

**BACKGROUND NOTE:** Each year WHO and UNICEF jointly review reports submitted by Member States regarding national immunization coverage, finalized survey reports as well as data from the published and grey literature. Based on these data, with due consideration to potential biases and the views of local experts, WHO and UNICEF attempt to distinguish between situations where the available empirical data accurately reflect immunization system performance and those where the data are likely to be compromised and present a misleading view of immunization coverage while jointly estimating the most likely coverage levels for each country.

WHO and UNICEF estimates are country-specific; that is to say, each country's data are reviewed individually, and data are not borrowed from other countries in the absence of data. Estimates are not based on ad hoc adjustments to reported data; in some instances empirical data are available from a single source, usually the nationally reported coverage data. In cases where no data are available for a given country/vaccine/year combination, data are considered from earlier and later years and interpolated to estimate coverage for the missing year(s). In cases where data sources are mixed and show large variation, an attempt is made to identify the most likely estimate with consideration of the possible biases in available data. For methods see:

\*Burton et al. 2009. WHO and UNICEF estimates of national infant immunization coverage: methods and processes.

\*Burton et al. 2012. A formal representation of the WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage: a computational logic approach.

\*Brown et al. 2013. An introduction to the grade of confidence used to characterize uncertainty around the WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage.

## DATA SOURCES.

**ADMINISTRATIVE coverage:** Reported by national authorities and based on aggregated administrative reports from health service providers on the number of vaccinations administered during a given period (numerator data) and reported target population data (denominator data). May be biased by inaccurate numerator and/or denominator data.

**OFFICIAL coverage:** Estimated coverage reported by national authorities that reflects their assessment of the most likely coverage based on any combination of administrative coverage, survey-based estimates or other data sources or adjustments. Approaches to determine OFFICIAL coverage may differ across countries.

**SURVEY coverage:** Based on estimated coverage from population-based household surveys among children aged 12-23 months or 24-35 months following a review of survey methods and results. Information is based on the combination of vaccination history from documented evidence or caregiver recall. Survey results are considered for the appropriate birth cohort based on the period of data collection.

## ABBREVIATIONS

**BCG:** percentage of births who received one dose of Bacillus Calmette Guerin vaccine.

**DTP1 / DTP3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st / 3rd dose, respectively, of diphtheria and tetanus toxoid with pertussis containing vaccine.

**Pol3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of polio containing vaccine. May be either oral or inactivated polio vaccine.

**IPV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received at least one dose of inactivated polio vaccine. In countries utilizing an immunization schedule recommending either (i) a primary series of three doses of oral polio vaccine (OPV) plus at least one dose of IPV where OPV is included in routine

immunization and/or campaign or (ii) a sequential schedule of IPV followed by OPV, WHO and UNICEF estimates for IPV1 reflect coverage with at least one routine dose of IPV among infants <1 year of age among countries. For countries utilizing IPV containing vaccine use only, i.e., no recommended dose of OPV, the WHO and UNICEF estimate for IPV1 corresponds to coverage for the 1st dose of IPV.

Production of IPV coverage estimates, which begins in 2015, results in no change of the estimated coverage levels for the 3rd dose of polio (Pol3). For countries recommending routine immunization with a primary series of three doses of IPV alone, WHO and UNICEF estimated Pol3 coverage is equivalent to estimated coverage with three doses of IPV. For countries with a sequential schedule, estimated Pol3 coverage is based on that for the 3rd dose of polio vaccine regardless of vaccine type.

**MCV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of measles containing vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends the 1st dose of MCV at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates reflect the percentage of children who received the 1st dose of MCV as recommended.

**MCV2:** percentage of children who received the 2nd dose of measles containing vaccine according to the nationally recommended schedule.

**RCV1:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 1st dose of rubella containing vaccine. Coverage estimates are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage for the dose of measles containing vaccine that corresponds to the first measles-rubella combination vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of RCV is not taken into consideration nor are the data represented in the accompanying graph and data table.

**HepBB:** percentage of births which received a dose of hepatitis B vaccine within 24 hours of delivery. Estimates of hepatitis B birth dose coverage are produced only for countries with a universal birth dose policy. Estimates are not produced for countries that recommend a birth dose to infants born to HepB virus-infected mothers only or where there is insufficient information to determine whether vaccination is within 24 hours of birth.

**HepB3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of hepatitis B containing vaccine following the birth dose.

**Hib3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of Haemophilus influenzae type b containing vaccine.

**RotaC:** percentage of surviving infants who received the final recommended dose of rotavirus vaccine, which can be either the 2nd or the 3rd dose depending on the vaccine.

