Causes of under-five deaths, 2010

Globally, undernutrition contributes to more than one third of child deaths

NUTRITIONAL STATUS

Stunting disparities
Percentage of children <5 years old stunted, by selected background characteristics

Underweight trends
Percentage of children <5 years old underweight

Exclusive breastfeeding trends
Percentage of infants <6 months old exclusively breastfed

Infant feeding practices, by age
ESSENTIAL NUTRITION PRACTICES AND INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE

MICRONUTRIENTS

Improved drinking water coverage
Percentage of population, by type of drinking water source, 1990–2010

Improved sanitation coverage
Percentage of population, by type of sanitation facility, 1990–2010

Vitamin A supplementation
Percentage of children 6–59 months old receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year (full coverage)

To increase child survival, promote child development and prevent stunting, nutrition interventions need to be delivered during pregnancy and the first two years of life.

MATERNAL NUTRITION AND HEALTH

No data

Anaemia
Prevalence of anaemia among selected populations

Anaemia, non-pregnant women (<120g/l, %) – –
Antenatal care (at least one visit, %) – –
Antenatal care (at least four visits, %) 93 (2010)
Skilled attendant at birth (%) 79 (2007)
Low birthweight (<2,500 grams, %) 9 (2007)
Women 20–24 years old who gave birth before age 18 (%) 10 (2007)

WATER AND SANITATION

Improved drinking water coverage
Percentage of population, by type of drinking water source, 1990–2010

Improved sanitation coverage
Percentage of population, by type of sanitation facility, 1990–2010

INDONESIA

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MICRONUTRIENTS

Vitamin A supplementation
Percentage of children 6–59 months old receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year (full coverage)

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DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION

To increase child survival, promote child development and prevent stunting, nutrition interventions need to be delivered during pregnancy and the first two years of life.