

**BACKGROUND NOTE:** Each year WHO and UNICEF jointly review reports submitted by Member States regarding national immunization coverage, finalized survey reports as well as data from the published and grey literature. Based on these data, with due consideration to potential biases and the views of local experts, WHO and UNICEF attempt to distinguish between situations where the available empirical data accurately reflect immunization system performance and those where the data are likely to be compromised and present a misleading view of immunization coverage while jointly estimating the most likely coverage levels for each country.

WHO and UNICEF estimates are country-specific; that is to say, each country's data are reviewed individually, and data are not borrowed from other countries in the absence of data. Estimates are not based on ad hoc adjustments to reported data; in some instances empirical data are available from a single source, usually the nationally reported coverage data. In cases where no data are available for a given country/vaccine/year combination, data are considered from earlier and later years and interpolated to estimate coverage for the missing year(s). In cases where data sources are mixed and show large variation, an attempt is made to identify the most likely estimate with consideration of the possible biases in available data. For methods see:

\*Burton et al. 2009. WHO and UNICEF estimates of national infant immunization coverage: methods and processes.

\*Burton et al. 2012. A formal representation of the WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage: a computational logic approach.

\*Brown et al. 2013. An introduction to the grade of confidence used to characterize uncertainty around the WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage.

## DATA SOURCES.

**ADMINISTRATIVE coverage:** Reported by national authorities and based on aggregated administrative reports from health service providers on the number of vaccinations administered during a given period (numerator data) and reported target population data (denominator data). May be biased by inaccurate numerator and/or denominator data.

**OFFICIAL coverage:** Estimated coverage reported by national authorities that reflects their assessment of the most likely coverage based on any combination of administrative coverage, survey-based estimates or other data sources or adjustments. Approaches to determine OFFICIAL coverage may differ across countries.

**SURVEY coverage:** Based on estimated coverage from population-based household surveys among children aged 12-23 months or 24-35 months following a review of survey methods and results. Information is based on the combination of vaccination history from documented evidence or caregiver recall. Survey results are considered for the appropriate birth cohort based on the period of data collection.

## ABBREVIATIONS

**BCG:** percentage of births who received one dose of Bacillus Calmette Guerin vaccine.

**DTP1 / DTP3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st / 3rd dose, respectively, of diphtheria and tetanus toxoid with pertussis containing vaccine.

**Pol3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of polio containing vaccine. May be either oral or inactivated polio vaccine.

**IPV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received at least one dose of inactivated polio vaccine. In countries utilizing an immunization schedule recommending either (i) a primary series of three doses of oral polio vaccine (OPV) plus at least one dose of IPV where OPV is included in routine

immunization and/or campaign or (ii) a sequential schedule of IPV followed by OPV, WHO and UNICEF estimates for IPV1 reflect coverage with at least one routine dose of IPV among infants <1 year of age among countries. For countries utilizing IPV containing vaccine use only, i.e., no recommended dose of OPV, the WHO and UNICEF estimate for IPV1 corresponds to coverage for the 1st dose of IPV.

Production of IPV coverage estimates, which begins in 2015, results in no change of the estimated coverage levels for the 3rd dose of polio (Pol3). For countries recommending routine immunization with a primary series of three doses of IPV alone, WHO and UNICEF estimated Pol3 coverage is equivalent to estimated coverage with three doses of IPV. For countries with a sequential schedule, estimated Pol3 coverage is based on that for the 3rd dose of polio vaccine regardless of vaccine type.

**MCV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of measles containing vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends the 1st dose of MCV at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates reflect the percentage of children who received the 1st dose of MCV as recommended.

**MCV2:** percentage of children who received the 2nd dose of measles containing vaccine according to the nationally recommended schedule.

**RCV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of rubella containing vaccine. Coverage estimates are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage for the dose of measles containing vaccine that corresponds to the first measles-rubella combination vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of RCV is not taken into consideration nor are the data represented in the accompanying graph and data table.

**HepBB:** percentage of births which received a dose of hepatitis B vaccine within 24 hours of delivery. Estimates of hepatitis B birth dose coverage are produced only for countries with a universal birth dose policy. Estimates are not produced for countries that recommend a birth dose to infants born to HepB virus-infected mothers only or where there is insufficient information to determine whether vaccination is within 24 hours of birth.

**HepB3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of hepatitis B containing vaccine following the birth dose.

**Hib3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of Haemophilus influenzae type b containing vaccine.

**RotaC:** percentage of surviving infants who received the final recommended dose of rotavirus vaccine, which can be either the 2nd or the 3rd dose depending on the vaccine.

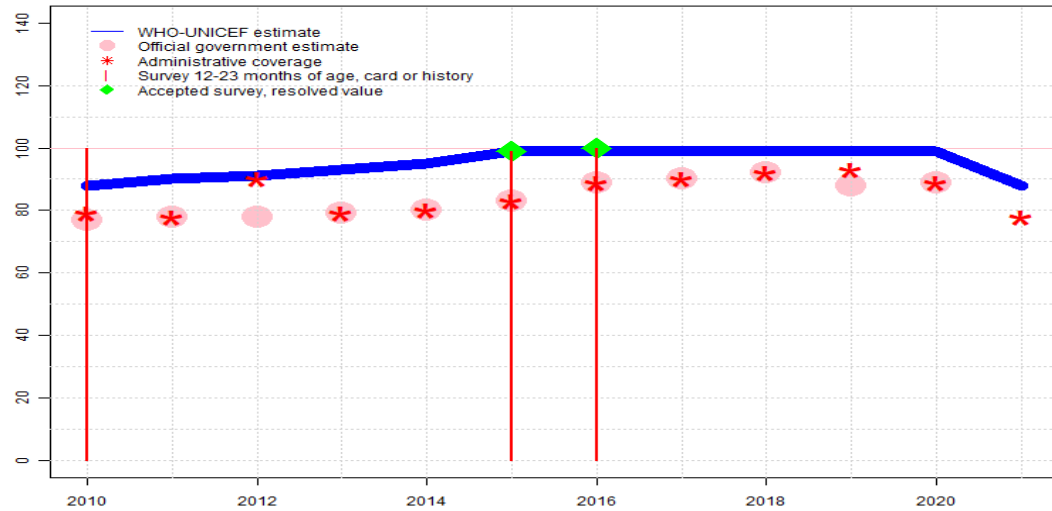
**PcV3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends two doses during infancy and a booster dose at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates may reflect the percentage of surviving infants who received two doses of PcV prior to the 1st birthday.

