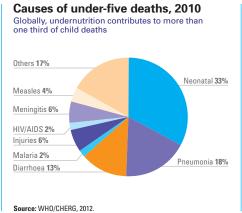
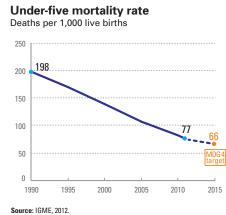
ETHIOPIA

DEMOGRAPHICS AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Total population (000)	84,734	(2011)
Total under-five population (000)	11,918	(2011)
Total number of births (000)	2,613	(2011)
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	77	(2011)
Total number of under-five deaths (000)	194	(2011)
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	52	(2011)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	31	(2011)
HIV prevalence rate (15–49 years old, %)	1.4	(2011)
Population below international poverty line of US\$1.25 per day (%)	39	(2005)
GNI per capita (US\$)	400	(2011)
Primary school net attendance ratio (% female, % male)	65, 64	(2011)





NUTRITIONAL STATUS

Burden of malnutrition (2011)

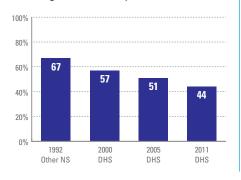
Stunting country rank	7
Share of world stunting burden (%)	3

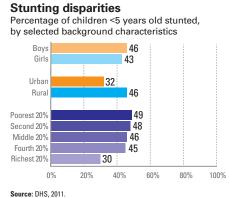
Stunted (under-fives, 000)	5,291
Wasted (under-fives, 000)	1,156
Severely wasted (under-fives, 000)	334

MDG 1 progress	Insufficient progress
Underweight (under-fives, 000)	3,420
Overweight (under-fives, 000)	203

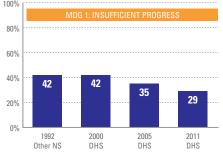
Stunting trends

Percentage of children <5 years old stunted





Underweight trends Percentage of children <5 years old underweight



INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING

0-1

Source: DHS, 2011.

2-3

4-5

6-7

8-9

10-11

12-13

Age (months)

14-15

16-17

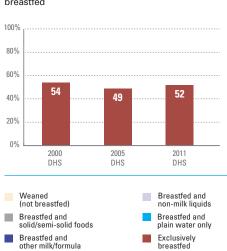
18-19

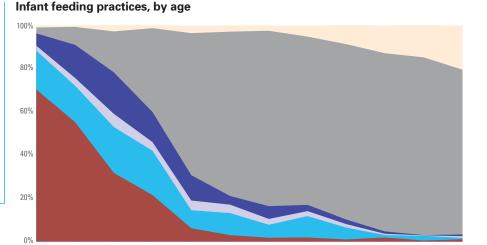
20-21

22-23

Exclusive breastfeeding trends

Percentage of infants <6 months old exclusively breastfed





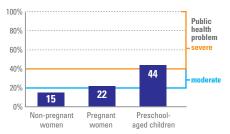
ESSENTIAL NUTRITION PRACTICES AND INTERVENTIONS DURING THE LIFE CYCLE

PREGNANCY		I	BIRTH		0–5 MONTHS	6–23 MONTHS			24-59 MONTHS
Use of iron-folic acid supplements	0%	Early initiation of b	breastfeeding	52 %	International Code of Marketin Maternity protection in accord	•	Partial No		
Households with adequately iodized salt	15%	Infants not weigh		97%	Exclusive breastfeeding (<6 months) 52%	Introduction to solid, semi-solid or soft foods (6–8 months)			
						Continued breastfeeding at 1 year	old 96%		
	Minimum dietary diversity	5%							
	Minimum acceptable diet	4%							
and prevent stunting, nutrition interventions need to be delivered during pregnancy and the first two years of life.						Full coverage of vitamin A supp	lementatio	n	7
					Treatment of severe acute malnutrition included in national health plans			,	

MICRONUTRIENTS

Anaemia

Prevalence of anaemia among selected populations

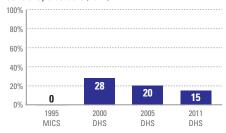


Source: DHS, 2011.

lodized salt trends*

Percentage of households with adequately iodized salt

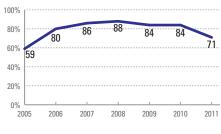
2,211,000 newborns are unprotected against iodine deficiency disorders (2011)



* Estimates may not be comparable.

Vitamin A supplementation

Percentage of children 6–59 months old receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year (full coverage)



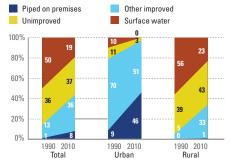
Source: UNICEF, 2012

MATERNAL NUTRITION AND HEALTH

Maternal mortality ratio, adjusted (per 100,000 live births)	350	(2010)
Maternal mortality ratio, reported (per 100,000 live births)	680	(2011)
Total number of maternal deaths	9,000	(2010)
Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in :)	67	(2010)
Women with low BMI (<18.5 kg/m², %)	27	(2011)
Anaemia, non-pregnant women (<120g/l, %)	15	(2011)
Antenatal care (at least one visit, %)	43	(2011)
Antenatal care (at least four visits, %)	19	(2011)
Skilled attendant at birth (%)	10	(2011)
Low birthweight (<2,500 grams, %)	20	(2005)
Women 20–24 years old who gave birth before age 18 (%)	22	(2011)

WATER AND SANITATION

Improved drinking water coverage Percentage of population, by type of drinking water source, 1990–2010



Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP, 2012

Improved sanitation coverage

Percentage of population, by type of sanitation facility, 1990–2010



Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP, 2012.

DISPARITIES IN NUTRITION

		Gende	r	Residence			Wealth quintile							
Indicator	Male	Female	Ratio of male to female	Urban	Rural	Ratio of urban to rural	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest	Ratio of richest to poorest	Equity chart	Source
Stunting prevalence (%)	46	43	1.1	32	46	0.7	49	48	46	45	30	0.6		DHS, 2011
Underweight prevalence (%)	31	27	1.1	16	30	0.5	36	33	29	26	15	0.4		DHS, 2011
Wasting prevalence (%)	11	8	1.4	6	10	0.6	12	12	9	8	5	0.4		DHS, 2011
Women with low BMI (<18.5 kg/m ² , %)	-	27	_	20	29	0.7	32	31	27	29	19	0.6		DHS, 2011
Women with high BMI (≥25 kg/m², %)	-	6	-	15	3	5.7	2	2	2	3	16	8.6	=	DHS, 2011