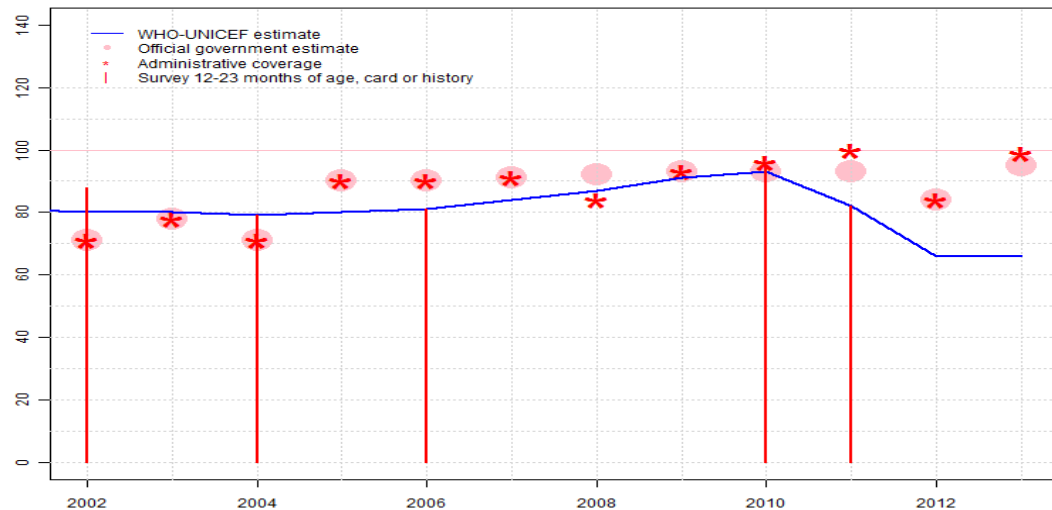


# Guinea - BCG

GIN - BCG



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	80	80	79	80	81	84	87	91	93	82	66	66
Estimate GoC	•	•	•	•	•	••	••	••	•••	•	•	•
Official	71	78	71	90	90	91	92	93	93	93	84	95
Administrative	71	78	71	90	90	91	84	93	96	100	84	99
Survey	88	NA	79	NA	81	NA	NA	NA	96	82	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

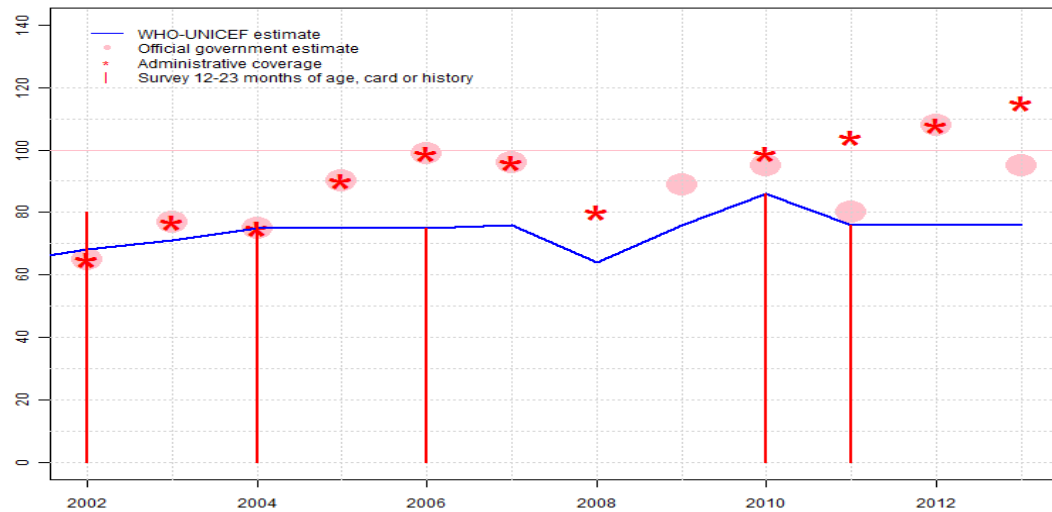
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Survey results ignored. Sample size 0 less than 300. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2003: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2004: Estimate is based on survey results Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2005: Estimate based on interpolation between 2004 and 2006 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2006: Estimate is based on survey results Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2007: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. GoC=S+ D+
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. One-month vaccine shortage reported. Nationally reported data not sufficient to calculate stock-out adjustment. GoC=S+ D+
- 2009: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. GoC=S+ D+
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 96 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2011: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 82 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 82 percent changed from previous revision value of 93 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Decline in coverage may be attributable to 4 months vaccine shortage in all districts. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 66 percent changed from previous revision value of 84 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. Change in reported coverage from 84 level to 99 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-

# Guinea - DTP1

GIN - DTP1



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	68	71	75	75	75	76	64	76	86	76	76	76
Estimate GoC	•	•	•••	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	65	77	75	90	99	96	NA	89	95	80	108	95
Administrative	65	77	75	90	99	96	80	NA	99	104	108	115
Survey	80	NA	77	NA	75	NA	NA	NA	86	76	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