**YFV:** percentage of surviving infants who received one dose of yellow fever vaccine in countries where YFV is part of the national immunization schedule for children or is recommended in at risk areas; coverage estimates are annualized for the entire cohort of surviving infants.

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# Costa Rica - BCG

CRI - BCG



## Description:

2021: Estimate for 2021 based on decline in the reported administrative coverage between 2020 and 2021 applied to the estimated coverage for 2020. Reported data excluded due to sudden change in coverage from 89 level to 78 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2020: Reported data calibrated to 2016 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2019: Reported data calibrated to 2016 levels. Estimate challenged by: R-

2018: Reported data calibrated to 2016 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2017: Reported data calibrated to 2016 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2016: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 100 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2015: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 99 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2014: Reported data calibrated to 1997 and 2015 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2013: Reported data calibrated to 1997 and 2015 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2012: Reported data calibrated to 1997 and 2015 levels. Estimate challenged by: R-

2011: Reported data calibrated to 1997 and 2015 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

2010: Reported data calibrated to 1997 and 2015 levels. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Estimate challenged by: D-R-

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	88	90	91	93	95	99	99	99	99	99	99	88
Estimate GoC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	77	78	78	79	80	83	89	90	92	88	89	NA
Administrative	79	78	90	79	80	83	89	90	92	93	89	78
Survey	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	99	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

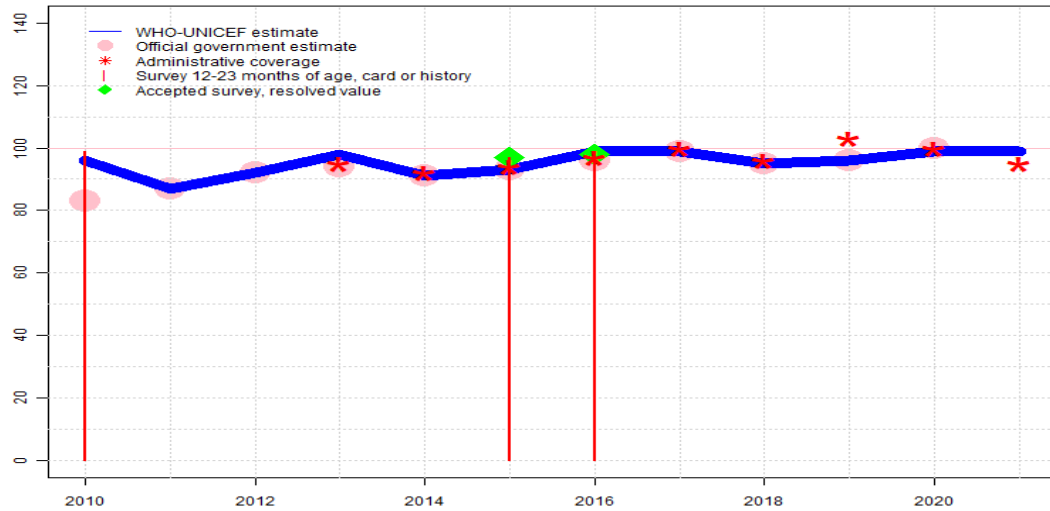
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Costa Rica - DTP1

CRI - DTP1



## Description:

2021: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 99. Estimate challenged by: D-R-  
 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 99 percent changed from previous revision value of 96 percent. GoC=R+ D+  
 2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+  
 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2016: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 97. Estimate challenged by: R-  
 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2013: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 95. Estimate challenged by: R-  
 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+  
 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+  
 2010: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 88. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Estimate challenged by: R-

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	96	87	92	98	91	93	99	99	95	96	99	99
Estimate GoC	•	••	••	•	•••	•••	•	•••	•••	••	••	•
Official	83	87	92	94	91	93	96	99	95	96	100	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	95	92	94	97	100	96	103	100	95
Survey	99	NA	NA	NA	NA	97	98	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