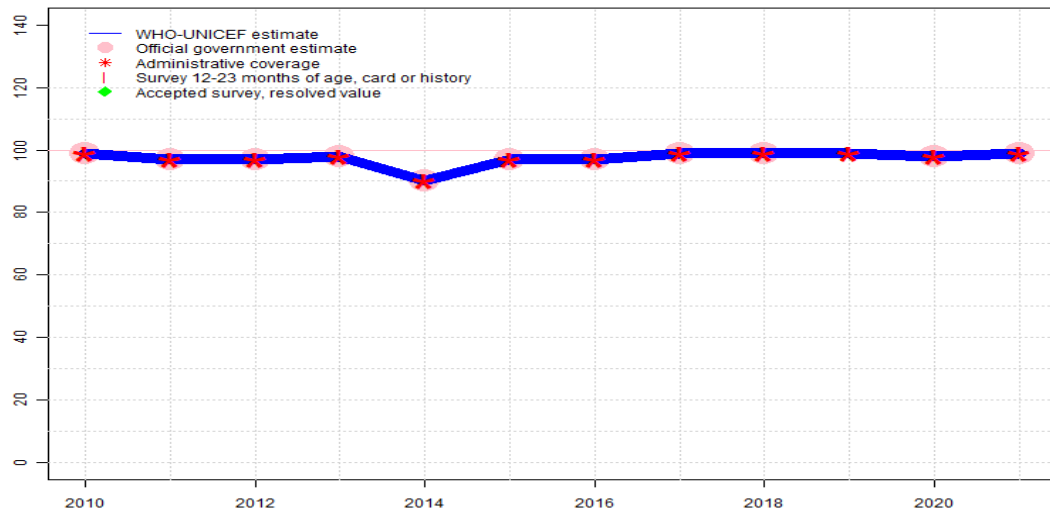
**PcV3:** percentage of surviving infants who received the 3rd dose of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. In countries where the national schedule recommends two doses during infancy and a booster dose at 12 months or later based on the epidemiology of disease in the country, coverage estimates may reflect the percentage of surviving infants who received two doses of PcV prior to the 1st birthday.

**YFV:** percentage of surviving infants who received one dose of yellow fever vaccine in countries where YFV is part of the national immunization schedule for children or is recommended in at risk areas; coverage estimates are annualized for the entire cohort of surviving infants.

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# Qatar - BCG

QAT - BCG



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	99	97	97	98	90	97	97	99	99	99	98	99
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	••	••	••
Official	99	97	97	98	90	97	97	99	99	NA	98	99
Administrative	99	97	97	98	90	97	97	99	99	99	98	99
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

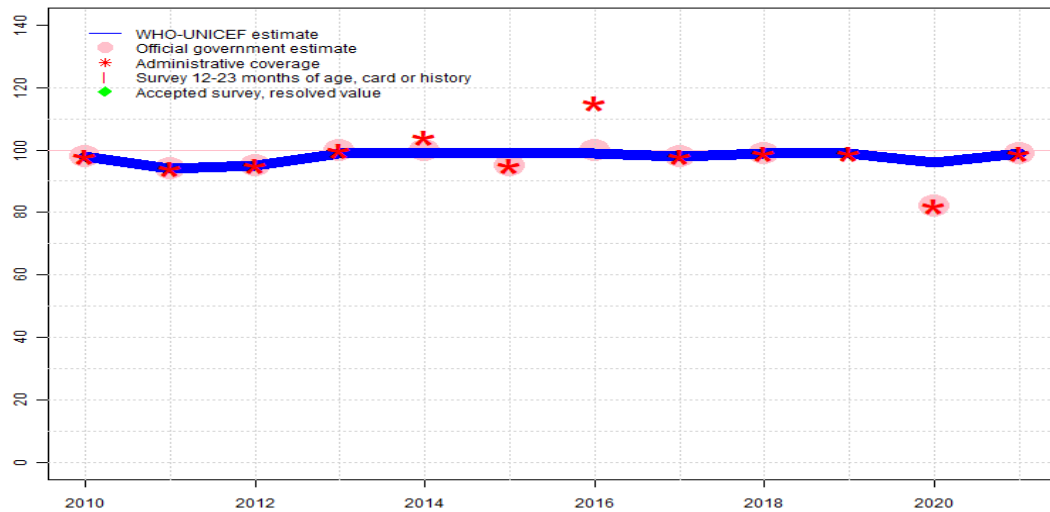
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Qatar - DTP1

