

**BACKGROUND NOTE** Each year WHO and UNICEF jointly review reports submitted by Member States regarding national immunization coverage, finalized survey reports as well as data from published and grey literature. Based on these data, with due consideration to potential biases and the views of local experts, WHO and UNICEF attempt to distinguish between situations where available empirical data accurately reflect immunization system performance and those where the data are likely compromised and present a misleading view of coverage.

WHO and UNICEF estimates are country-specific; that is to say, each country's data are reviewed individually, and data are not borrowed from other countries in the absence of data. Estimates are not based on ad hoc adjustments to reported data; in some instances empirical data are available from a single source, usually the nationally reported coverage data. In cases where no data are available for a given country/vaccine/year combination, data are considered from earlier and later years and interpolated to estimate coverage for the missing year(s). In cases where data sources are mixed and show large variation, an attempt is made to identify the most likely estimate with consideration of the possible biases in available data. For methods see:

\* Burton et al. 2009. Bull World Health Organ. \* Burton et al. 2012. PLoS One.  
\* Brown et al. 2013. Open Pub Health Journal. \* Danovaro-Holliday et al. 2021. Gates Open Res.

## DATA SOURCES

**ADMINISTRATIVE coverage:** Reported by national authorities and based on aggregated administrative reports from health service providers on the number of vaccinations administered during a given period (numerator data) and reported target population data (denominator data). May be biased by inaccurate numerator and/or denominator data.

**OFFICIAL coverage:** Estimated coverage reported by national authorities that reflects their assessment of the most likely coverage based on any combination of administrative coverage, survey-based estimates or other data sources or adjustments. Approaches to determine OFFICIAL coverage may differ across countries.

**SURVEY coverage:** Based on estimated coverage from population-based household surveys among children aged 6-11, 12-23 or 24-35 months following a review of survey methods and results. Information is based on the combination of vaccination history from documented evidence or caregiver recall. Survey results are considered for the appropriate birth cohort based on data collection period.

## ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

**BCG:** percentage of births who received one dose of Bacillus Calmette Guerin vaccine.

**DTP1 / DTP3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st / 3rd dose, respectively, of diphtheria and tetanus toxoid with pertussis containing vaccine.

**POL3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of polio containing vaccine. May be either oral or inactivated polio vaccine.

**IPV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received at least one dose of inactivated polio vaccine. In countries utilizing an immunization schedule recommending either (i) a primary series of three doses of oral polio vaccine (OPV) plus at least one dose of IPV where OPV is included in routine immunization and/or campaign or (ii) a sequential schedule of IPV followed by OPV, WHO and UNICEF estimates for IPV1 reflect coverage with at least one routine dose of IPV among infants < 1 year of age. For countries utilizing IPV containing vaccine only, i.e., no recommended dose of OPV, WHO and UNICEF estimate for IPV1 corresponds to coverage for the 1st dose of IPV.

Production of IPV coverage estimates, which begins in 2015, results in no change of the estimated coverage levels for the 3rd dose of polio (POL3). For countries recommending routine immunization with a primary series of three doses of IPV alone, WHO and UNICEF estimated POL3 coverage is equivalent to estimated coverage with three doses of IPV. For countries with a sequential schedule, estimated POL3 coverage is based on that for the 3rd dose of polio vaccine regardless of vaccine type.

**IPV2:** percentage of surviving infants who received a 2nd dose of inactivated polio vaccine. IPV2 coverage estimates produced for OPV using countries.

**MCV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of measles containing vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends the 1st dose of MCV at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates reflect the percentage of children who received the 1st dose of MCV as recommended.

**MCV2:** percentage of children who received the 2nd dose of measles containing vaccine according to the nationally recommended schedule.

**RCV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of rubella containing vaccine. Coverage estimates are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage for the dose of measles containing vaccine that corresponds to the first measles-rubella combination vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of RCV is not taken into consideration in the production of the estimate.