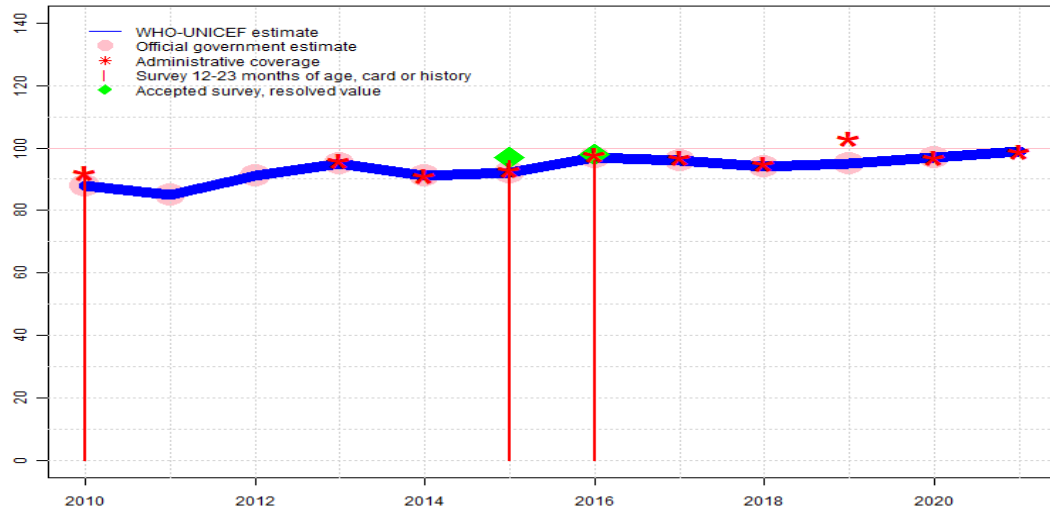
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Costa Rica - DTP3

CRI - DTP3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	88	85	91	95	91	92	97	96	94	95	97	99
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	••	•
Official	88	85	91	95	91	92	97	96	94	95	97	NA
Administrative	92	NA	NA	96	91	93	98	97	95	103	97	99
Survey	94	NA	NA	NA	NA	96	96	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

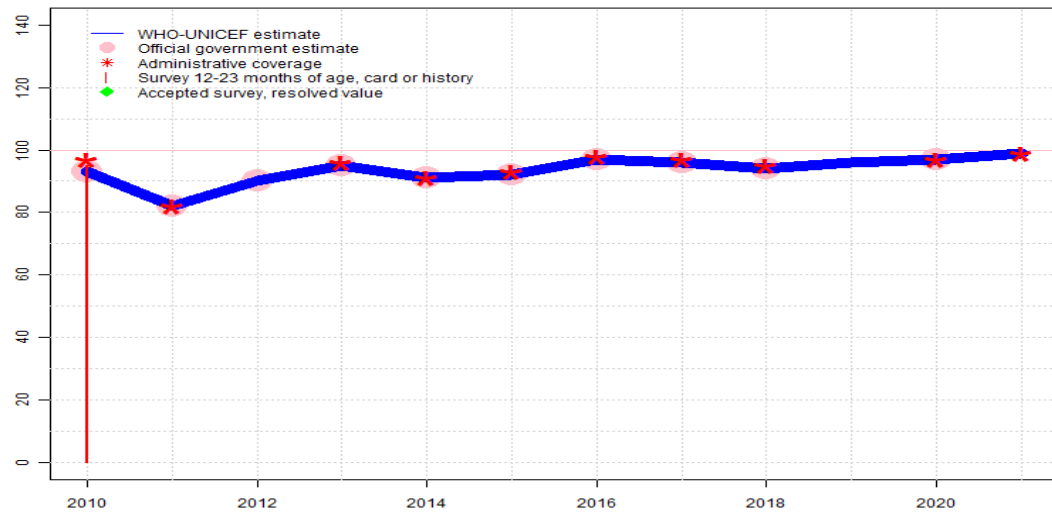
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2018 card or history results of 96 percent modified for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 98 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 90 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2018 card or history results of 96 percent modified for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 97 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 90 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 card or history results of 94 percent modified for recall bias to 99 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 92 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 92 percent. GoC=R+ D+

# Costa Rica - Pol3

CRI - Pol3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	93	82	90	95	91	92	97	96	94	96	97	99
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	•
Official	93	82	90	95	91	92	97	96	94	NA	97	NA
Administrative	97	82	NA	96	91	93	98	97	95	NA	97	99
Survey	95	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

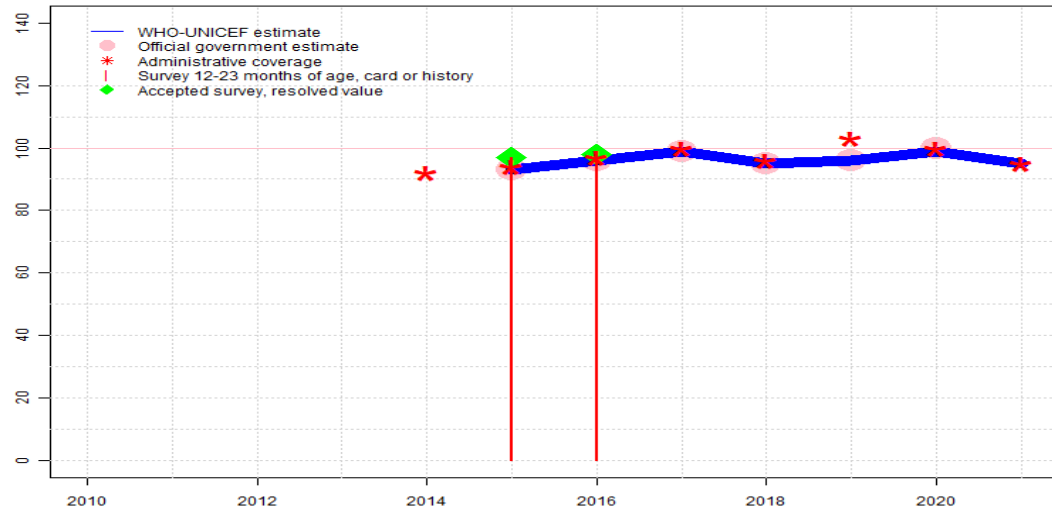
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 94 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on interpolation between data reported by national government. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 94 percent. GoC=No accepted empirical data
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports three month vaccine stock-out. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Decline in coverage is consistent with patterns in coverage for other antigens. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 card or history results of 95 percent modified for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 100 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 94 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 91 percent. Increase in coverage most likely a return to 2008 pre-stock-out levels. GoC=R+ D+

# Costa Rica - IPV1

CRI - IPV1



## Description:

Estimates for a dose of inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) begin in 2015 following the Global Polio Eradication Initiative's Polio Eradication and Endgame Strategic Plan: 2013-2018 which recommended at least one full dose or two fractional doses of IPV into routine immunization schedules as a strategy to mitigate the potential consequences should any re-emergence of type 2 poliovirus occur following the planned withdrawal of Sabin type 2 strains from oral polio vaccine (OPV).