QAT - DTP1



## Description:

- 2021: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 98. Reported data excluded due to sudden change in coverage from 82 level to 99 percent. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2020: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 89. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 96 percent changed from previous revision value of 89 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2015: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 99. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Unexplained decrease in reported coverage due in part to an unexplained sudden increase in the reported target population from 2013 to 2014. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	98	94	95	99	99	99	99	98	99	99	96	99
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●	●	●	●
Official	98	94	95	100	100	95	100	98	99	NA	82	99
Administrative	98	94	95	100	104	95	115	98	99	99	82	99
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

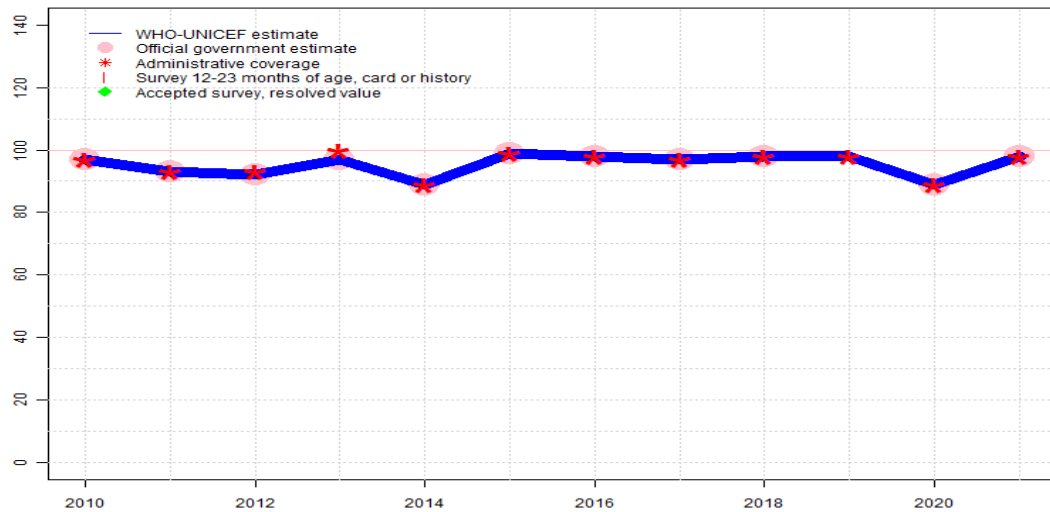
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

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# Qatar - DTP3

QAT - DTP3



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. Increase in coverage from prior year aligns with recovery from likely COVID-19 disruptions as well as a 9 percent decrease in the reported target population from 2020 level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Unexplained decrease in reported coverage due in part to an unexplained sudden increase in the reported target population from 2013 to 2014. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	97	93	92	97	89	99	98	97	98	98	89	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●
Official	97	93	92	97	89	99	98	97	98	NA	89	98
Administrative	97	93	93	100	89	99	98	97	98	98	89	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

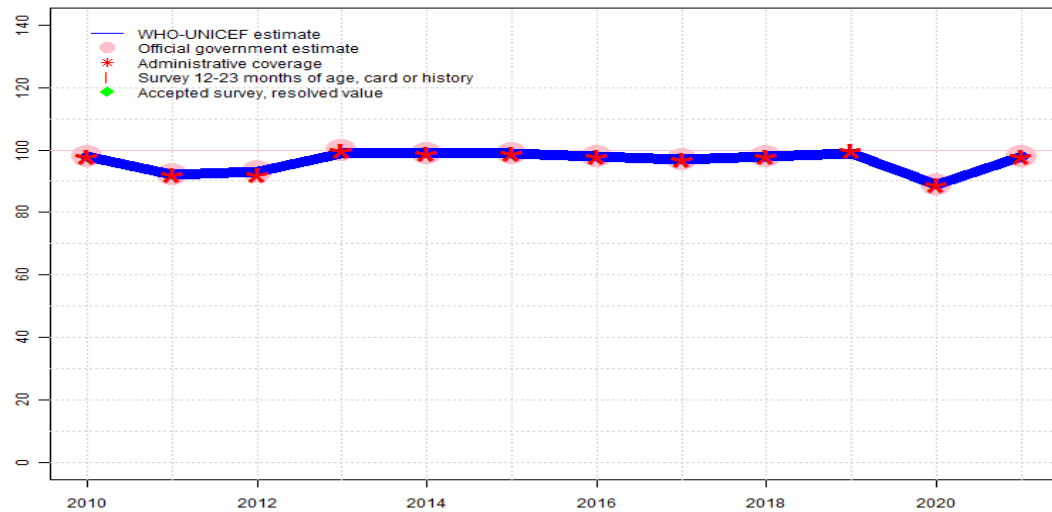
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
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# Qatar - Pol3

