

Advantage or Paradox

The challenge for children and young people growing up urban

UNICEF

December 12, 2018

Supplementary Material

The material presented in this document refers to the report:

United Nations Children’s Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018.

The report can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

Charts

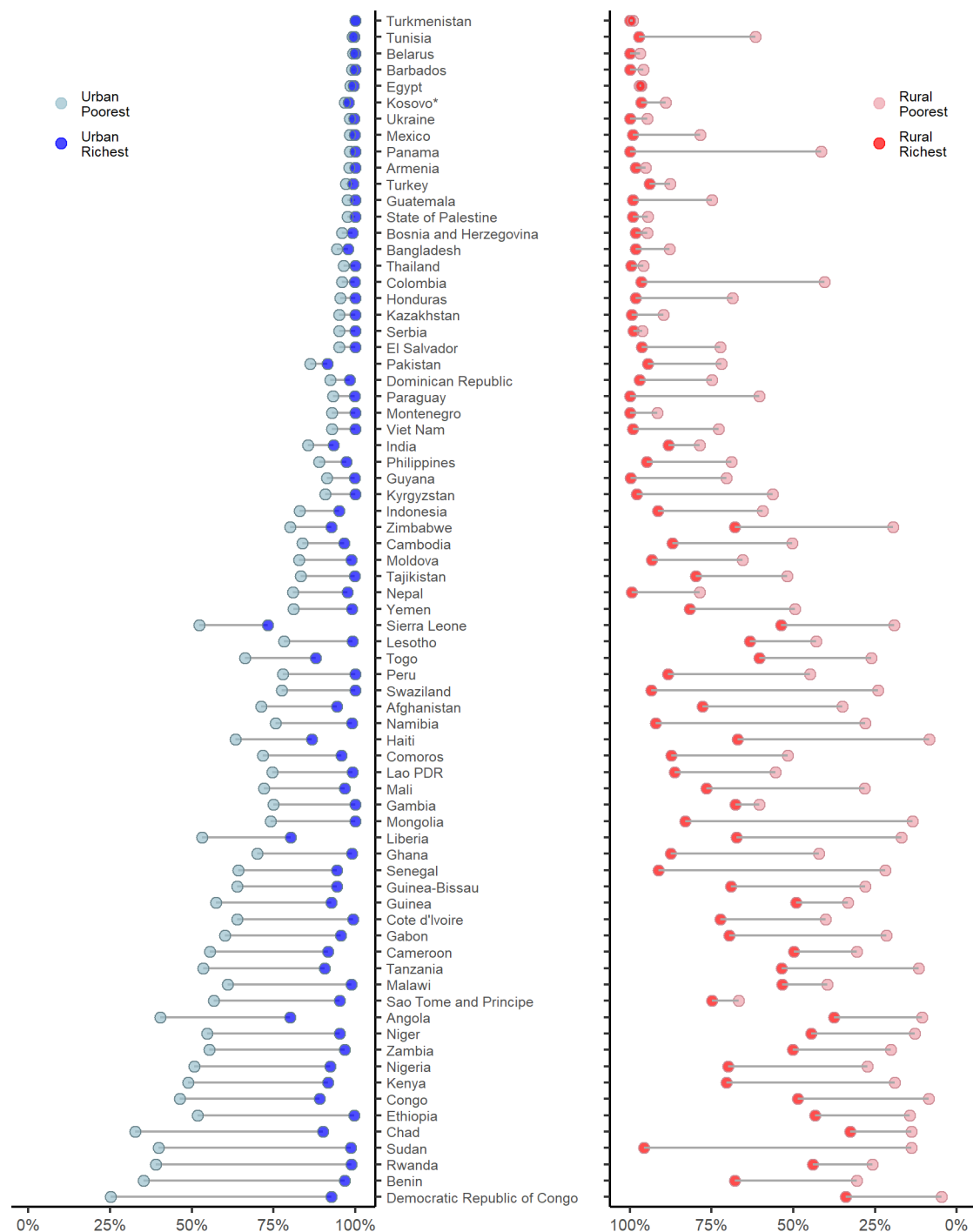
The following charts show the wealth disparity gap for each indicator and country. Presented are the indicator values for the richest and poorest quintile - separated by urban areas (left) and rural areas (right). The distance between the poorest and richest values represents the **wealth disparity gap**. In most cases the disparity works in favour of the wealthier households pointing to a ‘wealth advantage’¹.

Countries are sorted from down to up by decreasing size of the wealth advantage in urban areas. Note, that for some indicators few countries show a wealth *dis*-advantage, that is children in wealthier households fare worse than children in poorer households.

¹The ‘wealth advantage’ is defined as a positive difference in the coverage or prevalence between the richest quintile and the poorest quintile, except for stunting and under five-mortality (where higher values show worse conditions) for which the advantage is defined based on the difference between poorest and richest quintile. In both cases, negative values indicate a ‘wealth disadvantage’.