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 99 percent changed from previous revision value of 96 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on estimated DTP1 coverage. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+ S+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	93	96	99	95	96	99	95
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	●●●	●●●	●●●	●	●●	●●	●
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	93	96	99	95	96	100	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	92	94	97	100	96	103	100	95
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97	98	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

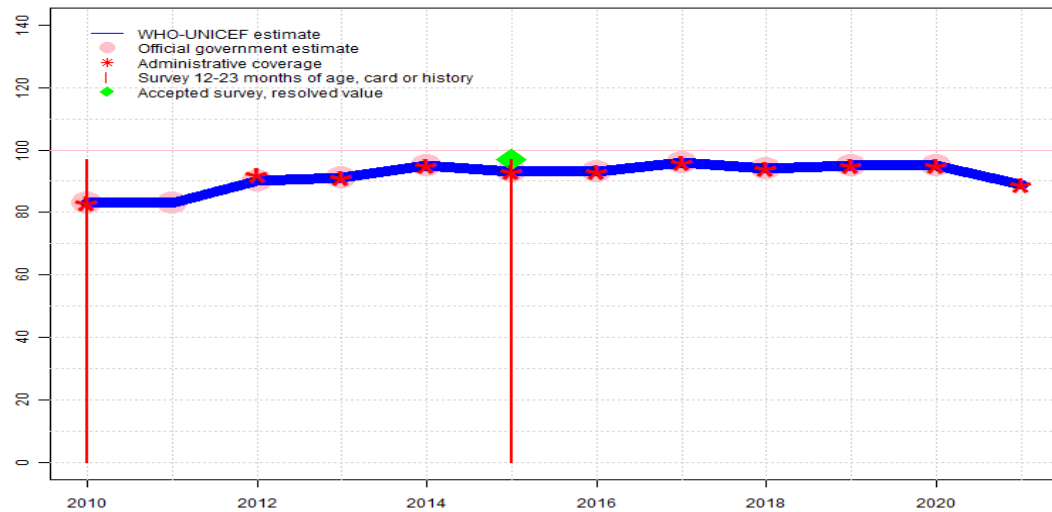
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.



# Costa Rica - MCV1

CRI - MCV1



## Description:

2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+

2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+

2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+

2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+ S+ D+

2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+

2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+

2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+

2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	83	83	90	91	95	93	93	96	94	95	95	89
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	••	••	••
Official	83	83	90	91	95	93	93	96	94	95	95	NA
Administrative	83	NA	92	91	95	93	93	96	94	95	95	89
Survey	97	NA	NA	NA	NA	97	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

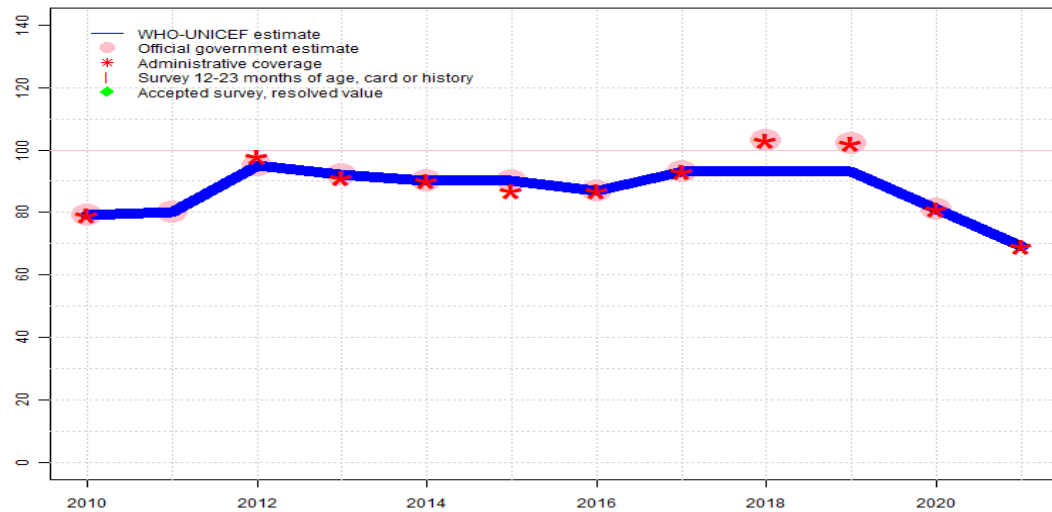
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

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# Costa Rica - MCV2

CRI - MCV2



## Description:

Coverage estimates for the second dose of measles containing vaccine are for children by the nationally recommended age.