QAT - Pol3



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on reported administrative data. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	98	92	93	99	99	99	98	97	98	99	89	98
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	••	••	••
Official	98	92	93	100	99	99	98	97	98	NA	89	98
Administrative	98	92	92	100	99	99	98	97	98	100	89	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

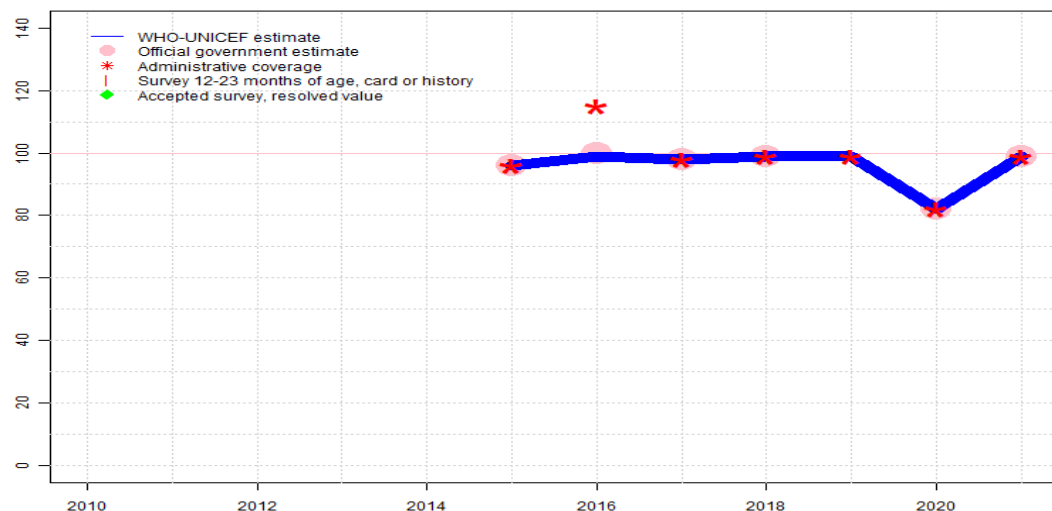
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# Qatar - IPV1

QAT - IPV1



## Description:

Estimates for a dose of inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) begin in 2015 following the Global Polio Eradication Initiative's Polio Eradication and Endgame Strategic Plan: 2013-2018 which recommended at least one full dose or two fractional doses of IPV into routine immunization schedules as a strategy to mitigate the potential consequences should any re-emergence of type 2 poliovirus occur following the planned withdrawal of Sabin type 2 strains from oral polio vaccine (OPV).

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. Increase in coverage from prior year aligns with recovery from likely COVID-19 disruptions as well as a 9 percent decrease in the reported target population from 2020 level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Inactivated polio vaccine in 2010 as part of a sequential schedule. Estimate challenged by: D-

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	96	99	98	99	99	82	99
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	•	•	••	••	•	••	••
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	96	100	98	99	NA	82	99
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	96	115	98	99	99	82	99
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

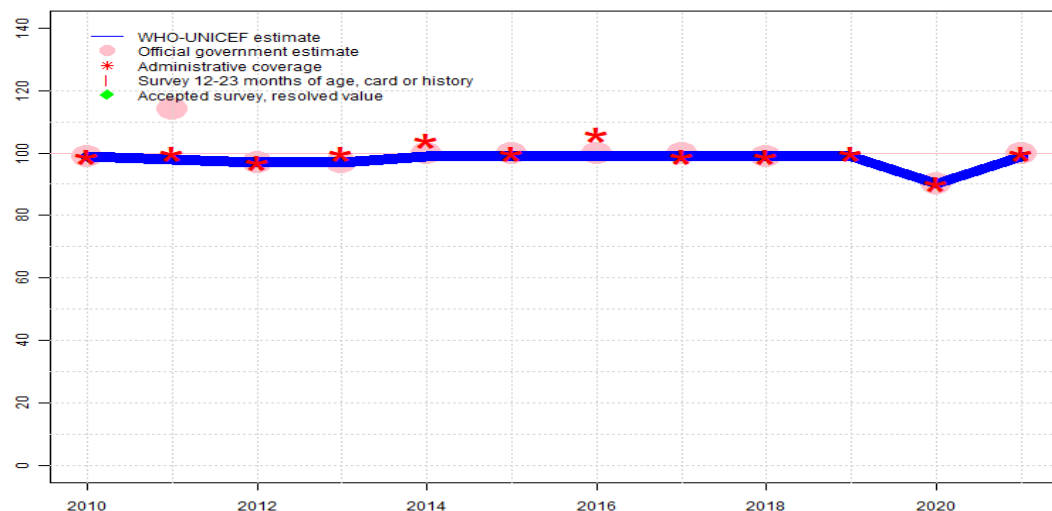
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- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

