural (33%), Urban (67%)

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**Vulnerable populations**

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Characteristics of unions

Spousal age gap
Figure 5. Percentage distribution of currently married women aged 20 to 24 years by the age gap between the women and their partners

Types of unions
Figure 6. Percentage distribution of ever-married girls aged 15 to 17 years by current marital status

Lives of child brides

Autonomy, empowerment and violence
Figure 7. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who have an account at a bank or other financial institution, who have had a job in the past 12 months, who usually decide (alone or with their spouses) about visits to the women’s families, who believe wife-beating is justified, and who have experienced intimate partner violence in the past 12 months

Education
Figure 8. Percentage distribution of girls aged 15 to 17 years by schooling status
Early childbearing

Figure 9. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who gave birth before ages 18 and 20

Figure 10. Percentage distribution of ever-married women aged 20 to 24 years by timing of pregnancy and marriage

Reproductive health

Figure 11. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years whose demand for family planning is satisfied by a modern method, who received antenatal care from a skilled provider during their last pregnancy, and who had a skilled attendant during their last live birth
Generational trends

Figure 12. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before ages 15 and 18

Looking ahead to ending child marriage

Observed and required rates of progress

Figure 13. Average annual rate of reduction (%) in the percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18, observed and required for elimination

Statistical profile on child marriage: Togo

NOTES:

Data are sourced from the Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2017 unless otherwise noted. Data on the legal age at marriage are sourced from the World Bank, Women, Business and the Law, 2018 dataset. Demographic data are from the United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2022), World Population Prospects 2022, Online edition. Maps do not reflect a position by UNICEF on the legal status of any country or territory or the delimitation of any frontiers. Confidence intervals are not shown in this profile; therefore caution is warranted in interpreting the results since apparent differences may not be significant. All references to ‘marriage’ or ‘child brides’ include both formal marriage and informal unions in which women started living together with a partner as if married. Global estimates are based on a subset of 103 countries with comparable available data from 2015 to 2022, covering 78 per cent of the global female population. Regional estimates represent data covering at least 50 per cent of the female population. For statistical purposes, ‘elimination’ is defined here as a child marriage prevalence of less than 1 per cent. Values presented are based on at least 25 unweighted cases. Data for some indicators and population groups are suppressed due to insufficient numbers of cases to perform the analysis. Indicators marked as ‘n/a’ indicate either the value was suppressed or data were not collected. Numbers expressed in thousands and/or millions have been rounded. The burden of child marriage refers to the population in 2021. Figures in stacked bar and donut charts may not add up to 100 per cent due to rounding.