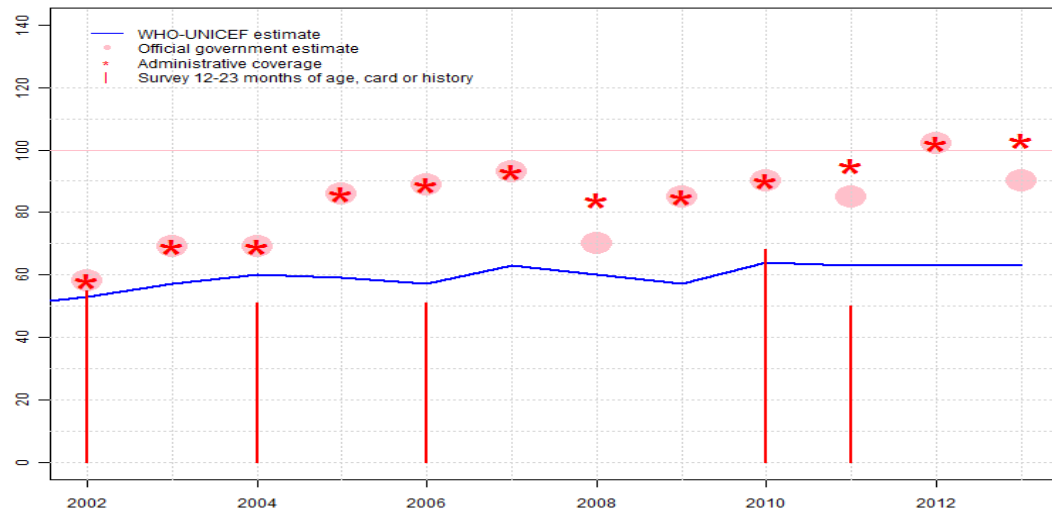
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Survey results ignored. Sample size 0 less than 300. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2003: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government supported by survey. Survey evidence of 77 percent based on 1 survey(s). GoC=R+ S+ D+
- 2005: Estimate based on interpolation between 2004 and 2006 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2006: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 75 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2007: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. One-month vaccine shortage reported. Nationally reported data not sufficient to calculate stock-out adjustment. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. GoC=Assigned by working group. Number of children vaccinated not reported; unable to recalculate coverage using an independent denominator.
- 2010: Estimate is based on survey results. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2011: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 76 percent based on 1 survey(s). Reported data excluded. 104 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 76 percent changed from previous revision value of 86 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 108 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 76 percent changed from previous revision value of 86 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 115 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-

# Guinea - DTP3

GIN - DTP3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	53	57	60	59	57	63	60	57	64	63	63	63
Estimate GoC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	58	69	69	86	89	93	70	85	90	85	102	90
Administrative	58	69	69	86	89	93	84	85	90	95	102	103
Survey	55	NA	51	NA	51	NA	NA	NA	68	50	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Survey results ignored. Sample size 0 less than 300. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2003: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2004: Estimate is based on survey results Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 2005 card or history results of 51 percent modified for recall bias to 60 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 77 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 51 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 40 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2005: Estimate based on interpolation between 2004 and 2006 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2006: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 57 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea 2008 National Survey on Nutrition and Principal Indicators of Child Survival, Preliminary Report card or history results of 51 percent modified for recall bias to 57 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 75 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 47 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 36 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2007: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Reported data excluded. Decline in reported coverage from 93 percent to 70 percent with increase to 85 percent. One-month vaccine shortage reported. Nationally reported data not sufficient to calculate stock-out adjustment. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 64 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea EPI External Review 2011 card or history results of 68 percent modified for recall bias to 64 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 86 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 63 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 47 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2011: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 63 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea Demographic and Health and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012 card or history results of 50 percent modified for recall bias to 63 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 76 percent, 1st dose card only cover-

# Guinea - DTP3

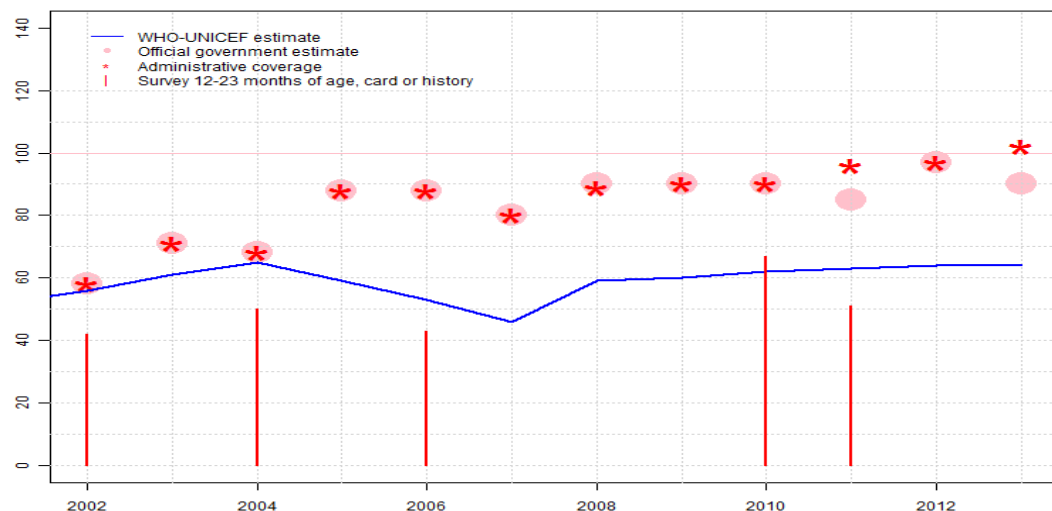
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age of 40 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 33 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 59 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-  
2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 102 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 59 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-

2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 103 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-