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# Qatar - MCV1

QAT - MCV1



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports one month vaccine stock-out at national level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. . GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on interpolation between data reported by national government. Reported data excluded because 114 percent greater than 100 percent. Reported data excluded due to an increase from 99 percent to 114 percent with decrease 97 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	99	98	97	97	99	99	99	99	99	99	90	99
Estimate GoC	●●	●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●
Official	99	114	97	97	100	100	100	100	99	NA	90	100
Administrative	99	100	97	100	104	100	106	99	99	100	90	100
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

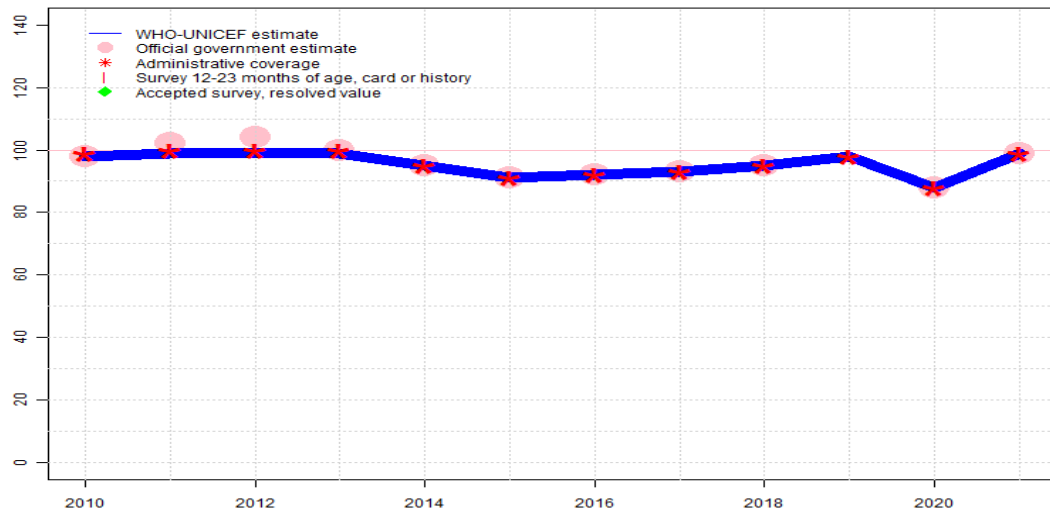
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- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

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# Qatar - MCV2

QAT - MCV2



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	98	99	99	99	95	91	92	93	95	98	88	99
Estimate GoC	•	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	••	••	••
Official	98	102	104	100	95	91	92	93	95	NA	88	99
Administrative	99	100	100	100	95	91	92	93	95	98	88	99
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

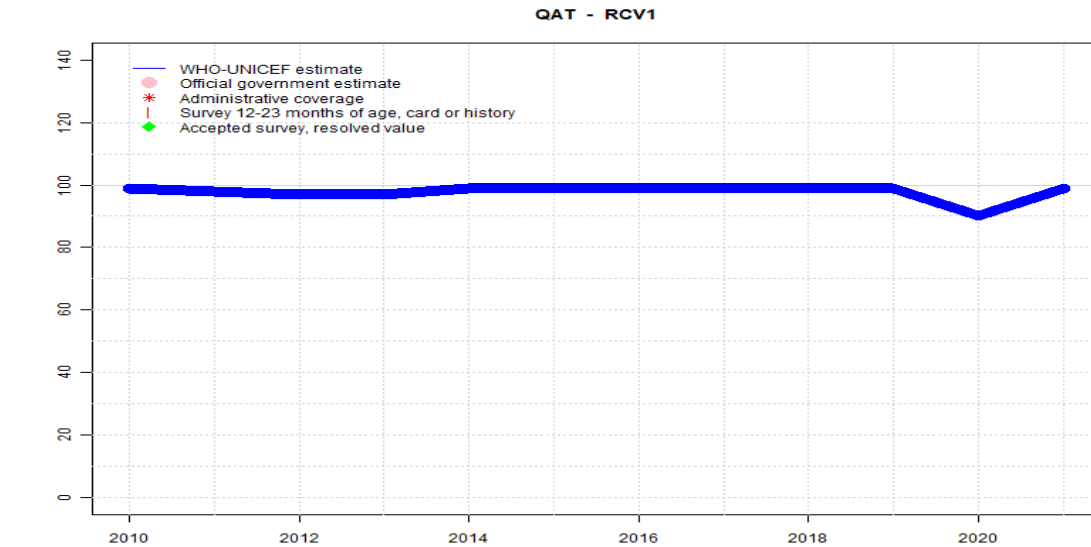
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

Coverage estimates for the second dose of measles containing vaccine are for children by the nationally recommended age.