**HEPB3:** percentage of births which received a dose of hepatitis B vaccine within 24 hours of delivery. Estimates of hepatitis B birth dose coverage are produced only for countries with a universal birth dose policy. Estimates are not produced for countries that recommend a birth dose to infants born to HEPB virus-infected mothers only or where there is insufficient information to determine whether vaccination is within 24 hours of birth.

**HEPB3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of hepatitis B containing vaccine following the birth dose.

**HIB3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of Haemophilus influenzae type b containing vaccine.

**ROTAC:** percentage of surviving infants who received the final recommended dose of rotavirus vaccine, which can be either the 2nd or the 3rd dose depending on the vaccine.

**PCV3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends two doses during infancy and a booster dose at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates may reflect the percentage of surviving infants who received two doses of PCV prior to the 1st birthday if coverage for the booster dose is not reported.

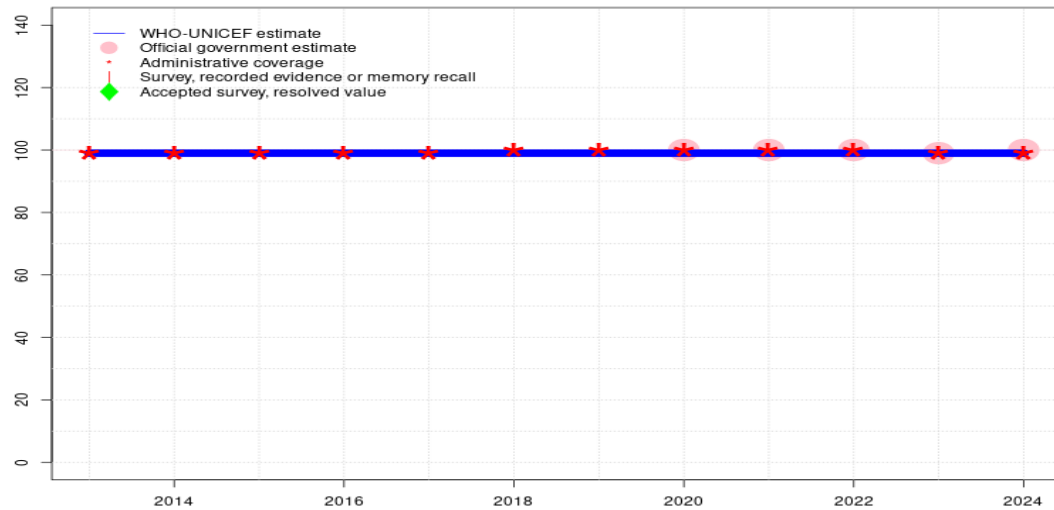
**YFV:** percentage of surviving infants who received one dose of yellow fever vaccine in countries where YFV is part of the national immunization schedule for children or is recommended in at risk areas; coverage estimates are annualized for the entire cohort of surviving infants.

**MENGA:** percentage of children who received one dose of meningococcal A conjugate vaccine. MENGA coverage estimates produced for countries in the meningitis belt of sub-Saharan Africa.

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# China - BCG

CHN - BCG



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100	100	99	100
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	100	100	100	100	100	99	99
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