Water

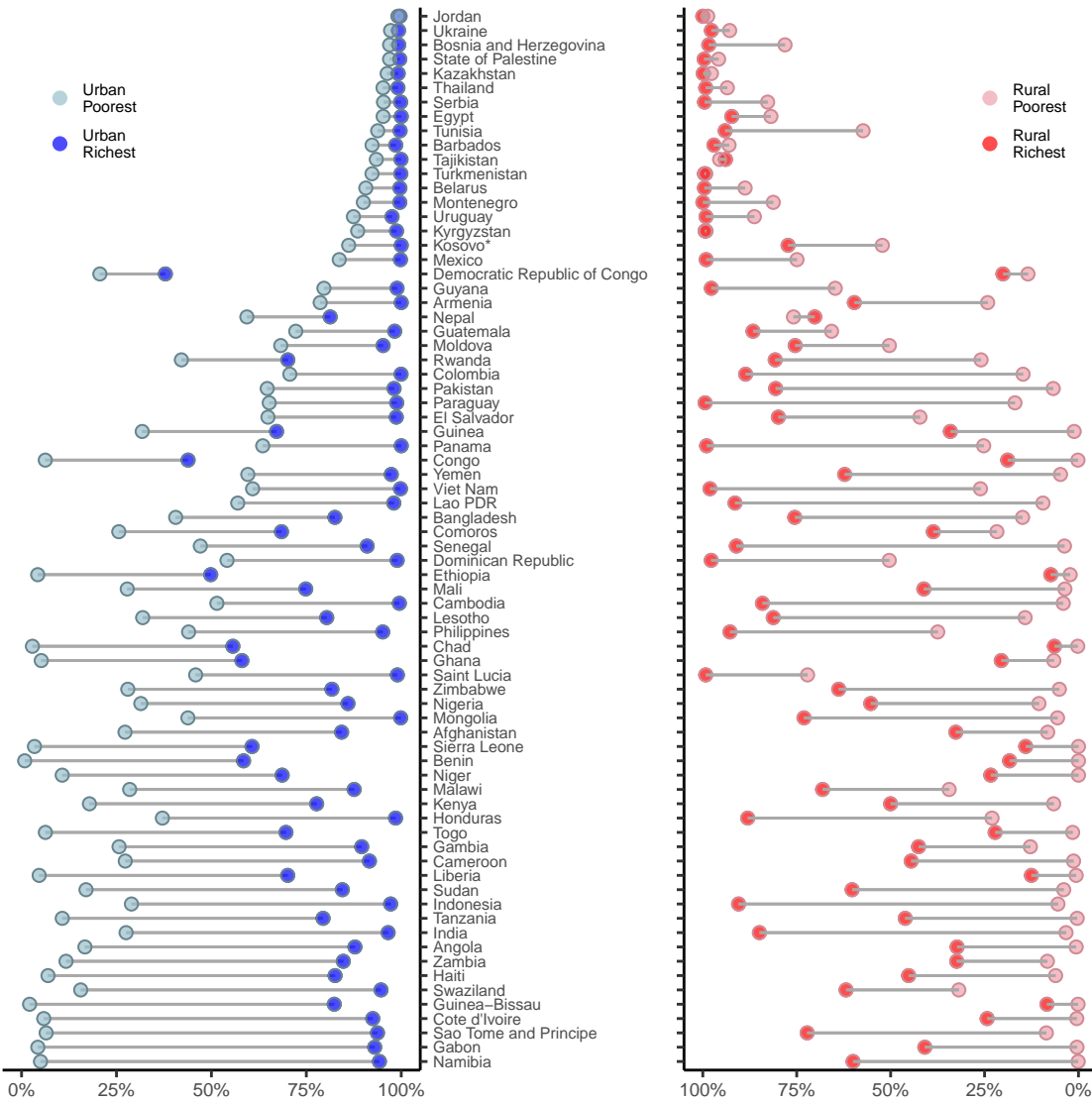
Use of at least basic drinking water services in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children's Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