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. Estimate based exceptionally on the reported coverage for MCV2 given a change in the recommended age from 7 years to 4 years in 2021. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. . Estimate of 81 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2019: . Reported data excluded because 102 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2018: . Reported data excluded because 103 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	79	80	95	92	90	90	87	93	93	93	81	69
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	•	•	•	•
Official	79	80	95	92	90	90	87	93	103	102	81	NA
Administrative	79	NA	98	91	90	87	87	93	103	102	81	69
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

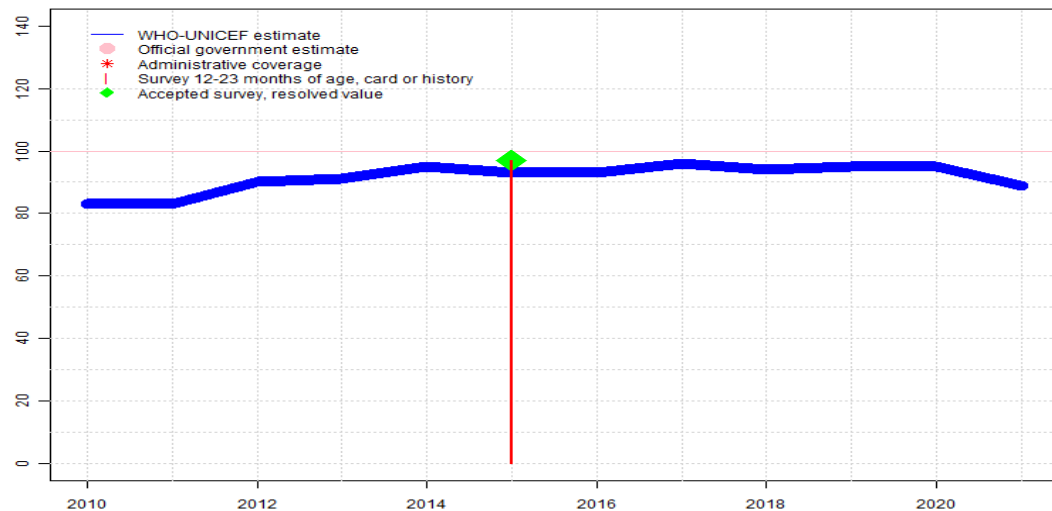
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Costa Rica - RCV1

CRI - RCV1



## Description:

For this revision, coverage estimates for the first dose of rubella containing vaccine are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage of measles containing vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of rubella containing vaccine is not taken into consideration nor are they represented in the the accompanying graph and data table.

2021: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+  
 2020: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+  
 2019: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+  
 2018: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+  
 2017: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2016: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2015: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2014: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2013: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ S+ D+  
 2012: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+  
 2011: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+  
 2010: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	83	83	90	91	95	93	93	96	94	95	95	89
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	••	••	••
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

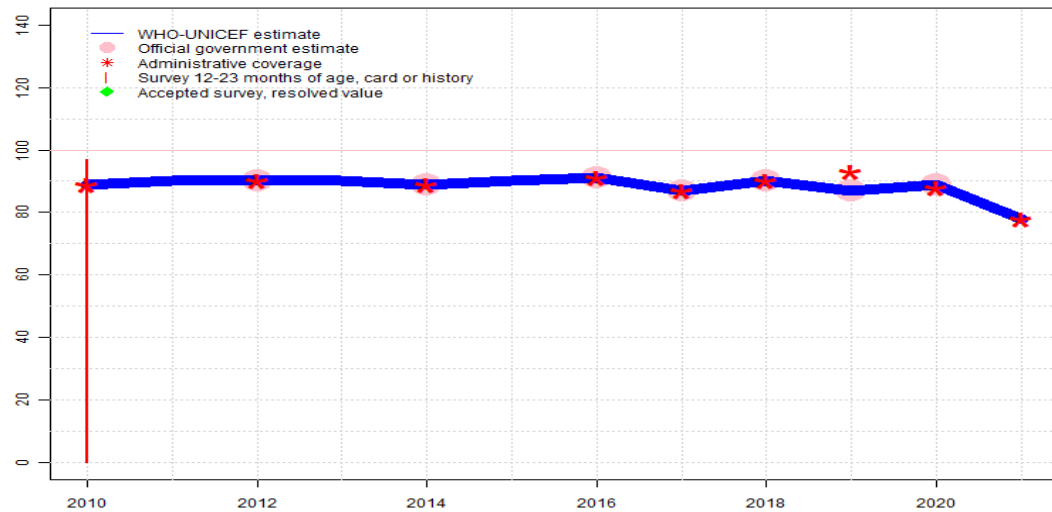
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Costa Rica - HepBB

CRI - HepBB



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. . GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 87 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on interpolation between reported values. GoC=No accepted empirical data
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on interpolation between reported values. GoC=No accepted empirical data
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on interpolation between reported values. Estimate of 90 percent changed from previous revision value of 88 percent. GoC=No accepted empirical data
- 2010: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 86 percent. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	89	90	90	90	89	90	91	87	90	87	89	78
Estimate GoC	••	•	••	•	••	•	••	••	••	••	••	••
Official	NA	NA	90	NA	89	NA	91	87	90	87	89	NA
Administrative	89	NA	90	NA	89	NA	91	87	90	93	88	78
Survey	97	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