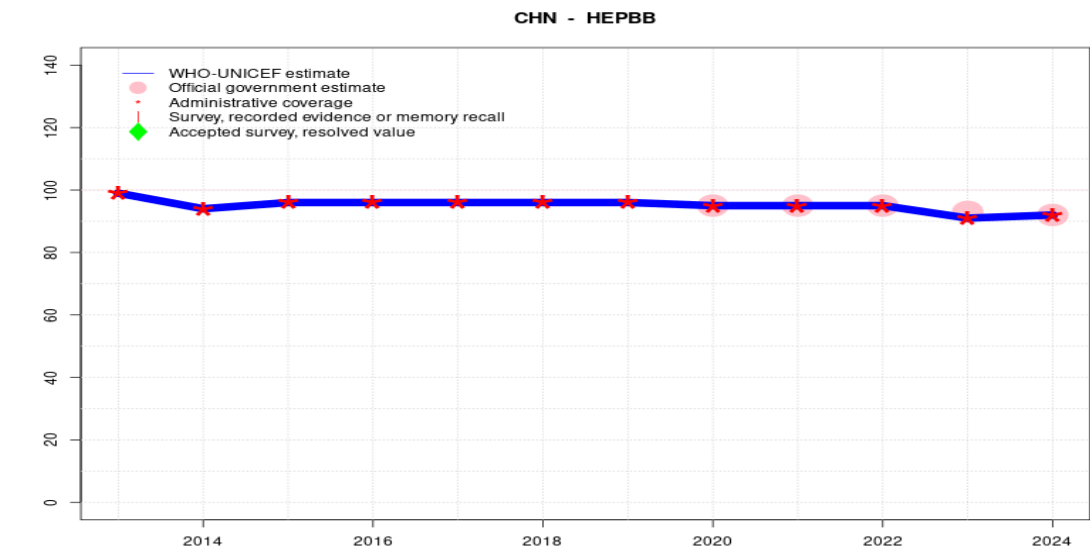
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2024: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. GoC=R+ D+
- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. GoC=R+ D+
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

# China - HEPBB



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	94	96	96	96	96	96	95	95	95	91	92
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	95	95	93	92
Administrative	99	94	96	96	96	96	96	95	95	95	91	92
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

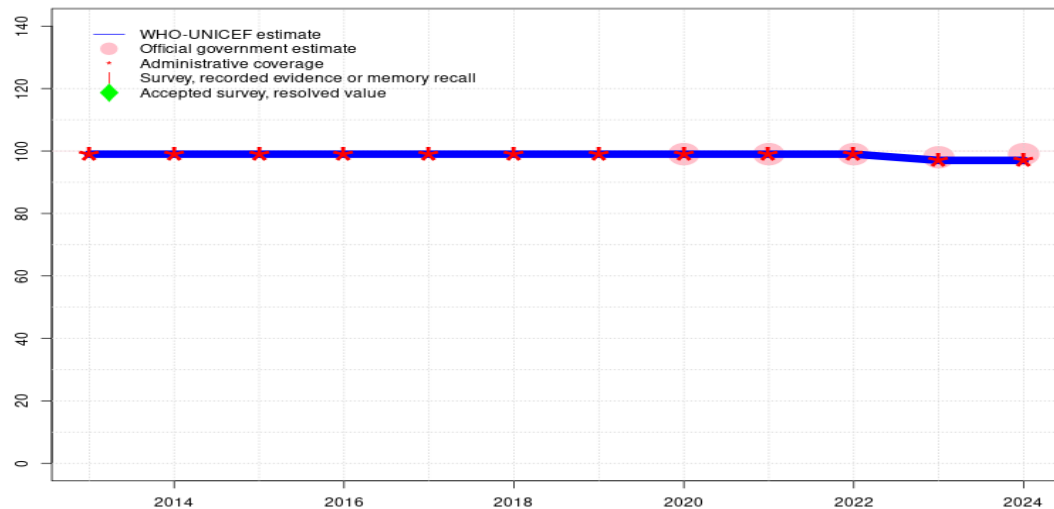
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## Description:

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- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 91 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

# China - DTP1

CHN - DTP1



## Description:

- 2024: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. GoC=R+ D+
- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 98 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	97	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	98	99
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	97	97
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