Sanitation

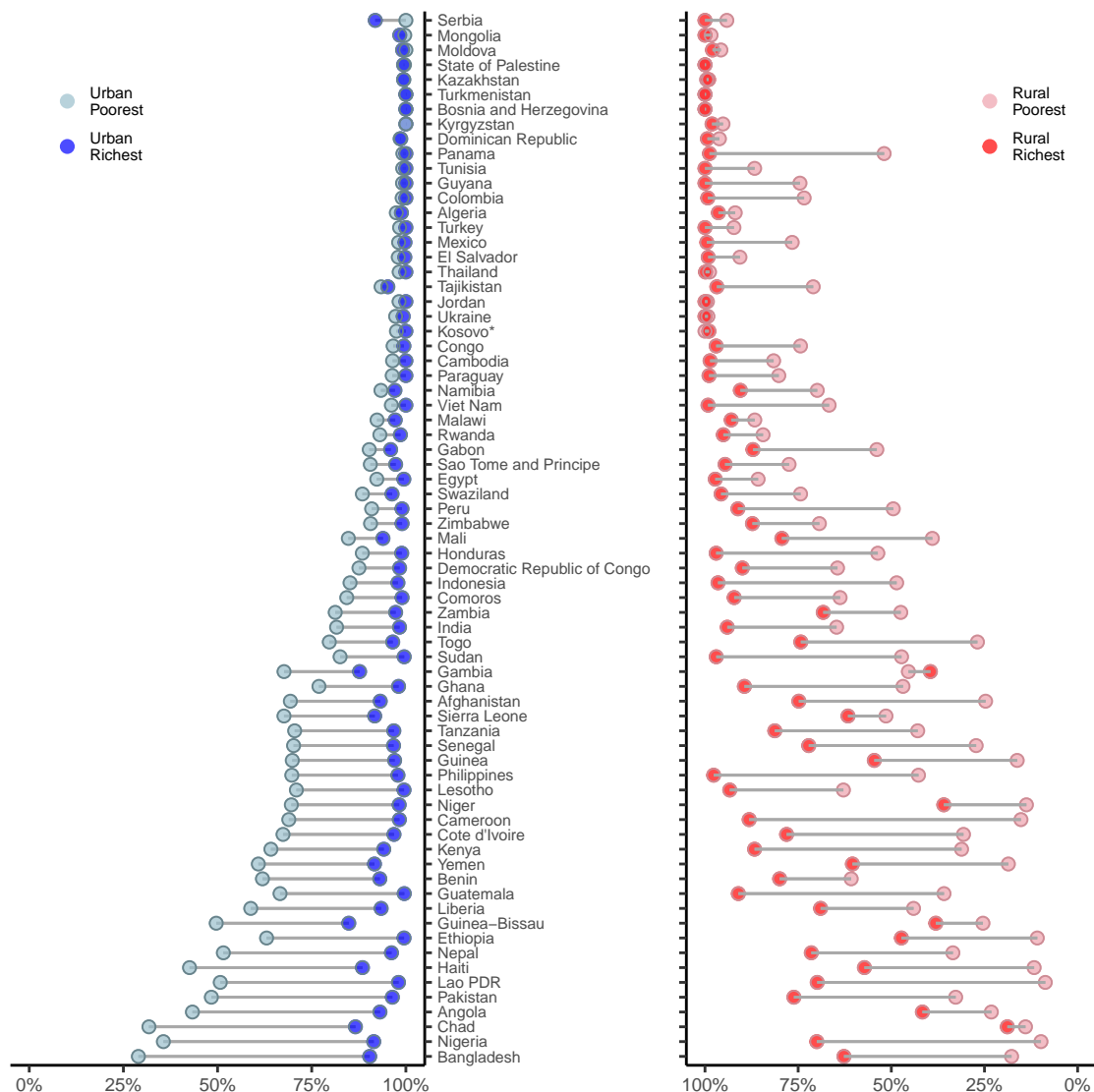
Use of at least basic sanitation services in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children's Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

Birth attendant

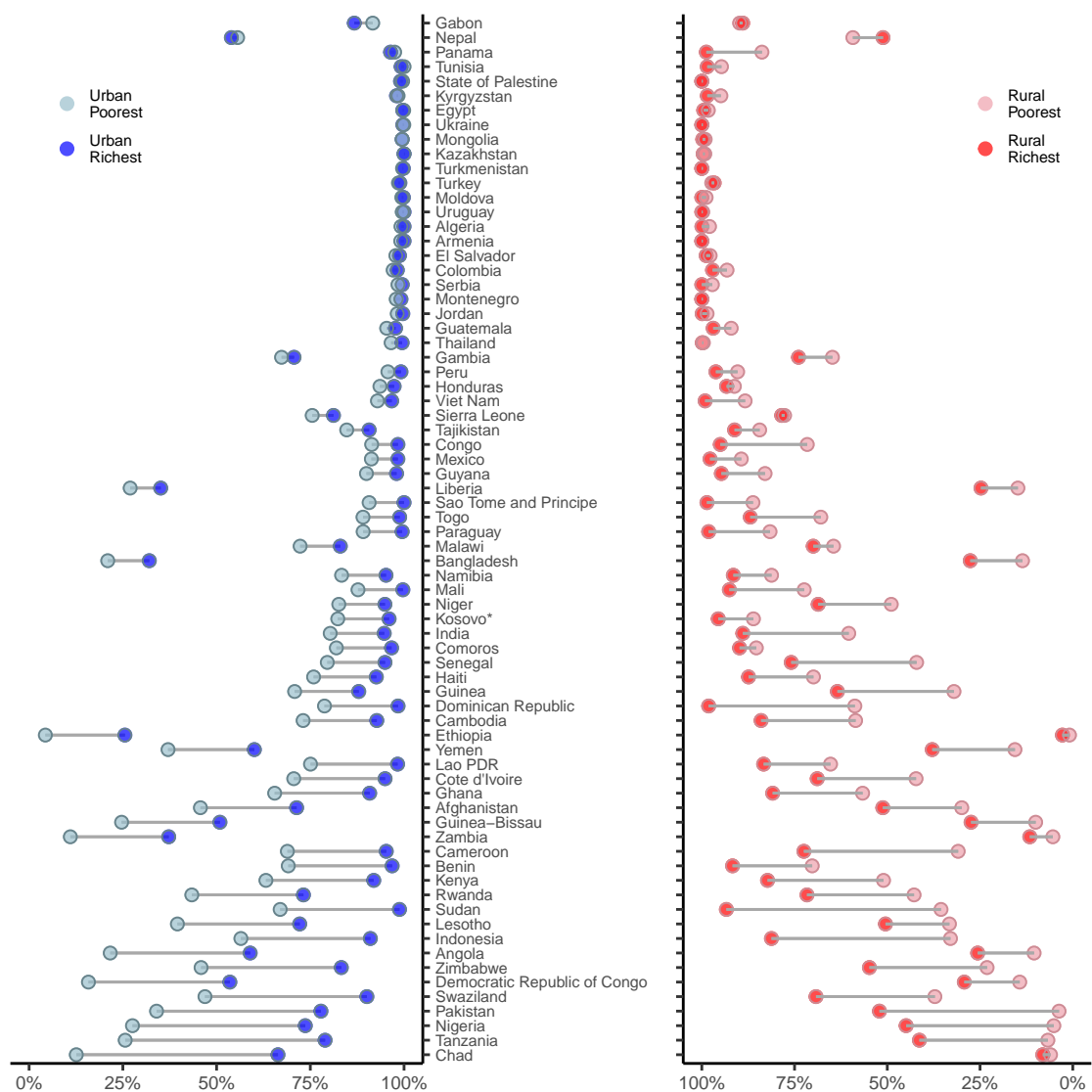
Coverage of skilled attendant at birth in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children's Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