# Guinea - Pol3

GIN - Pol3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	56	61	65	59	53	46	59	60	62	63	64	64
Estimate GoC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	58	71	68	88	88	80	90	90	90	85	97	90
Administrative	58	71	68	88	88	80	89	90	90	96	97	102
Survey	42	NA	50	NA	43	NA	NA	NA	67	51	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Survey results ignored. Sample size 0 less than 300. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2003: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2004: Estimate is based on survey results Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 2005 card or history results of 50 percent modified for recall bias to 65 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 83 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 52 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 41 percent. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2005: Estimate based on interpolation between 2004 and 2006 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2006: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 53 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea 2008 National Survey on Nutrition and Principal Indicators of Child Survival, Preliminary Report card or history results of 43 percent modified for recall bias to 53 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 67 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 47 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 37 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2007: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-S-
- 2010: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 62 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea EPI External Review 2011 card or history results of 67 percent modified for recall bias to 62 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 85 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 63 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 46 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-S-
- 2011: Estimate is based on DTP3 level. Guinea Demographic and Health and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012 results ignored by working group. Survey results may reflect doses received during campaign. Guinea Demographic and Health and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012 card or history results of 51 percent modified for recall bias to 72 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 84 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 42 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 36 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed

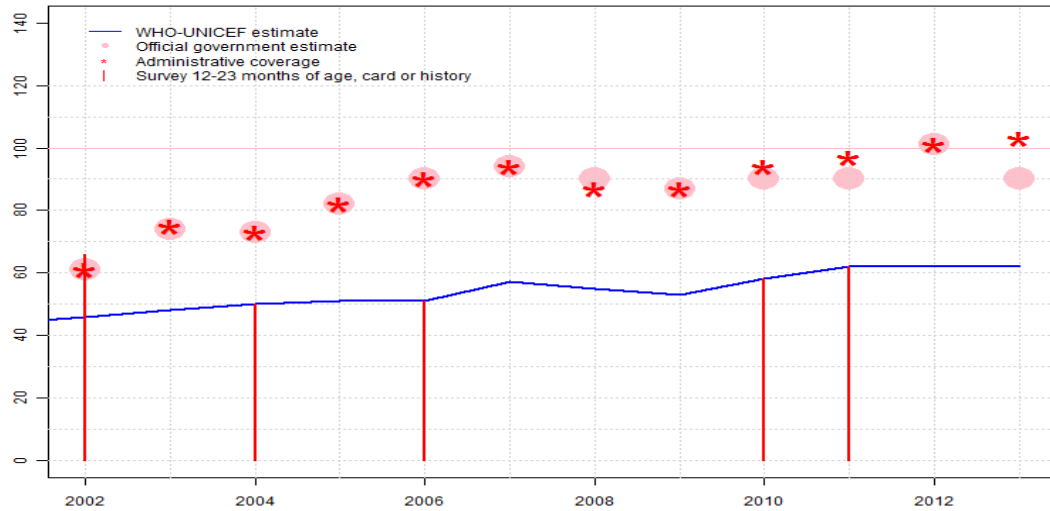
from previous revision value of 57 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-S-

2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 64 percent changed from previous revision value of 57 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-S-

2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 102 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-S-

# Guinea - MCV

GIN - MCV



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	46	48	50	51	51	57	55	53	58	62	62	62
Estimate GoC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	61	74	73	82	90	94	90	87	90	90	101	90
Administrative	61	75	73	82	90	94	87	87	94	97	101	103
Survey	66	NA	50	NA	51	NA	NA	NA	58	62	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

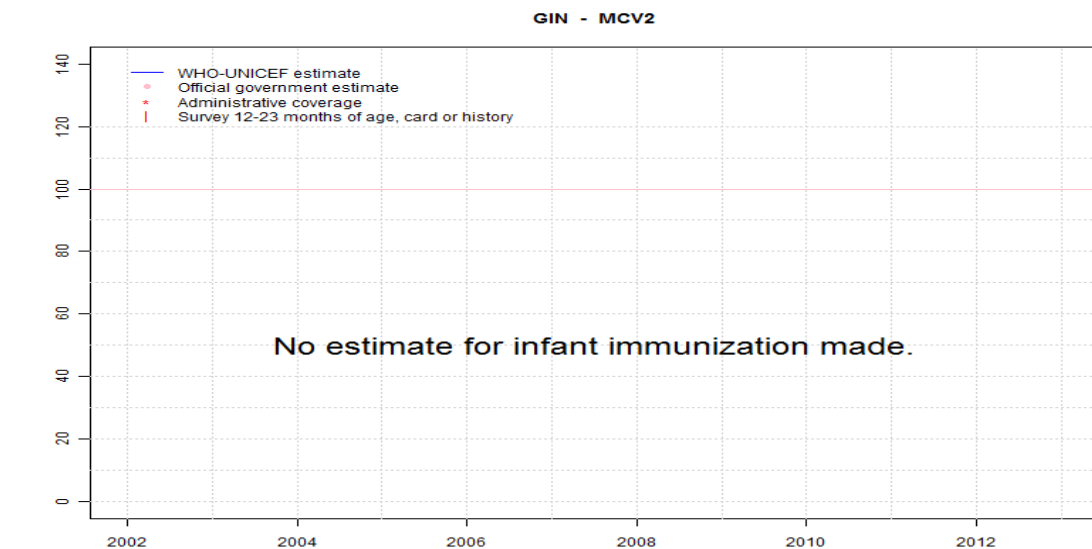
In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Survey results ignored. Sample size 0 less than 300. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2003: Estimate based on interpolation between 1999 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2004: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 50 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2005: Estimate based on interpolation between 2004 and 2006 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2006: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 51 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2007: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 58 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2011: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 62 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 62 percent changed from previous revision value of 58 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 101 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 62 percent changed from previous revision value of 58 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 103 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-