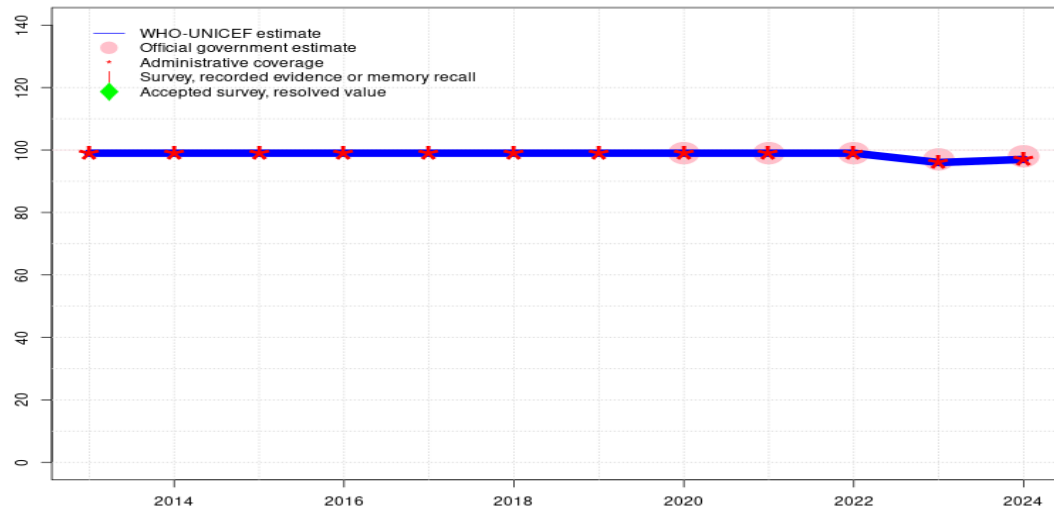
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# China - DTP3

CHN - DTP3



## Description:

- 2024: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. GoC=R+ D+
- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 97 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	96	97
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●	●●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	97	98
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	96	97
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

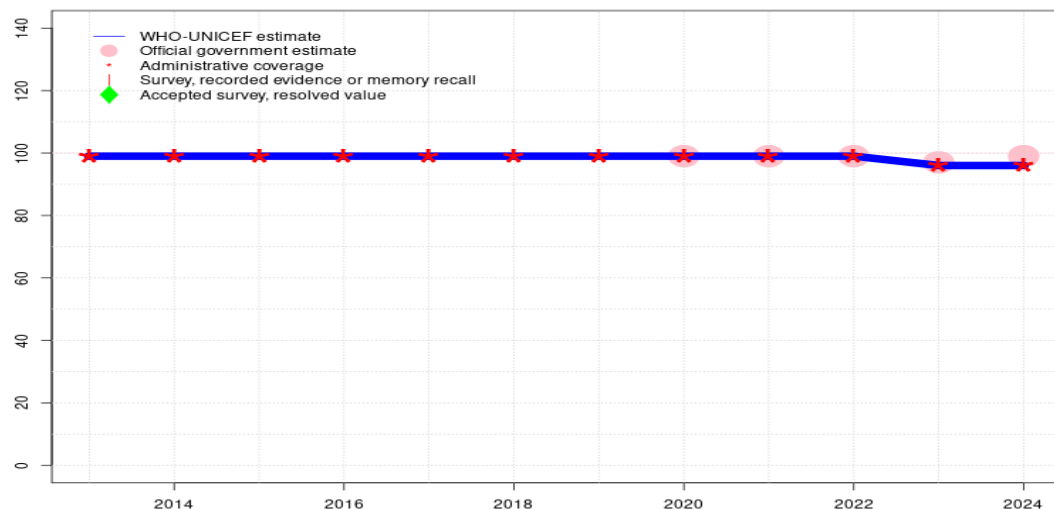
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# China - HEPB3

CHN - HEPB3



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- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 97 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

