**DEMOGRAPHICS**

- Total population (000): 1,281 (2008)
- Total under-five population (000): 77 (2008)
- Total number of births (000): 15 (2008)
- Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births): 10 (2008)
- Total number of under-five deaths (000): 0 (2008)
- Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births): 9 (2008)
- Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births): 4 (2004)
- HIV prevalence rate (15-49 years, %): -
- Population below international poverty line of US$1.25 per day (%): -

**NUTRITIONAL STATUS**

**Burden of undernutrition (2008)**

- NCHS reference population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Stunted (under-fives, 000):</th>
<th>Underweight (under-fives, 000):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stunting</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Share of developing world stunting burden (%): 0.0
- Wasted (under-fives, 000):
- Severe wasting (under-fives, 000): 1

- Stunting country rank: 130
- Severely wasted country rank: -

**Current nutritional status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage of children &lt; 5 years old suffering from:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stunting</td>
<td>WHC Child Growth Standards NCHS reference population</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underweight</td>
<td>NCHS reference population</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wasting</td>
<td>NCHS reference population</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Stunting trends**

- Percentage of children < 5 years old stunted NCHS reference population

**Underweight trends**

- Percentage of children < 5 years old underweight, NCHS reference population

**INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING**

**Infant feeding practices, by age**

- Exclusive breastfeeding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Percentage of infants &lt; 6 months old exclusively breastfed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weaned (not breastfed)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breastfed and solid/</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>semi-solid foods</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breastfed and other milk/formula</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exclusively breastfed</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nutrition Profile**

Printed on: 13-Apr-2010
**MICRONUTRIENTS**

**Vitamin A supplementation**
Percentage of children 6-59 months old receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year

**Iodized salt consumption trends**
Percentage of households consuming adequately iodized salt

15,000 newborns are unprotected against IDD (2008)

**Anaemia**
Prevalence of anaemia among selected populations

![Graph showing prevalence of anaemia](image)

**ESSENTIAL NUTRITION INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE**

**Pregnancy**
**Birth**
**0-5 months**
**6-23 months**
**24-59 months**

- Use of iron-folic acid supplements
- Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hour of birth)
- International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes
- Maternity protection in accordance with ILO Convention 183
- Partial
- Full coverage of vitamin A supplementation
- National guidelines for management of severe acute malnutrition incorporating the community-based approach
- Policy on new ORS formula and zinc for management of diarrhoea
- Policy on community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics

To increase children’s chances of survival, improve development and prevent stunting, nutrition interventions need to be delivered during the mother’s pregnancy and the first two years of the child’s life.

**MATERNAL NUTRITION/HEALTH**

**WATER AND SANITATION**

**Drinking water coverage**
Percentage of population by type of drinking water source, 2008

- Improved source
- Unimproved source

![Graph showing drinking water coverage](image)

**Sanitation coverage**
Percentage of population by type of sanitation facility, 2008

- Improved facility
- Unimproved facility
- Shared facility
- Open defecation

![Graph showing sanitation coverage](image)

**DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Residence</th>
<th>Wealth quintile</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>Female</td>
<td>Urban</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stunting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underweight prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wasting prevalence (WHO Child Growth Standards, %)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infants not weighed at birth (%)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early initiation of breastfeeding (%)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women with low BMI (&lt; 18.5 kg/m², %)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP, 2010

**Under-five deaths caused by:**

- Diarrhoea: 4%
- Pneumonia: 1%