# Guinea - MCV2



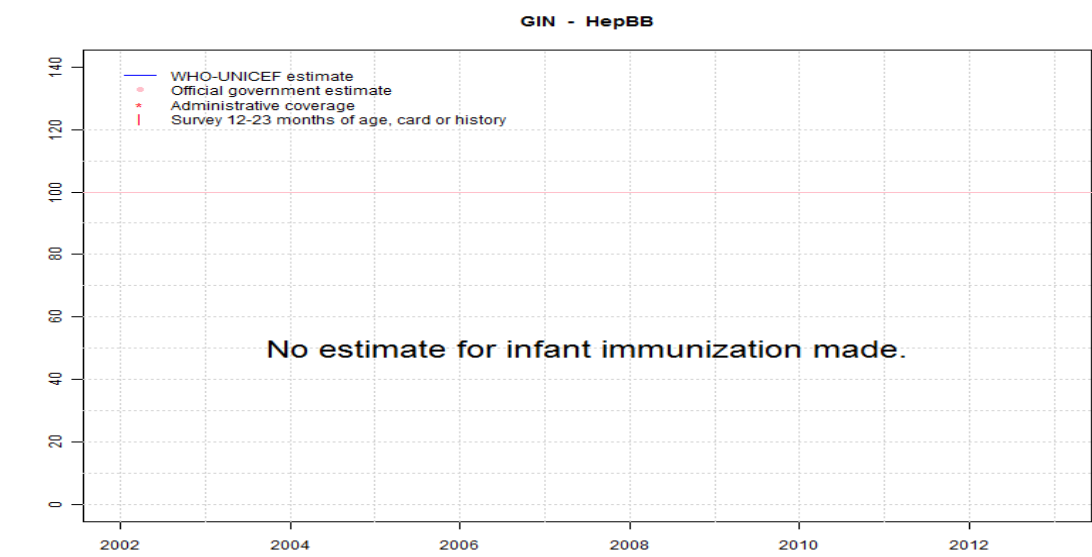
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Guinea - HepBB



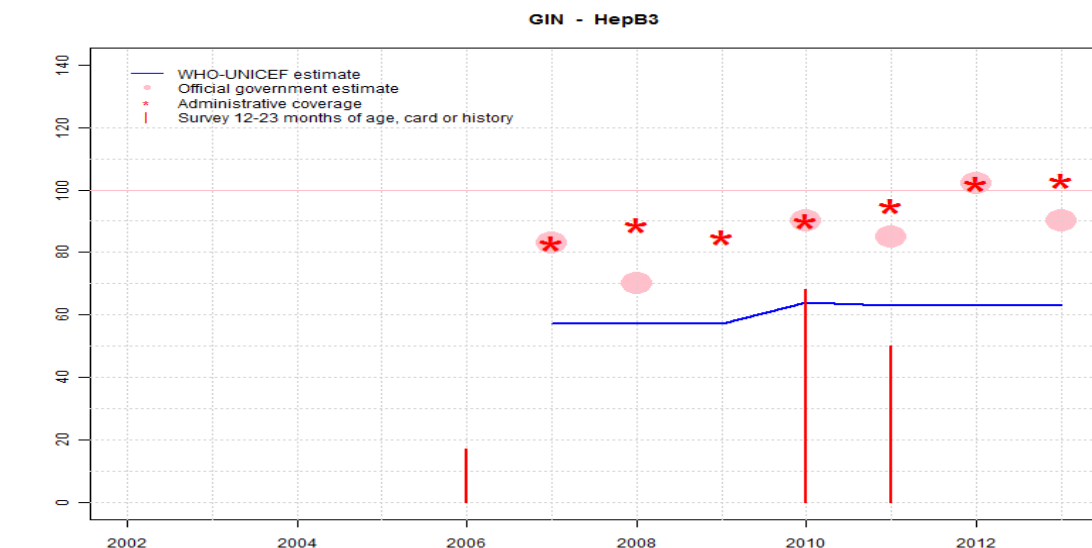
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Guinea - HepB3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	57	57	57	64	63	63	63
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	83	70	NA	90	85	102	90
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	83	89	85	90	95	102	103
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	17	NA	NA	NA	68	50	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

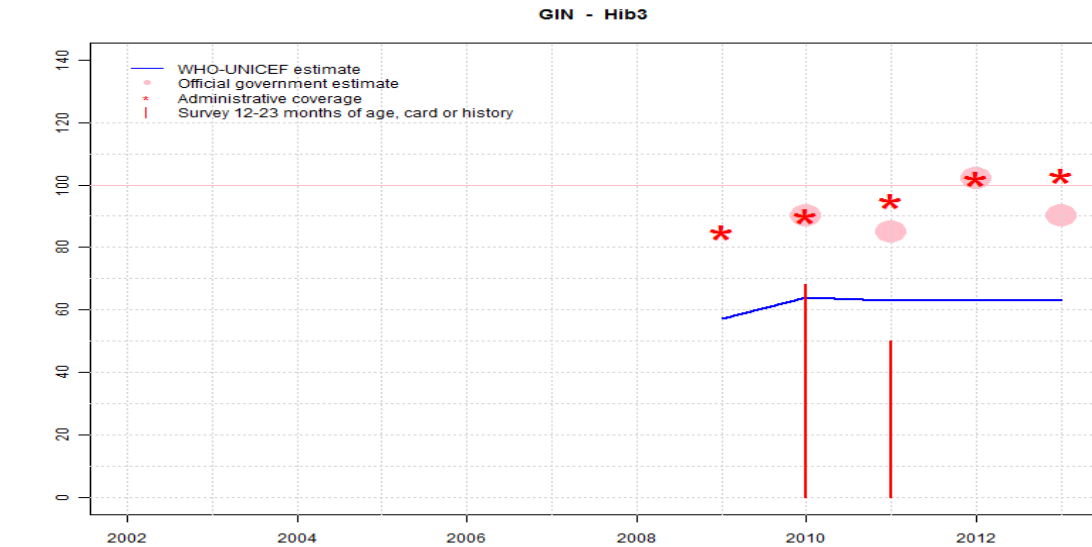
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2007: Estimate is based on DTP3 levels of coverage. HepB introduced in 2006. Reporting started in 2007. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2007 and 2009 levels. Reported data excluded. Decline in reported coverage from 83 percent to 70 percent with increase to 85 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate is based on DTP3 levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2010: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 64 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea EPI External Review 2011 card or history results of 68 percent modified for recall bias to 64 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 86 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 63 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 47 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2011: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 63 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea Demographic and Health and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012 card or history results of 50 percent modified for recall bias to 63 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 76 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 40 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 33 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 59 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 102 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 59 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 103 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-