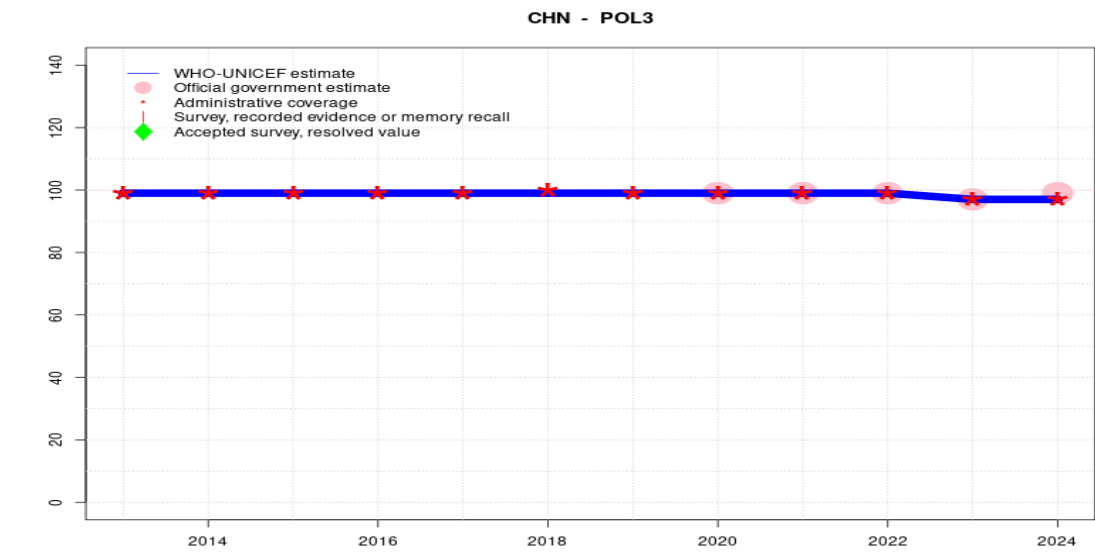
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	96	96
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●●	●	●	●●	●	●●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	97	99
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	96	96
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	97	97
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●	●●	●	●●	●●	●	●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	97	99
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	100	99	99	99	99	97	97
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

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- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

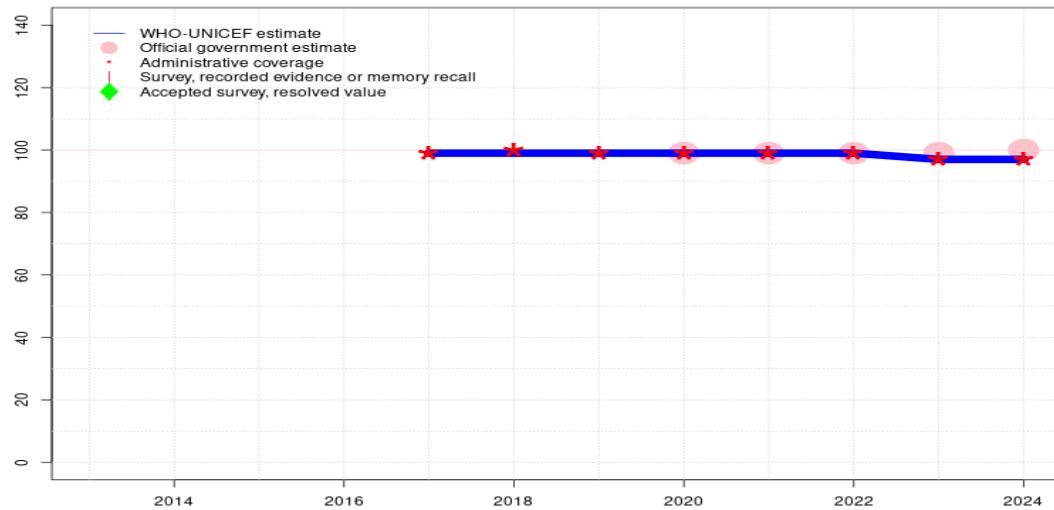
Description:

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- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Programme reports district-level stockouts. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+



# China - IPV1

CHN - IPV1



## Description:

- 2024: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 99 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Vaccine introduced in December 2014 and reporting starting in 2017. GoC=R+ D+