Birth registration

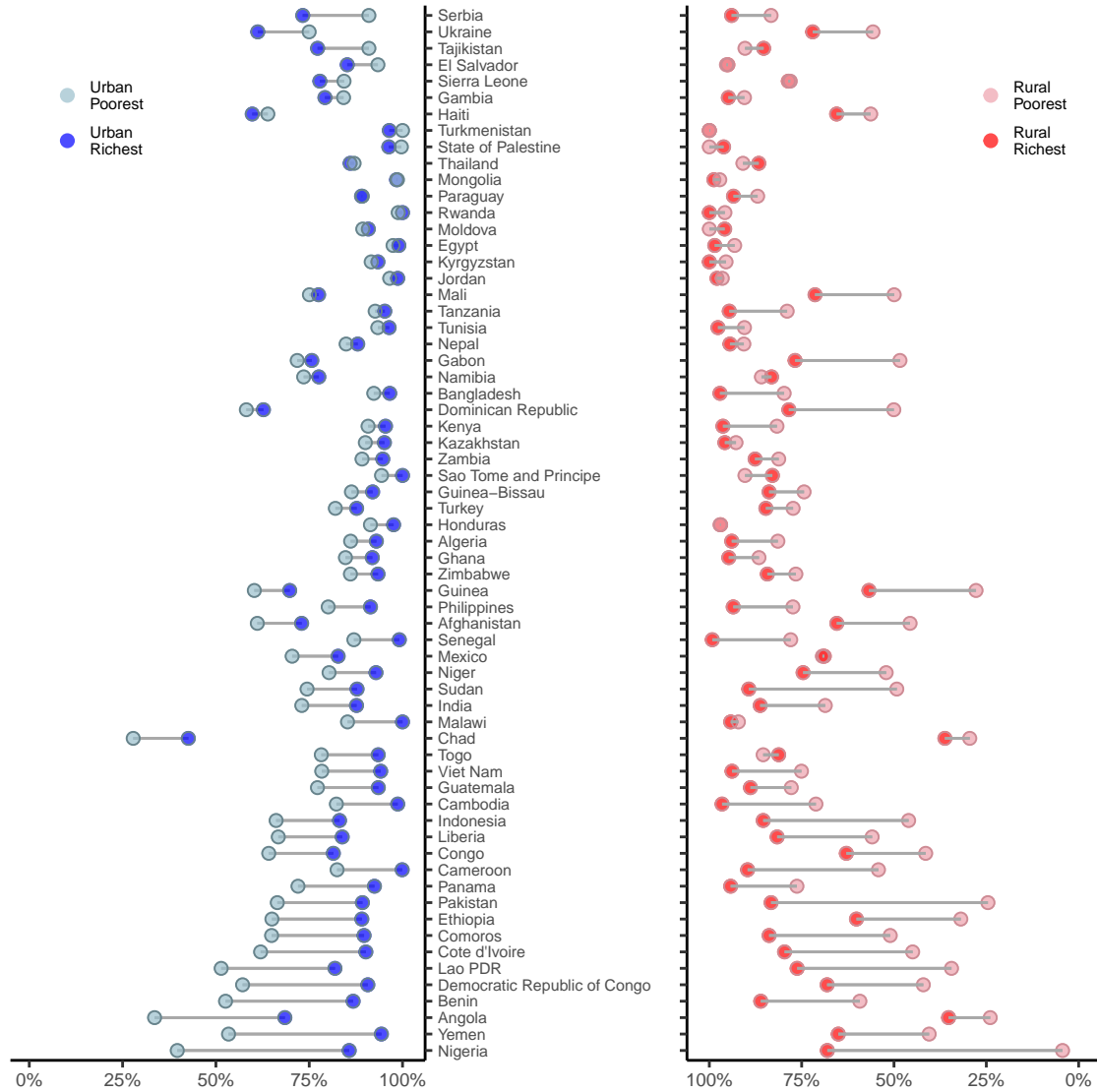
Birth registration prevalence in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children’s Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