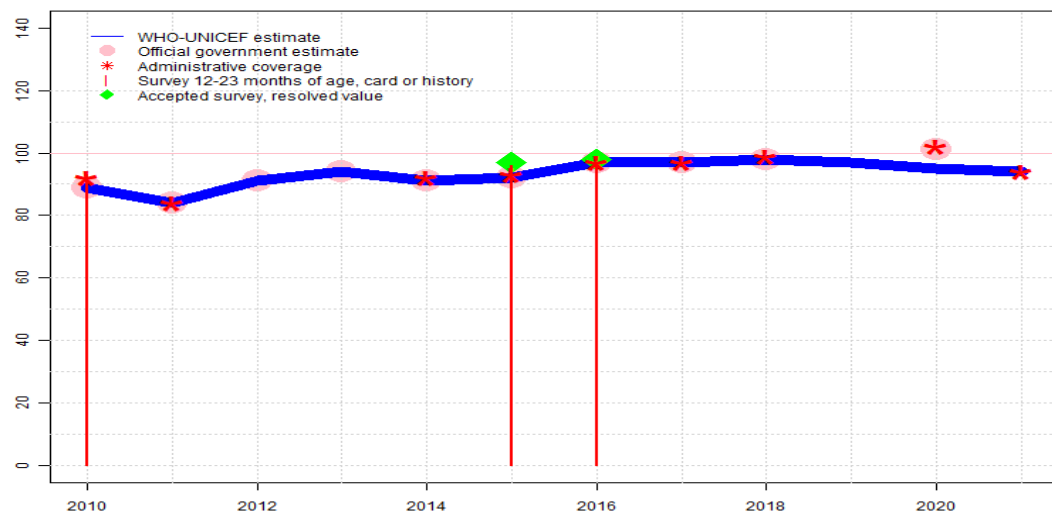
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Costa Rica - HepB3

CRI - HepB3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	89	84	91	94	91	92	97	97	98	97	95	94
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	•	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•	••	•
Official	89	84	91	94	91	92	97	97	98	NA	101	NA
Administrative	92	84	NA	191	92	93	97	97	99	NA	102	94
Survey	93	NA	NA	NA	NA	96	96	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

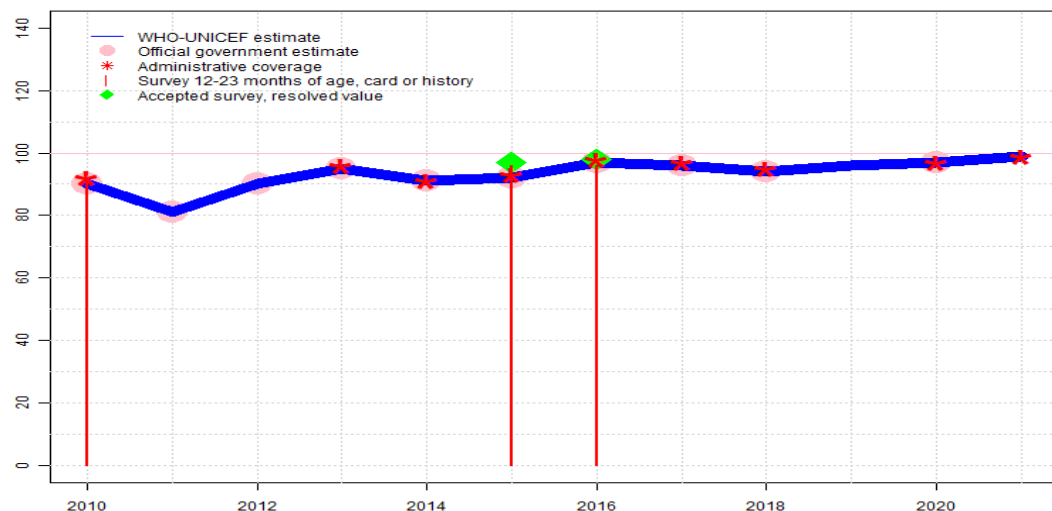
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on interpolation between data reported by national government. Reported data excluded because 101 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate of 95 percent changed from previous revision value of 98 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on interpolation between data reported by national government. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 98 percent. GoC=No accepted empirical data
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2018 card or history results of 96 percent modified for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 91 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 90 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2018 card or history results of 96 percent modified for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 99 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 92 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 90 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. GoC=R+ D+

# Costa Rica - Hib3

CRI - Hib3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	90	81	90	95	91	92	97	96	94	96	97	99
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•	••	•
Official	90	81	90	95	91	92	97	96	94	NA	97	NA
Administrative	92	NA	NA	96	91	93	98	97	95	NA	97	99
Survey	92	NA	NA	NA	NA	96	96	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

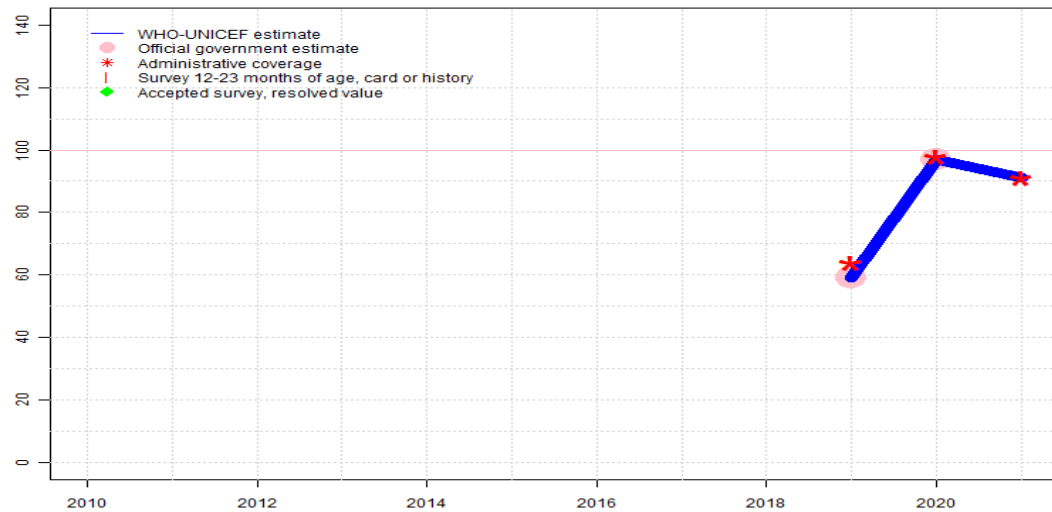
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 94 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on interpolation between data reported by national government. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 94 percent. GoC=No accepted empirical data
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 98 percent based on 1 survey(s). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2018 card or history results of 96 percent modified for recall bias to 98 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 98 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 90 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 97 percent based on 1 survey(s). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2018 card or history results of 96 percent modified for recall bias to 97 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 97 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 90 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 90 percent. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2014: Estimate based on reported data. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on reported data. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on reported data. GoC=R+
- 2011: Estimate based on reported data. Decline in coverage is consistent with patterns in coverage for other antigens. GoC=R+
- 2010: Estimate based on reported data. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 card or history results of 92 percent modified for recall bias to 94 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 97 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 94 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 91 percent. GoC=R+ D+