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. Increase in coverage from prior year aligns with recovery from likely COVID-19 disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 88 percent changed from previous revision value of 90 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports one month vaccine stock-out at national level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on interpolation between reported values. Reported data excluded because 104 percent greater than 100 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on interpolation between reported values. Reported data excluded because 102 percent greater than 100 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-

# Qatar - RCV1



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	99	98	97	97	99	99	99	99	99	99	90	99
Estimate GoC	••	•	••	••	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	••
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

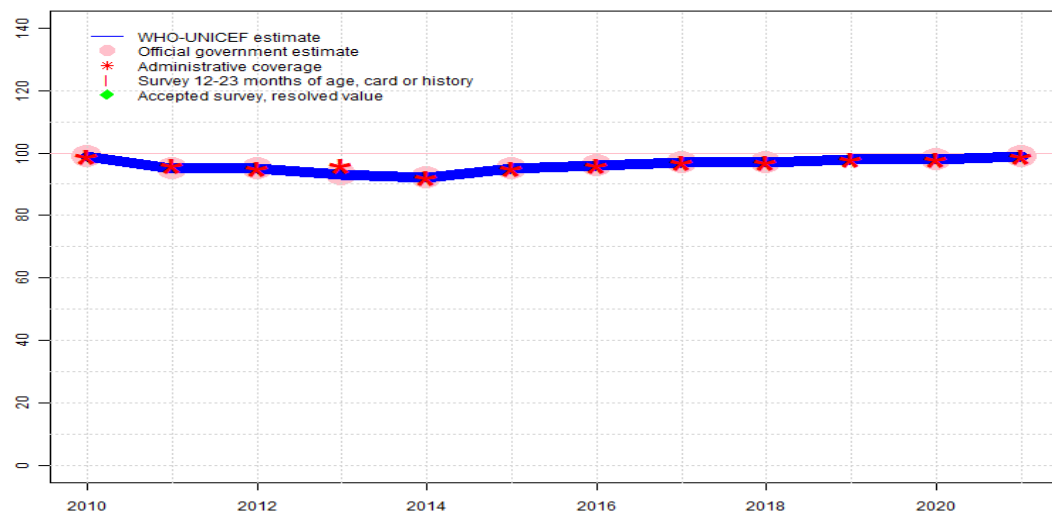
## Description:

For this revision, coverage estimates for the first dose of rubella containing vaccine are based on WHO and UNICEF estimates of coverage of measles containing vaccine. Nationally reported coverage of rubella containing vaccine is not taken into consideration nor are they represented in the the accompanying graph and data table.

- 2021: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: . Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Programme reports one month vaccine stock-out at national level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2015: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on estimated MCV1. GoC=R+ D+

# Qatar - HepBB

QAT - HepBB



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	99	95	95	93	92	95	96	97	97	98	98	99
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	••	••	••
Official	99	95	95	93	92	95	96	97	97	NA	98	99
Administrative	99	96	95	96	92	95	96	97	97	98	98	99
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

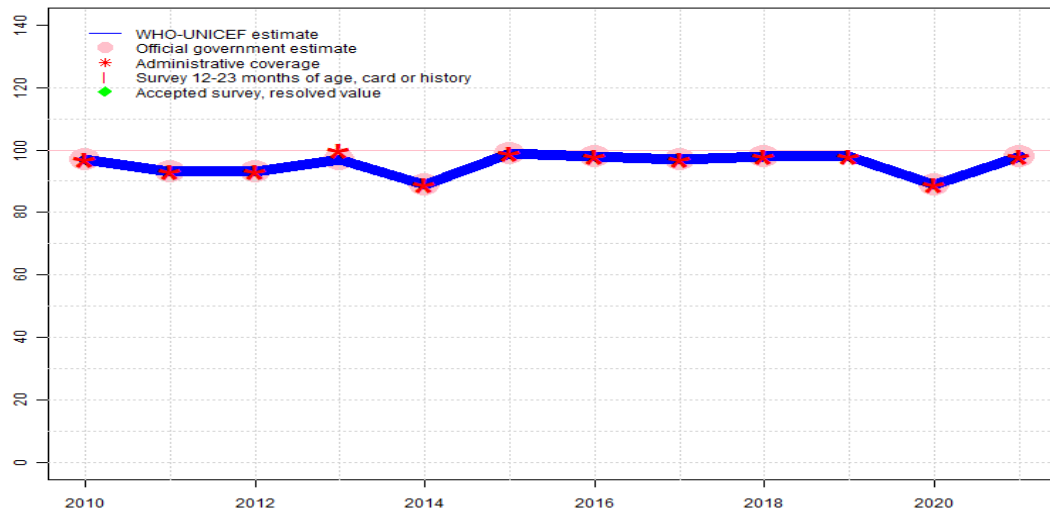
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Qatar - HepB3

