Ecuador is home to over 1 million child brides; 1 in 5 young women were married in childhood

Prevalence of child marriage
Figure 2. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18

Regional and global comparisons
Figure 3. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before ages 15 and 18

Vulnerable populations
Figure 4. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18

Statistical profile on child marriage: Ecuador
### Characteristics of unions

**Spousal age gap**
Figure 5. Percentage distribution of currently married women aged 20 to 24 years by the age gap between the women and their partners.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partner is:</th>
<th>Married before age 18</th>
<th>Married at or after age 18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Younger</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 4 years older</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 to 9 years older</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10+ years older</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Don’t know/missing data</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Types of unions**
Figure 6. Percentage distribution of ever-married girls aged 15 to 17 years by current marital status.

- Married
- Informal union
- Widowed
- Divorced
- Separated
- Don’t know/missing data

### Lives of child brides

**Autonomy, empowerment and violence**
Figure 7. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who have an account at a bank or other financial institution, who have had a job in the past 12 months, who usually decide (alone or with their spouses) about visits to the women’s families, who believe wife-beating is justified, and who have experienced intimate partner violence in the past 12 months.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Married before 18</th>
<th>Married at or after 18</th>
<th>Never married</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Has a bank account</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Had a job in the past 12 months</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Has a say in decision-making about visits to her family</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Believes wife-beating is justified</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experienced intimate partner violence in the past 12 months</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Education**
Figure 8. Percentage distribution of girls aged 15 to 17 years by schooling status.

- In school
- Out of school
- Don’t know/missing data

### Statistical profile on child marriage: Ecuador

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>n/a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Married at or after age 18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married before age 18</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently married or in union</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Never married or in union</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Early childbearing

Figure 9. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who gave birth before ages 18 and 20

- Married before age 18
- Married at or after age 18
- Never married

Reproductive health

Figure 11. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years whose demand for family planning is satisfied by a modern method, who received antenatal care from a skilled provider during their last pregnancy, and who had a skilled attendant during their last live birth

- Married before age 18
- Married at or after age 18
- Never married

Statistical profile on child marriage: Ecuador

n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a
Generational trends

Figure 12. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before ages 15 and 18

Looking ahead to ending child marriage

Observed and required rates of progress

Figure 13. Average annual rate of reduction (%) in the percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18, observed and required for elimination

Statistical profile on child marriage: Ecuador

NOTES:
Data are sourced from the Encuesta Nacional de Salud y Nutrición (ENSANUT) 2018 unless otherwise noted. Data on the legal age at marriage are sourced from the World Bank, Women, Business and the Law, 2018 dataset. Demographic data are from the United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects 2022, Online edition, 2022. Maps do not reflect a position by UNICEF on the legal status of any country or territory or the delimitation of any frontiers. Confidence intervals are not shown in this profile; therefore caution is warranted in interpreting the results since apparent differences may not be significant. All references to ‘marriage’ or ‘child brides’ include both formal marriage and informal unions in which women started living together with a partner as if married. Global estimates are based on a subset of 101 countries with comparable available data from 2015 to 2021, covering 77 per cent of the global female population. Regional estimates represent data covering at least 50 per cent of the female population. For statistical purposes, ‘elimination’ is defined here as a child marriage prevalence of less than 1 per cent. Values presented are based on at least 25 unweighted cases. Data for some indicators and population groups are suppressed due to insufficient numbers of cases to perform the analysis. Indicators marked as ‘n/a’ indicate either the value was suppressed or data were not collected. Numbers expressed in thousands and/or millions have been rounded. The burden of child marriage refers to the population in 2021. Figures in stacked bar and donut charts may not add up to 100 per cent due to rounding.