Immunization

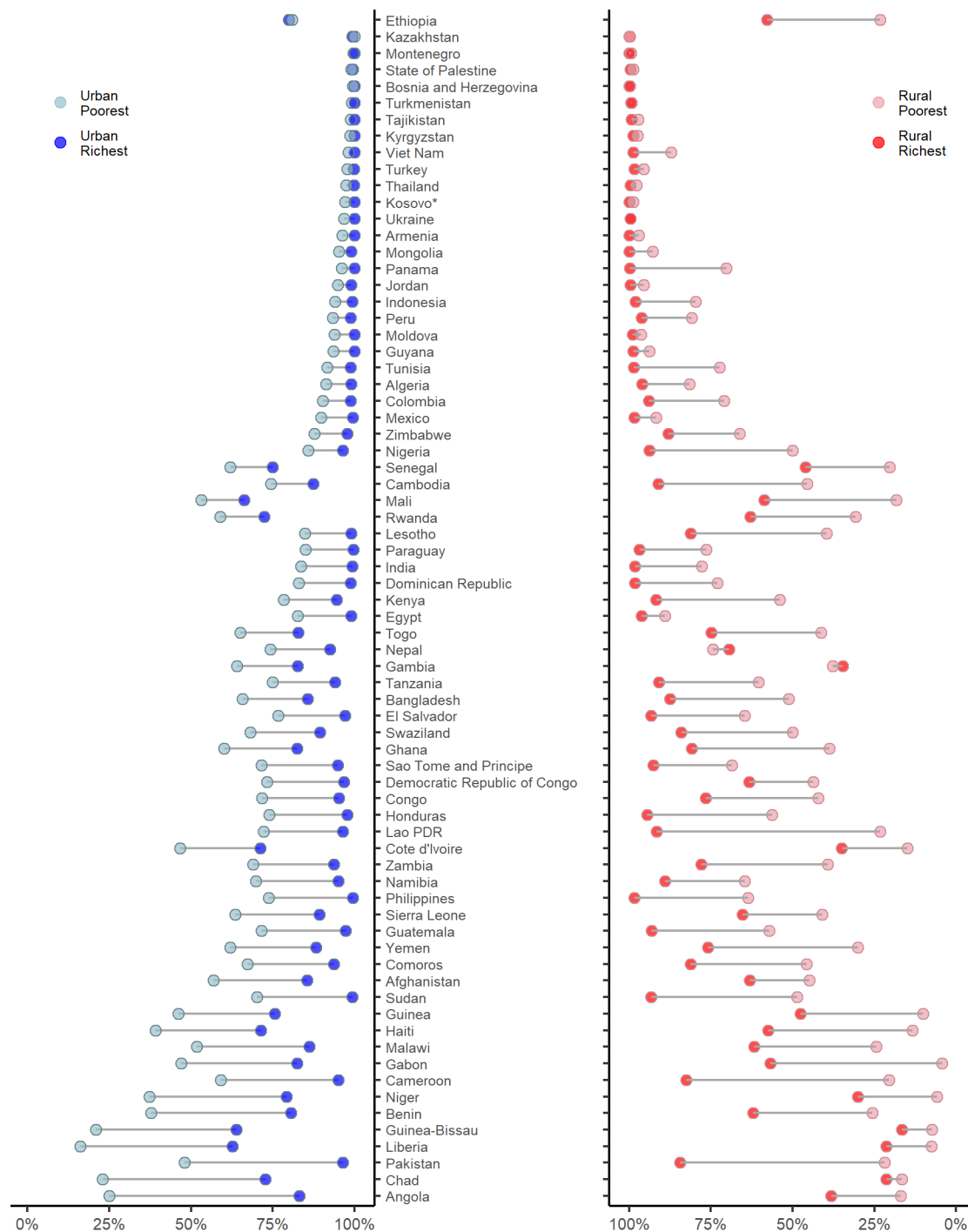
DTP3 immunization coverage in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children’s Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