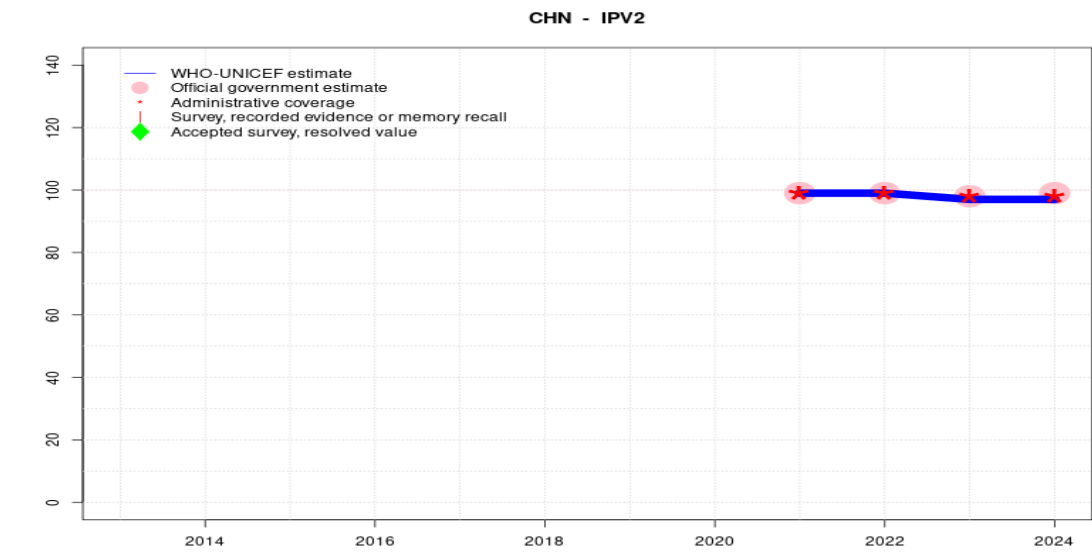
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	99	99	99	97	97
Estimate GoC	-	-	-	-	●●	●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	99	100
Administrative	-	-	-	-	99	100	99	99	99	99	97	97
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# China - IPV2



## Description:

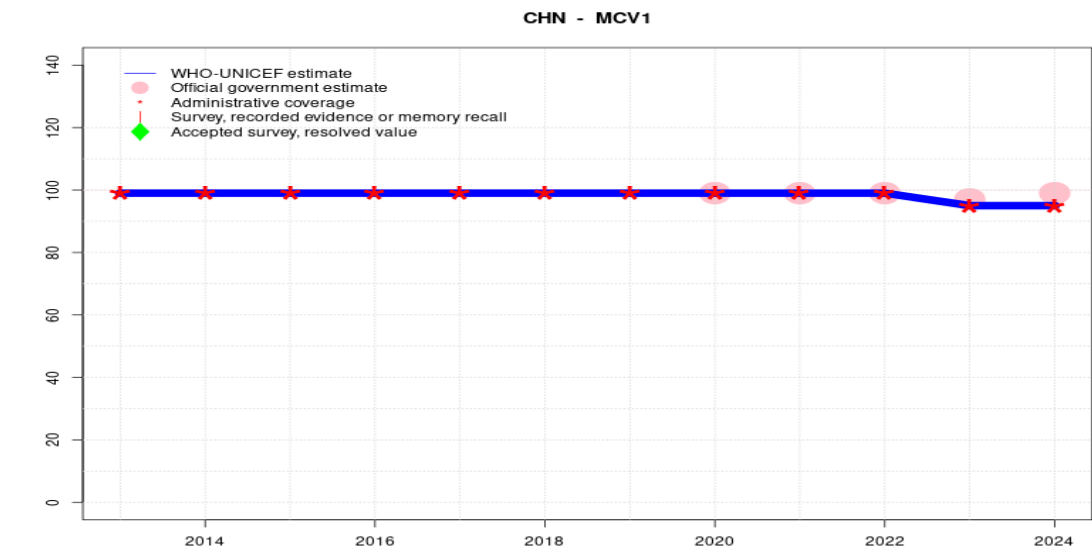
- 2024: Estimate based on estimated IPV1 coverage. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2023: Estimate based on estimated IPV1 coverage. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 98 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Second dose of inactivated polio vaccine introduced prior to 2021. Estimate challenged by: D-