# Costa Rica - RotaC

CRI - RotaC



## Description:

2021: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. Estimate challenged by: D-  
 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 97 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. GoC=R+ D+  
 2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Rotavirus vaccine introduced during February 2019. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	59	97	91
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	●●	●●	●
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	59	97	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	64	98	91
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

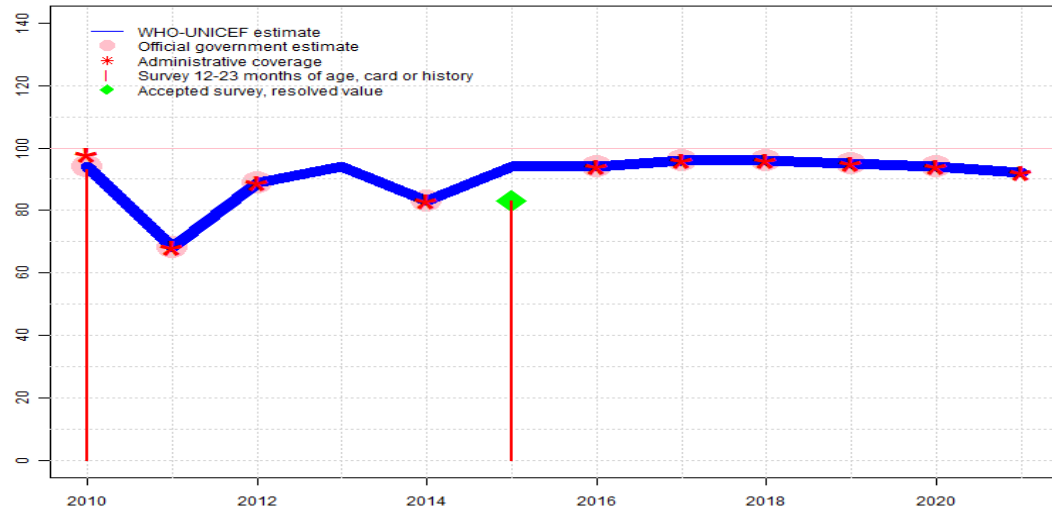
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Costa Rica - PcV3

CRI - PcV3



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate of 94 percent changed from previous revision value of 95 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2015: The WHO and UNICEF estimate is based on the reported second dose of PcV. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2014: Estimate based on reported data. GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2013: Presentation changed from a 3+1 (2,4,6 months and 15 months of age) dose, 7 valent presentation to a 2+1 (2,4 months and 15 months of age) dose, 13 valent presentation in 2012. The WHO and UNICEF estimate is based on the reported second dose of PcV. Estimate challenged by: S-
- 2012: Estimate based on reported data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on reported data. Vaccine stock-out for 1 month. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on reported data. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 results ignored by working group. Survey results suggest national estimates may be conservative and actual coverage may be higher than reported. Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011 card or history results of 93 percent modified for recall bias to 96 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 96 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 91 percent and 3rd dose card only coverage of 91 percent. . GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	94	68	89	94	83	94	94	96	96	95	94	92
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	•	•••	•	•	•	••	••	••	••
Official	94	68	89	NA	83	NA	94	96	96	95	94	NA
Administrative	98	68	89	NA	83	NA	94	96	96	95	94	92
Survey	93	NA	NA	NA	NA	83	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.



# Costa Rica - survey details

2016 Costa Rica Encuesta de Mujeres, Niños y Adolescencia 2018 (EMNA)

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	99.6	12-23 m	80782	92
BCG	Card	91.8	12-23 m	80782	92
BCG	Card or History	99.6	12-23 m	80782	92
BCG	History	7.8	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP1	C or H <12 months	97.6	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP1	Card	90	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP1	Card or History	97.6	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP1	History	7.6	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP3	C or H <12 months	94.5	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP3	Card	89.7	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP3	Card or History	96.1	12-23 m	80782	92
DTP3	History	6.3	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB1	C or H <12 months	98.5	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB1	Card	91.2	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB1	Card or History	98.6	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB1	History	7.4	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB3	C or H <12 months	94.8	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB3	Card	89.9	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB3	Card or History	96	12-23 m	80782	92
HepB3	History	6.2	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib1	C or H <12 months	97.6	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib1	Card	90	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib1	Card or History	97.6	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib1	History	7.6	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib3	C or H <12 months	94.5	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib3	Card	89.7	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib3	Card or History	96.1	12-23 m	80782	92
Hib3	History	6.3	12-23 m	80782	92
IPV1	C or H <12 months	97.6	12-23 m	80782	92
IPV1	Card	90	12-23 m	80782	92
IPV1	Card or History	97.6	12-23 m	80782	92
IPV1	History	7.6	12-23 m	80782	92
PCV1	C or H <12 months	96.2	12-23 m	80782	92
PCV1	Card	90.1	12-23 m	80782	92
PCV1	Card or History	96.2	12-23 m	80782	92
PCV1	History	6.1	12-23 m	80782	92