Education

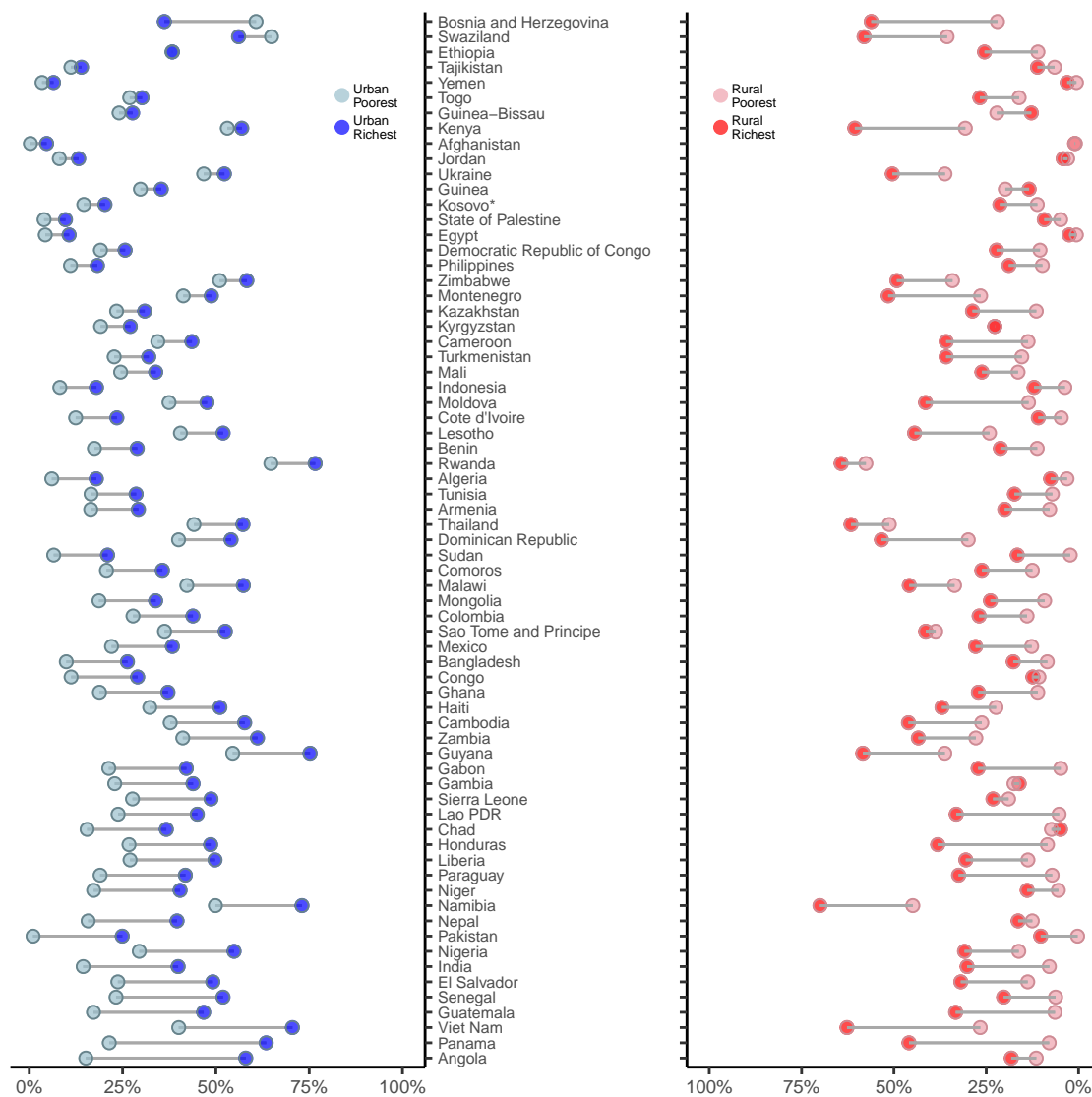
Primary education completion rate in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children’s Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

HIV knowledge women

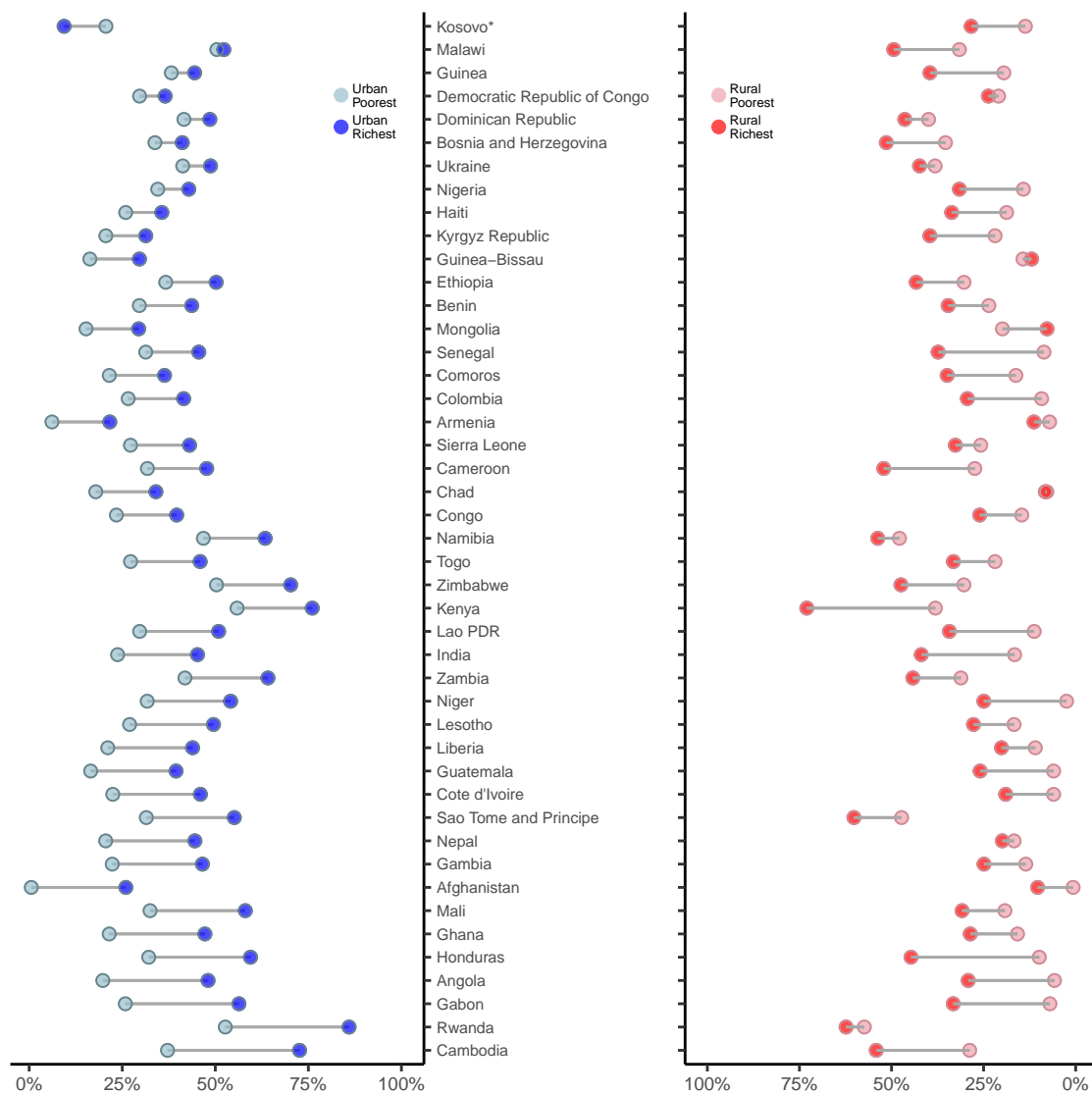
Coverage of comprehensive knowledge about HIV/AIDS among young women aged 15-24 years in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