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	97	97
Estimate GoC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	●	●●	●	●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	98	99
Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	98	98
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	95	95
Estimate GoC	●	●●	●	●●	●	●	●●	●	●	●●	●	●●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	97	99
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	95	95
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

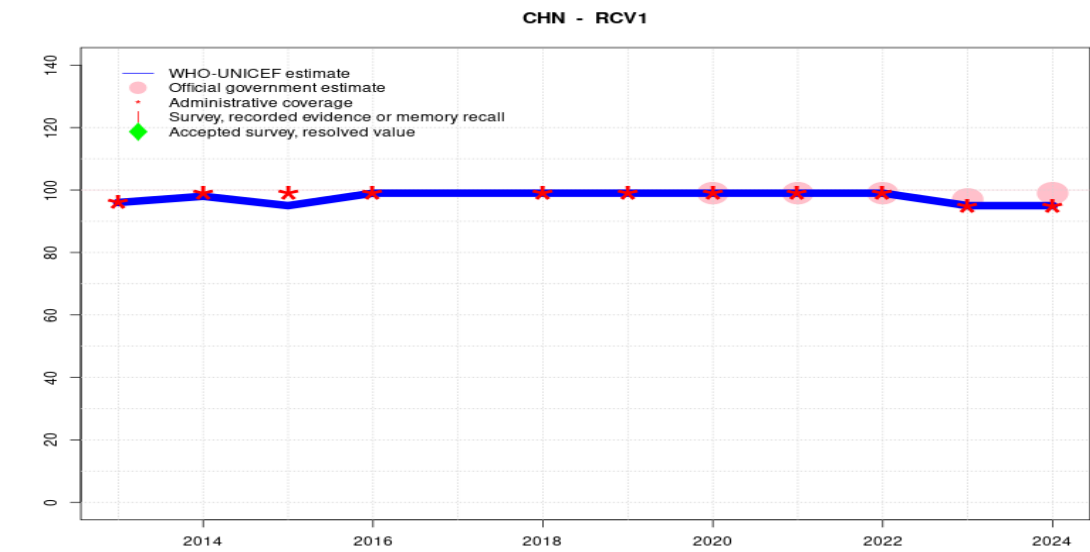
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2024: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. GoC=R+ D+
- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 97 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	96	98	95	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	95	95
Estimate GoC	•	••	•	••	•	•	••	•	•	••	•	••
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	97	99
Administrative	96	99	99	99	-	99	99	99	99	99	95	95
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