QAT - HepB3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	97	93	93	97	89	99	98	97	98	98	89	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●
Official	97	93	93	97	89	99	98	97	98	NA	89	98
Administrative	97	93	93	100	89	99	98	97	98	98	89	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

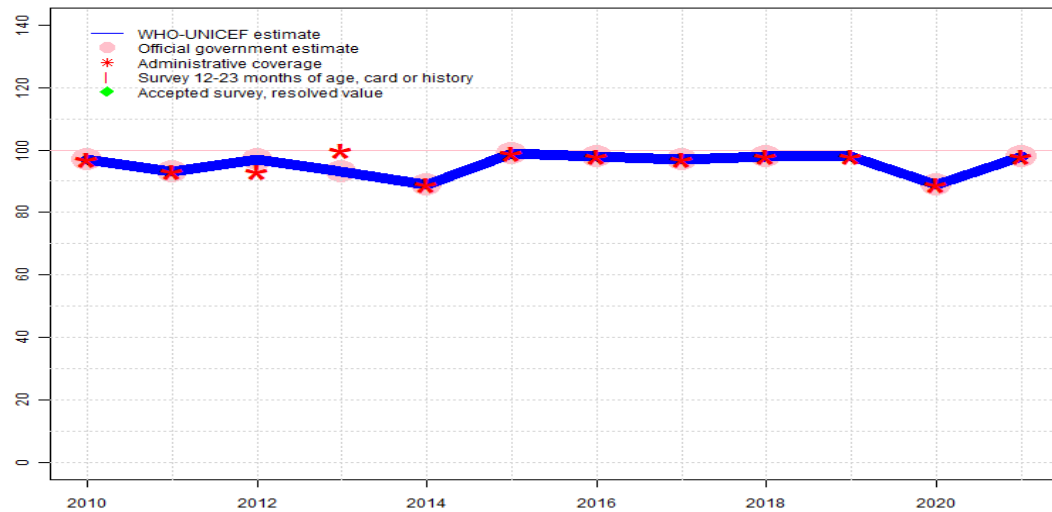
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. Increase in coverage from prior year aligns with recovery from likely COVID-19 disruptions as well as a 9 percent decrease in the reported target population from 2020 level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Unexplained decrease in reported coverage due in part to an unexplained sudden increase in the reported target population from 2013 to 2014. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

# Qatar - Hib3

QAT - Hib3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	97	93	97	93	89	99	98	97	98	98	89	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	●●
Official	97	93	97	93	89	99	98	97	98	NA	89	98
Administrative	97	93	93	100	89	99	98	97	98	98	89	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

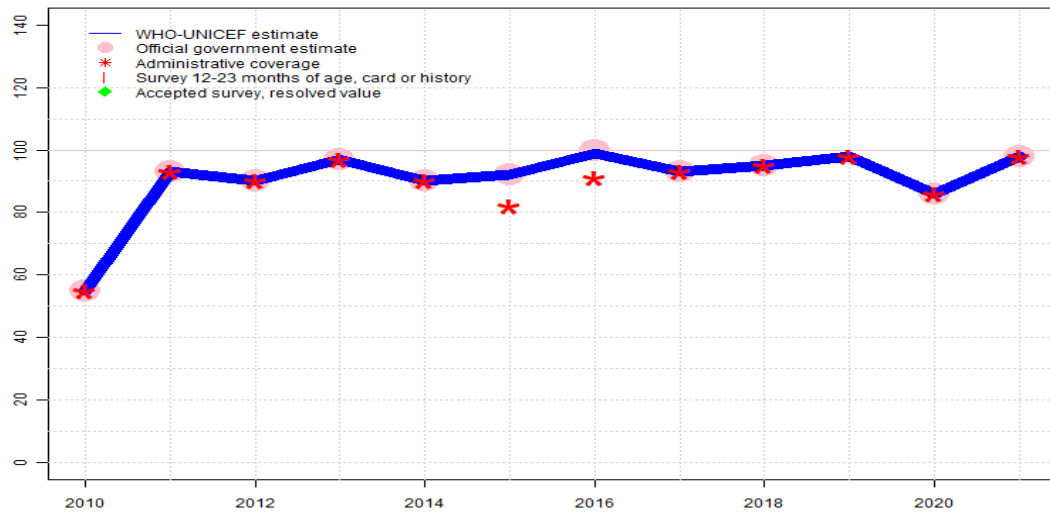
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. Increase in coverage from prior year aligns with recovery from likely COVID-19 disruptions as well as a 9 percent decrease in the reported target population from 2020 level. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 89 percent changed from previous revision value of 82 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Unexplained decrease in reported coverage due in part to an unexplained sudden increase in the reported target population from 2013 to 2014. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