2015 Costa Rica Encuesta de Mujeres, Niños y Adolescencia 2018 (EMNA)

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	98.8	24-35 m	75418	92
BCG	Card	91.9	24-35 m	75418	92
BCG	Card or History	99.1	24-35 m	75418	92
BCG	History	7.2	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP1	C or H <12 months	96.9	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP1	Card	90.3	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP1	Card or History	97.1	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP1	History	6.8	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP3	C or H <12 months	95.2	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP3	Card	90.3	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP3	Card or History	95.8	24-35 m	75418	92
DTP3	History	5.5	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB1	C or H <12 months	98.4	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB1	Card	91.6	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB1	Card or History	98.6	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB1	History	7	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB3	C or H <12 months	95.7	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB3	Card	90.4	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB3	Card or History	95.8	24-35 m	75418	92
HepB3	History	5.4	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib1	C or H <12 months	96.9	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib1	Card	90.3	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib1	Card or History	97.1	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib1	History	6.8	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib3	C or H <12 months	95.2	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib3	Card	90.3	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib3	Card or History	95.8	24-35 m	75418	92
Hib3	History	5.5	24-35 m	75418	92
IPV1	C or H <12 months	96.9	24-35 m	75418	92
IPV1	Card	90.3	24-35 m	75418	92
IPV1	Card or History	97.1	24-35 m	75418	92
IPV1	History	6.8	24-35 m	75418	92
MCV1	C or H <12 months	95.8	24-35 m	75418	92
MCV1	Card	90.2	24-35 m	75418	92
MCV1	Card or History	96.6	24-35 m	75418	92
MCV1	History	6.3	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV1	C or H <12 months	97.9	24-35 m	75418	92

# Costa Rica - survey details

PCV1	Card	91.9	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV1	Card or History	98.2	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV1	History	6.3	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV3	C or H <12 months	81.3	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV3	Card	77.6	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV3	Card or History	82.7	24-35 m	75418	92
PCV3	History	5.1	24-35 m	75418	92

## 2010 Costa Rica Encuesta de Indicadores Múltiples por Conglomerados 2011

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	99.5	18-29 m	437	94
BCG	Card	93.3	18-29 m	-	94
BCG	Card or History	99.9	18-29 m	437	94
BCG	History	6.6	18-29 m	-	94
DTP1	C or H <12 months	95.8	18-29 m	437	94
DTP1	Card	92.5	18-29 m	-	94
DTP1	Card or History	98.8	18-29 m	437	94
DTP1	History	6.3	18-29 m	-	94
DTP3	C or H <12 months	92.2	18-29 m	437	94
DTP3	Card	92.3	18-29 m	-	94
DTP3	Card or History	94.2	18-29 m	437	94
DTP3	History	1.9	18-29 m	-	94
HepB1	C or H <12 months	96.7	18-29 m	437	94
HepB1	Card	95.7	18-29 m	-	94
HepB1	Card or History	98.4	18-29 m	437	94
HepB1	History	2.6	18-29 m	-	94
HepB3	C or H <12 months	88.6	18-29 m	437	94
HepB3	Card	90.8	18-29 m	-	94
HepB3	Card or History	92.7	18-29 m	437	94
HepB3	History	1.9	18-29 m	-	94

HepBB	C or H <12 months	97.4	18-29 m	437	94
HepBB	Card	94	18-29 m	-	94
HepBB	Card or History	97.4	18-29 m	437	94
HepBB	History	3.4	18-29 m	-	94
Hib1	C or H <12 months	96.1	18-29 m	437	94
Hib1	Card	93.6	18-29 m	-	94
Hib1	Card or History	97.3	18-29 m	437	94
Hib1	History	3.7	18-29 m	-	94
Hib3	C or H <12 months	88.2	18-29 m	437	94
Hib3	Card	90.6	18-29 m	-	94
Hib3	Card or History	92.3	18-29 m	437	94
Hib3	History	1.7	18-29 m	-	94
MCV1	C or H <18 months	92.6	18-29 m	437	94
MCV1	Card	91.8	18-29 m	-	94
MCV1	Card or History	97.3	18-29 m	437	94
MCV1	History	5.5	18-29 m	-	94
PcV1	C or H <12 months	94.2	18-29 m	437	94
PcV1	Card	90.7	18-29 m	-	94
PcV1	Card or History	95.6	18-29 m	437	94
PcV1	History	5	18-29 m	-	94
PcV3	C or H <12 months	89.4	18-29 m	437	94
PcV3	Card	91	18-29 m	-	94
PcV3	Card or History	92.6	18-29 m	437	94
PcV3	History	1.6	18-29 m	-	94
Pol1	C or H <12 months	99.2	18-29 m	437	94
Pol1	Card	94	18-29 m	-	94
Pol1	Card or History	99.6	18-29 m	437	94
Pol1	History	5.6	18-29 m	-	94
Pol3	C or H <12 months	92.7	18-29 m	437	94
Pol3	Card	90.9	18-29 m	-	94
Pol3	Card or History	95.2	18-29 m	437	94
Pol3	History	4.3	18-29 m	-	94

Further information and estimates for previous years are available at:  
<https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-health/immunization/>  
<https://immunizationdata.who.int/listing.html>