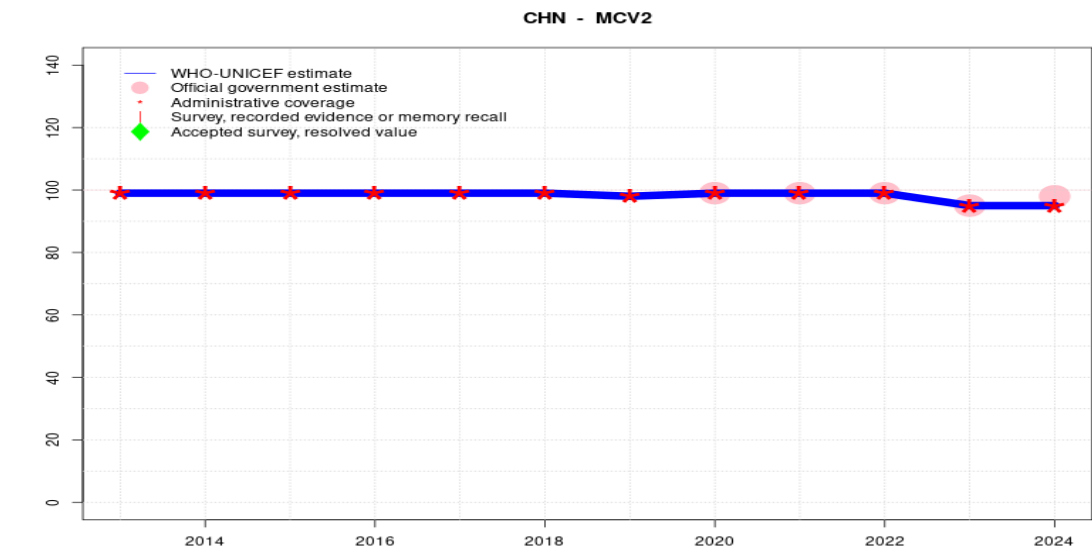
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2024: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. GoC=R+ D+
- 2023: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 97 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2022: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2021: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2017: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2016: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Programme reports 99 percent coverage in 95 percent of the national target population. Estimate informed by total annual national target population. Country was transitioning from Measles to MR vaccine, as such Measles coverage is slightly higher than Rubella. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Programme reports 99 percent coverage in 98 percent of the national target population. Estimate informed by total annual national target population. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Estimate	99	99	99	99	99	99	98	99	99	99	95	95
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	99	99	95	98
Administrative	99	99	99	99	99	99	98	99	99	99	95	95
Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2024 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2024: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. WHO and UNICEF are aware of recent provincial level surveys and efforts to improve data quality. No nationally representative independent assessment for the most recent 5 annual birth cohorts. WHO and UNICEF recommend a high quality independent assessment to verify reported levels of coverage. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2024. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2023: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Since 2019, reported births have declined by 6 million, reflecting a 42 percent decrease from 2019 to 2023. Declines in target population have been mirrored by a decline in the reported number of vaccine doses administered over the same period. Official coverage estimate reflects coverage for children aged 2 to 3 years in 2023. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2022: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2021: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate informed by reported data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2018: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2017: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate informed by reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

NOTE A survey to measure vaccination coverage for infants (i.e., children aged 0-11 months) will sample children aged 12-23 months at the time of survey to capture the youngest annual cohort of children who should have completed the vaccination schedule. Because WUENIC are for infant vaccinations, survey data in this report are presented to reflect the birth year of the youngest survey cohort. For example, results for a survey conducted during December 2020 among children aged 12-23 months at the time of the survey reflect the immunization experience of children born in 2019. Depending on the timing of survey field work, results may reflect the immunization experience of children born and vaccinated one or two years prior to the survey field work.

The survey results below present vaccination coverage estimates by antigen, confirmation method, and child’s age at the time of the survey. Coverage based on **Recall** reflects information based upon a mother’s or caregiver’s memory. Coverage based on **Record** reflects information drawn from documented vaccination history in home- and/or facility-based records. **Evidence seen** reflects the percentage of children in the sample with documented evidence of vaccination history seen by the survey team.

2007 Analysis Report of National Health Services Survey in China, 2008

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Evidence seen
BCG	Record or Recall	98.8	12-23 m	9762	-

Further information and estimates for previous years are available at:  
<https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-health/immunization/>  
<https://immunizationdata.who.int/listing.html>

DTP3	Record or Recall	90.7	12-23 m	9762	-
HEPB3	Record or Recall	93.3	12-23 m	9762	-
MCV1	Record or Recall	92.1	12-23 m	9762	-
POL3	Record or Recall	92.4	12-23 m	9762	-

2003 The National EPI Evaluation Report 2004

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Evidence seen
BCG	Record	97.6	12-23 m	155954	96
BCG	Record<12m	97.9	12-23 m	155954	96
DTP3	Record	93	12-23 m	155954	96
DTP3	Record<12m	93.3	12-23 m	155954	96
HEPB3	Record	85.4	12-23 m	171188	96
HEPB3	Record<12m	89.8	12-23 m	171188	96
MCV1	Record	92.7	12-23 m	155954	96
MCV1	Record<12m	93.1	12-23 m	155954	96
POL3	Record	93.8	12-23 m	155954	96
POL3	Record<12m	94.2	12-23 m	155954	96