# Qatar - RotaC

QAT - RotaC



## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 86 percent changed from previous revision value of 83 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. GoC=R+ D+
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	55	93	90	97	90	92	99	93	95	98	86	98
Estimate GoC	•	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••
Official	55	93	90	97	90	92	100	93	95	NA	86	98
Administrative	55	93	90	97	90	82	91	93	95	98	86	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

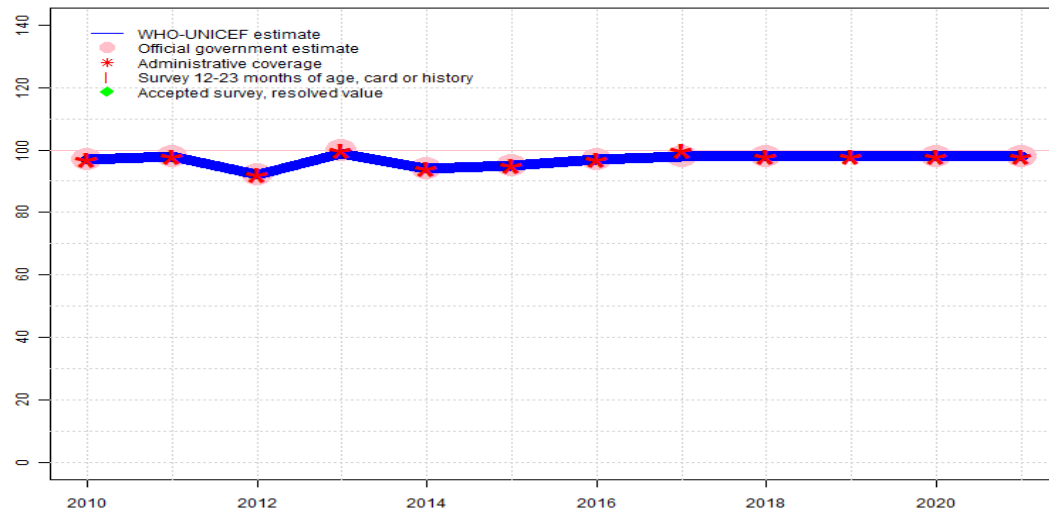
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Qatar - PcV3

QAT - PcV3



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Estimate	97	98	92	99	94	95	97	98	98	98	98	98
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	•	••	••
Official	97	98	92	100	94	95	97	98	98	NA	98	98
Administrative	97	98	92	100	94	95	97	100	98	98	98	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2022 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2021: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. No nationally representative household survey within the last 5 years. WHO and UNICEF are aware of a planned MICS and national immunization coverage survey and await the final results. GoC=R+ D+
- 2020: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Programme reports vaccine stock-out of unspecified duration. Decline in reported coverage for most vaccine doses is unexplained by country but aligns with COVID-19 pandemic service disruptions. Estimate of 98 percent changed from previous revision value of 70 percent. GoC=R+ D+
- 2019: Estimate is based on data reported in 2018 and in line with coverage trend observed for vaccine doses with data reported for 2019. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2018: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2017: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2016: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2015: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2014: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Unexplained decrease in reported coverage due in part to an unexplained sudden increase in the reported target population from 2013 to 2014. GoC=R+ D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+ D+

# Qatar - survey details

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1997 Qatar Familiy Health Survey 1998, 2000

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	Card or History	95.9	12-23 m	724	89
DTP1	Card or History	95.4	12-23 m	724	89
DTP3	Card or History	90.5	12-23 m	724	89

HepB1	Card or History	90.5	12-23 m	724	89
HepB3	Card or History	85.1	12-23 m	724	89
MCV1	Card or History	89.8	12-23 m	724	89
Pol1	Card or History	93.6	12-23 m	724	89
Pol3	Card or History	88.3	12-23 m	724	89

Further information and estimates for previous years are available at:  
<https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-health/immunization/>  
<https://immunizationdata.who.int/listing.html>