Source: United Nations Children's Fund, *Advantage or Paradox – The challenge for children and young people growing up urban*, UNICEF, New York, November 2018. Report and supplementary material can be downloaded under: <https://data.unicef.org/resources/urban-paradox-report/>

HIV knowledge men

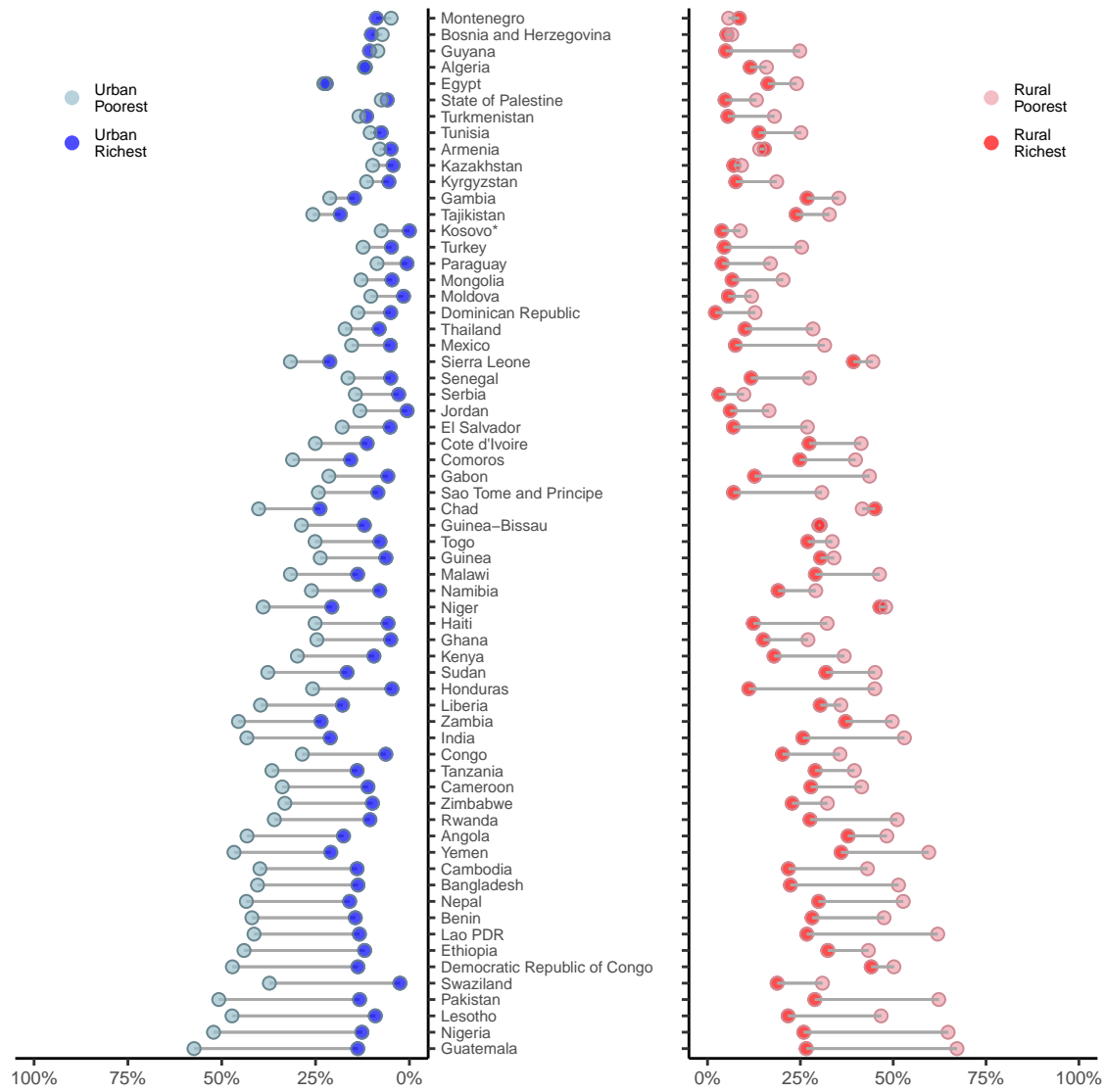
Coverage of comprehensive knowledge about HIV/AIDS among young men aged 15-24 years in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