# Guinea - Hib3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	57	64	63	63	63
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	•	•	•	•	•
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	90	85	102	90
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	85	90	95	102	103
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	68	50	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

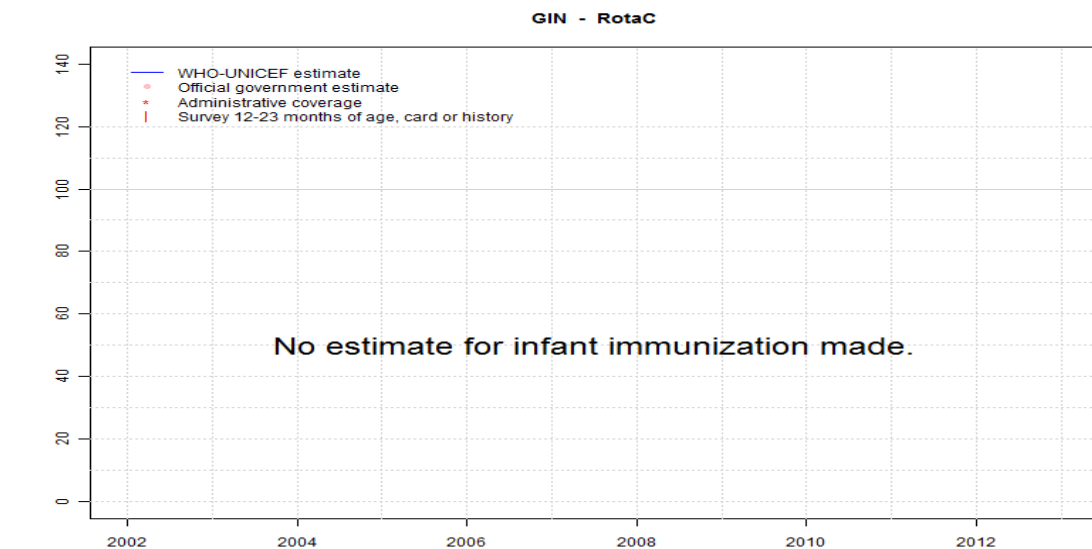
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2009: Estimate is based on DTP3 levels of coverage. Hib vaccine introduced in 2008. Reporting started in 2009. Vaccine presentation is DTP-HepB-Hib. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2010: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 64 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea EPI External Review 2011 card or history results of 68 percent modified for recall bias to 64 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 86 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 63 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 47 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2011: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 63 percent based on 1 survey(s). Guinea Demographic and Health and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012 card or history results of 50 percent modified for recall bias to 63 percent based on 1st dose card or history coverage of 76 percent, 1st dose card only coverage of 40 percent and 3d dose card only coverage of 33 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 59 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2012: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 102 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 59 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2011 levels. Reported data excluded. 103 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-

# Guinea - RotaC

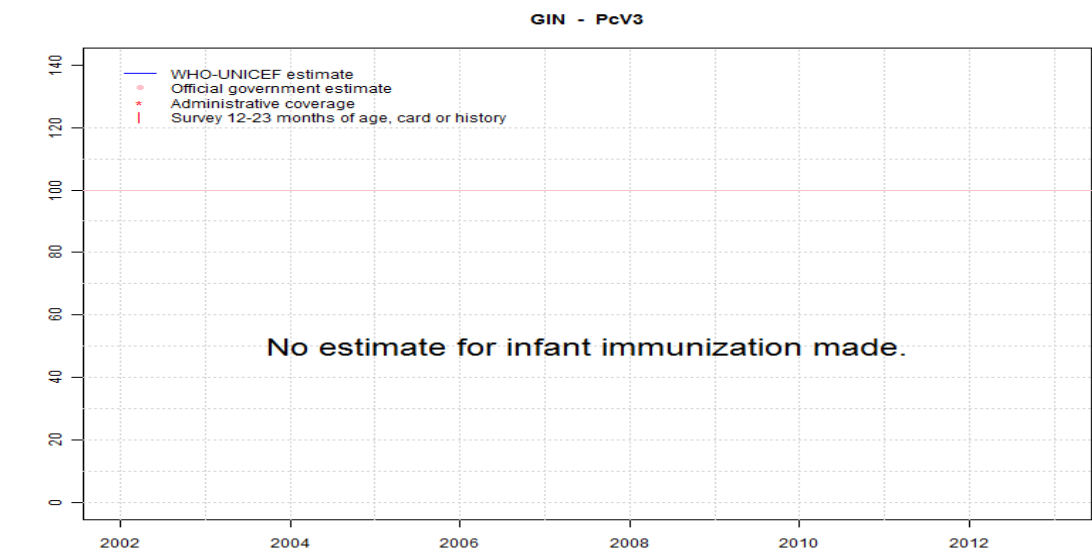


	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

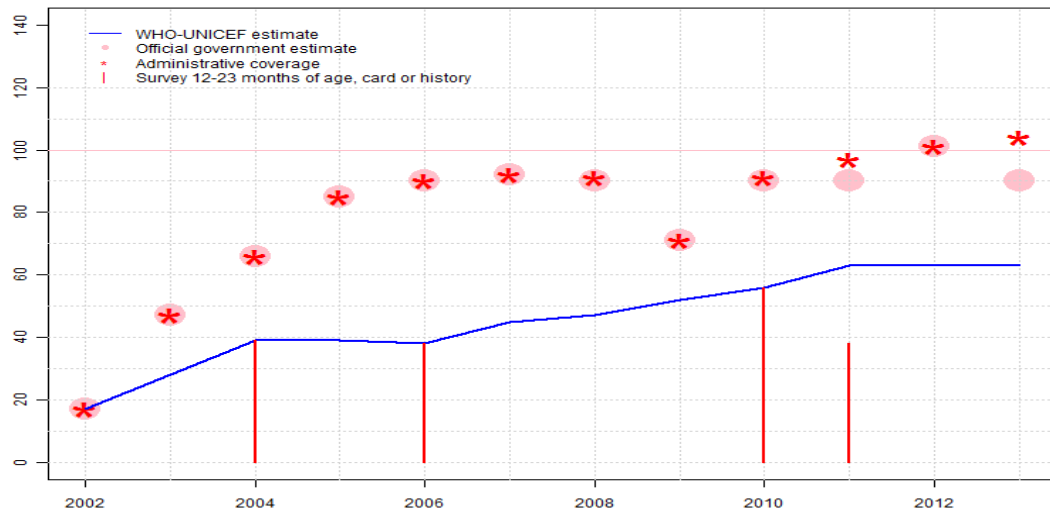
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

# Guinea - YFV

GIN - YFV



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	17	28	39	39	38	45	47	52	56	63	63	63
Estimate GoC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Official	17	47	66	85	90	92	90	71	90	90	101	90
Administrative	17	47	66	85	90	92	91	71	91	97	101	104
Survey	NA	NA	39	NA	38	NA	NA	NA	56	38	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

## Description:

- 2002: Estimates follows the reported data in the introduction year. YFV partially introduced in 2002 nationally in 2003 reporting started in 2002 Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2003: Estimate based on interpolation between 2002 and 2004 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2004: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 39 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2005: Estimate based on interpolation between 2004 and 2006 levels. Trends between survey and reporting data are inconsistent across antigens. Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2006: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 38 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-
- 2007: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2008: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Reported data calibrated to 2006 and 2010 levels. Reported data excluded. Decline in reported coverage from 90 percent to 71 percent with increase to 90 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-S-
- 2010: Survey evidence does not support reported data. Estimate based on survey results. Survey evidence of 56 percent based on 1 survey(s). Estimate challenged by: D-R-S-
- 2011: Reported data calibrated to 2010 levels. Guinea Demographic and Health and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012 results ignored by working group. Survey results for YFV are inconsistent with those for measles which is recommended around the same time. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 56 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-S-
- 2012: Reported data calibrated to 2010 levels. Reported data excluded. 101 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate of 63 percent changed from previous revision value of 56 percent. Estimate challenged by: D-S-
- 2013: Reported data calibrated to 2010 levels. Reported data excluded. 104 percent greater than 100 percent. Estimate follows trend in administrative coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-S-

# Guinea - survey details

## 2011 Enquête Démographique et de Santé et à Indicateurs Multiples (EDS-MICS-IV), Guinée 2012

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	82	12-23 m	1296	44
BCG	Card	43	12-23 m	570	44
BCG	Card or History	82	12-23 m	1296	44
BCG	History	39	12-23 m	726	44
DTP1	C or H <12 months	75	12-23 m	1296	44
DTP1	Card	40	12-23 m	570	44
DTP1	Card or History	76	12-23 m	1296	44
DTP1	History	36	12-23 m	726	44
DTP3	C or H <12 months	47	12-23 m	1296	44
DTP3	Card	33	12-23 m	570	44
DTP3	Card or History	50	12-23 m	1296	44
DTP3	History	17	12-23 m	726	44
HepB1	C or H <12 months	75	12-23 m	1296	44
HepB1	Card	40	12-23 m	570	44
HepB1	Card or History	76	12-23 m	1296	44
HepB1	History	36	12-23 m	726	44
HepB3	C or H <12 months	47	12-23 m	1296	44
HepB3	Card	33	12-23 m	570	44
HepB3	Card or History	50	12-23 m	1296	44
HepB3	History	17	12-23 m	726	44
Hib1	C or H <12 months	75	12-23 m	1296	44
Hib1	Card	40	12-23 m	570	44
Hib1	Card or History	76	12-23 m	1296	44
Hib1	History	36	12-23 m	726	44
Hib3	C or H <12 months	47	12-23 m	1296	44
Hib3	Card	33	12-23 m	570	44
Hib3	Card or History	50	12-23 m	1296	44
Hib3	History	17	12-23 m	726	44
MCV	C or H <12 months	50	12-23 m	1296	44
MCV	Card	32	12-23 m	570	44
MCV	Card or History	62	12-23 m	1296	44
MCV	History	30	12-23 m	726	44
Pol1	C or H <12 months	84	12-23 m	1296	44
Pol1	Card	42	12-23 m	570	44
Pol1	Card or History	84	12-23 m	1296	44

Pol1	History	42	12-23 m	726	44
Pol3	C or H <12 months	49	12-23 m	1296	44
Pol3	Card	36	12-23 m	570	44
Pol3	Card or History	51	12-23 m	1296	44
Pol3	History	15	12-23 m	726	44
YFV	C or H <12 months	31	12-23 m	1296	44
YFV	Card	11	12-23 m	570	44
YFV	Card or History	38	12-23 m	1296	44
YFV	History	26	12-23 m	726	44