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Stunting

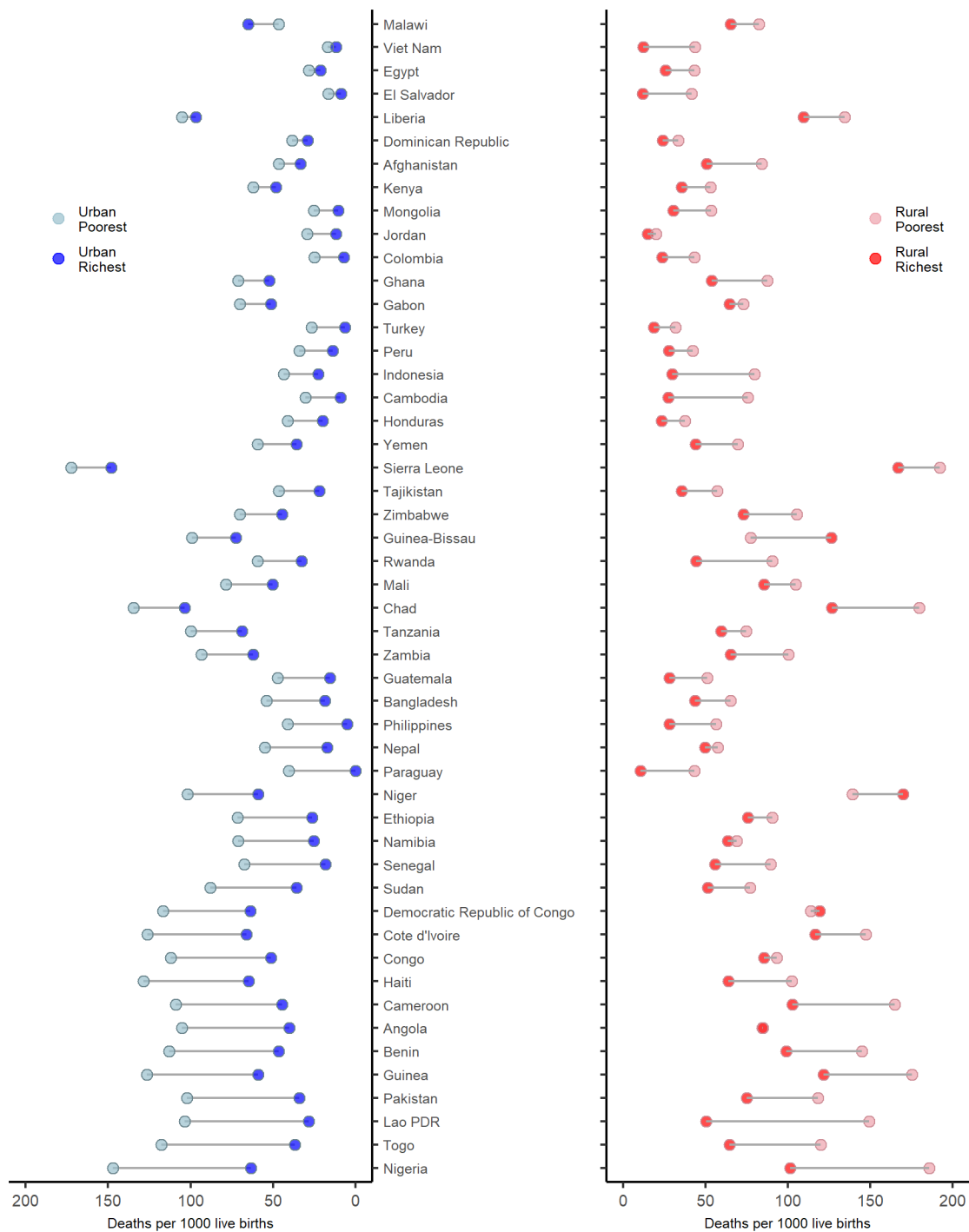
Stunting prevalence among children under 5 years of age in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



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Mortality

Under-five mortality rate in urban and rural areas by household wealth quintile



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