## 2010 Enquête Démographique et de Santé et à Indicateurs Multiples (EDS-MICS-IV), Guinée 2012

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	82	24-35 m	1192	44
DTP1	C or H <12 months	74	24-35 m	1192	44
DTP3	C or H <12 months	48	24-35 m	1192	44
HepB1	C or H <12 months	74	24-35 m	1192	44
HepB3	C or H <12 months	48	24-35 m	1192	44
Hib1	C or H <12 months	74	24-35 m	1192	44
Hib3	C or H <12 months	48	24-35 m	1192	44
MCV	C or H <12 months	54	24-35 m	1192	44
Pol1	C or H <12 months	86	24-35 m	1192	44
Pol3	C or H <12 months	50	24-35 m	1192	44
YFV	C or H <12 months	29	24-35 m	1192	44

## 2010 Revue externe du programme elargi de vaccination de la Guinée, 2011

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	Card	91	12-23 m	8418	75
BCG	Card or History	96	12-23 m	8418	75
DTP1	Card	63	12-23 m	8418	75
DTP1	Card or History	86	12-23 m	8418	75
DTP3	Card	47	12-23 m	8418	75
DTP3	Card or History	68	12-23 m	8418	75
HepB1	Card	63	12-23 m	8418	75



# Guinea - survey details

HepB1	Card or History	86	12-23 m	8418	75
HepB3	Card	47	12-23 m	8418	75
HepB3	Card or History	68	12-23 m	8418	75
Hib1	Card	63	12-23 m	8418	75
Hib1	Card or History	86	12-23 m	8418	75
Hib3	Card	47	12-23 m	8418	75
Hib3	Card or History	68	12-23 m	8418	75
MCV	Card	40	12-23 m	8418	75
MCV	Card or History	58	12-23 m	8418	75
Pol1	Card	63	12-23 m	8418	75
Pol1	Card or History	85	12-23 m	8418	75
Pol3	Card	46	12-23 m	8418	75
Pol3	Card or History	67	12-23 m	8418	75
YFV	Card	39	12-23 m	8418	75
YFV	Card or History	56	12-23 m	8418	75

DTP1	C or H <12 months	76	48-59 m	1252	44
DTP3	C or H <12 months	45	48-59 m	1252	44
HepB1	C or H <12 months	76	48-59 m	1252	44
HepB3	C or H <12 months	45	48-59 m	1252	44
Hib1	C or H <12 months	76	48-59 m	1252	44
Hib3	C or H <12 months	45	48-59 m	1252	44
MCV	C or H <12 months	52	48-59 m	1252	44
Pol1	C or H <12 months	86	48-59 m	1252	44
Pol3	C or H <12 months	45	48-59 m	1252	44
YFV	C or H <12 months	31	48-59 m	1252	44

2006 Republique de Guinée, Enquête nationale sur l'état nutritionnel et le suivi des principaux indicateurs de survie de l'enfant, Rapport provisoire 2008

## 2009 Enquête Démographique et de Santé et à Indicateurs Multiples (EDS-MICS-IV), Guinée 2012

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	84	36-47 m	1253	44
DTP1	C or H <12 months	76	36-47 m	1253	44
DTP3	C or H <12 months	44	36-47 m	1253	44
HepB1	C or H <12 months	76	36-47 m	1253	44
HepB3	C or H <12 months	44	36-47 m	1253	44
Hib1	C or H <12 months	76	36-47 m	1253	44
Hib3	C or H <12 months	44	36-47 m	1253	44
MCV	C or H <12 months	53	36-47 m	1253	44
Pol1	C or H <12 months	87	36-47 m	1253	44
Pol3	C or H <12 months	47	36-47 m	1253	44
YFV	C or H <12 months	39	36-47 m	1253	44

## 2008 Enquête Démographique et de Santé et à Indicateurs Multiples (EDS-MICS-IV), Guinée 2012

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	82	48-59 m	1252	44

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	81	12-23 m	2474	52
BCG	Card	50	12-23 m	2474	52
BCG	Card or History	81	12-23 m	2474	52
BCG	History	31	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP1	C or H <12 months	66	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP1	Card	47	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP1	Card or History	75	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP1	History	28	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP3	C or H <12 months	43	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP3	Card	36	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP3	Card or History	51	12-23 m	2474	52
DTP3	History	14	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB1	C or H <12 months	20	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB1	Card	20	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB1	Card or History	32	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB1	History	12	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB3	C or H <12 months	11	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB3	Card	11	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB3	Card or History	17	12-23 m	2474	52
HepB3	History	6	12-23 m	2474	52
MCV	C or H <12 months	37	12-23 m	2474	52
MCV	Card	32	12-23 m	2474	52

# Guinea - survey details

MCV	Card or History	51	12-23 m	2474	52
MCV	History	19	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol1	C or H <12 months	60	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol1	Card	47	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol1	Card or History	67	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol1	History	20	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol3	C or H <12 months	36	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol3	Card	37	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol3	Card or History	43	12-23 m	2474	52
Pol3	History	6	12-23 m	2474	52
YFV	C or H <12 months	24	12-23 m	2474	52
YFV	Card	24	12-23 m	2474	52
YFV	Card or History	38	12-23 m	2474	52
YFV	History	14	12-23 m	2474	52

## 2004 Enquête Démographique et de Santé, Guinée, 2005

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	79	12-23 m	1118	54
BCG	Card	52	12-23 m	1118	54
BCG	Card or History	79	12-23 m	1118	54
BCG	History	27	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP1	C or H <12 months	77	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP1	Card	51	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP1	Card or History	77	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP1	History	26	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP3	C or H <12 months	49	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP3	Card	40	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP3	Card or History	51	12-23 m	1118	54
DTP3	History	11	12-23 m	1118	54
MCV	C or H <12 months	43	12-23 m	1118	54
MCV	Card	34	12-23 m	1118	54
MCV	Card or History	50	12-23 m	1118	54
MCV	History	16	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol1	C or H <12 months	83	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol1	Card	52	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol1	Card or History	83	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol1	History	31	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol3	C or H <12 months	48	12-23 m	1118	54

Pol3	Card	41	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol3	Card or History	50	12-23 m	1118	54
Pol3	History	9	12-23 m	1118	54
YFV	C or H <12 months	33	12-23 m	1118	54
YFV	Card	27	12-23 m	1118	54
YFV	Card or History	39	12-23 m	1118	54
YFV	History	12	12-23 m	1118	54

## 2002 Guinea MICS 2003

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	Card or History	88	12-23 m	-	53
DTP1	Card or History	80	12-23 m	-	53
DTP3	Card or History	55	12-23 m	-	53
MCV	Card or History	66	12-23 m	-	53
Pol1	Card or History	76	12-23 m	-	53
Pol3	Card or History	42	12-23 m	-	53

## 1999 Revue du Programme Elargi de Vaccination, Guinea 2000

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	Card or History	82	12-23 m	707	-
DTP1	Card or History	57	12-23 m	707	-
DTP3	Card or History	43	12-23 m	707	-
MCV	Card or History	40	12-23 m	707	-
Pol1	Card or History	56	12-23 m	707	-
Pol3	Card or History	43	12-23 m	707	-

## 1998 Enquête Démographique et de Santé Guinée 1999

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	76	12-23 m	921	46
BCG	Card	46	12-23 m	921	46
BCG	Card or History	76	12-23 m	921	46
BCG	History	30	12-23 m	921	46
DTP1	C or H <12 months	71	12-23 m	921	46
DTP1	Card	44	12-23 m	921	46

# Guinea - survey details

DTP1	Card or History	72	12-23 m	921	46
DTP1	History	28	12-23 m	921	46
DTP3	C or H <12 months	43	12-23 m	921	46
DTP3	Card	35	12-23 m	921	46
DTP3	Card or History	46	12-23 m	921	46
DTP3	History	11	12-23 m	921	46
MCV	C or H <12 months	44	12-23 m	921	46
MCV	Card	32	12-23 m	921	46
MCV	Card or History	52	12-23 m	921	46
MCV	History	20	12-23 m	921	46
Pol1	C or H <12 months	74	12-23 m	921	46
Pol1	Card	45	12-23 m	921	46
Pol1	Card or History	75	12-23 m	921	46
Pol1	History	30	12-23 m	921	46
Pol3	C or H <12 months	40	12-23 m	921	46
Pol3	Card	35	12-23 m	921	46
Pol3	Card or History	43	12-23 m	921	46

Pol3	History	8	12-23 m	921	46
YFV	C or H <12 months	7	12-23 m	921	46
YFV	Card	4	12-23 m	921	46
YFV	Card or History	8	12-23 m	921	46
YFV	History	4	12-23 m	921	46

## 1997 Enquête Démographique et de Santé Guinée 1999

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	C or H <12 months	74	24-35 m	985	46
DTP1	C or H <12 months	67	24-35 m	985	46
DTP3	C or H <12 months	39	24-35 m	985	46
MCV	C or H <12 months	39	24-35 m	985	46
Pol1	C or H <12 months	68	24-35 m	985	46
Pol3	C or H <12 months	33	24-35 m	985	46

Further information and estimates prior to 2002 are available at:

<http://www.data.unicef.org/child-health/immunization>

[http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring\\_surveillance/routine/coverage/en/index4.html](http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/routine/coverage/en/index4.html)

## Guinea

### WHO/UNICEF Estimates of Protection at Birth (PAB) against tetanus

In countries where tetanus is recommended for girls and women coverage is usually reported as "TT2+", i.e. the proportion of (pregnant) women who have received their second or superior TT dose in a given year. TT2 + coverage, however, can under-represent the actual proportion of births that are protected against tetanus as it does not include women who have previously received protective doses, women who received one dose without documentation of previous doses, and women who received doses in TT (or Td) supplemental immunization activities (SIA). In addition, girls who have received DTP in their childhood and are entering childbearing age, may be protected with TT booster doses.

WHO and UNICEF have developed a model that takes into account the above scenarios, and calculates the proportion of births in a given year that can be considered as having been protected against tetanus - "Protection at Birth".

In this model, annual cohorts of women are followed from infancy through their life. A proportion receive DTP in infancy (estimated based on the WHO-UNICEF estimates of DTP3 coverage). In addition some of these women also receive TT through routine services when they are pregnant and may also receive TT during SIAs. The model also adjusts reported data, taking into account coverage patterns in other years, and/or results available through surveys. The duration of protection is then calculated, based on WHO estimates of the duration of protection by doses ever received. The proportion of births that are protected against tetanus as a result of maternal immunization reflects the tetanus immunization received by the mother throughout her life rather than simply the TT immunizations received during the current pregnancy.

Year	PAB coverage estimate (%)
2002	80
2003	85
2004	86
2005	90
2006	95
2007	95
2008	96
2009	96
2010	90
2011	80
2012	80
2013	80

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<sup>1</sup> This model is described in: Griffiths U., Wolfson L., Quddus A., Younus M., Hafiz R.. Incremental cost-effectiveness of supplementary immunization activities to prevent neo-natal tetanus in Pakistan. Bulletin of the World Health Organization 2004; 82:643-651.