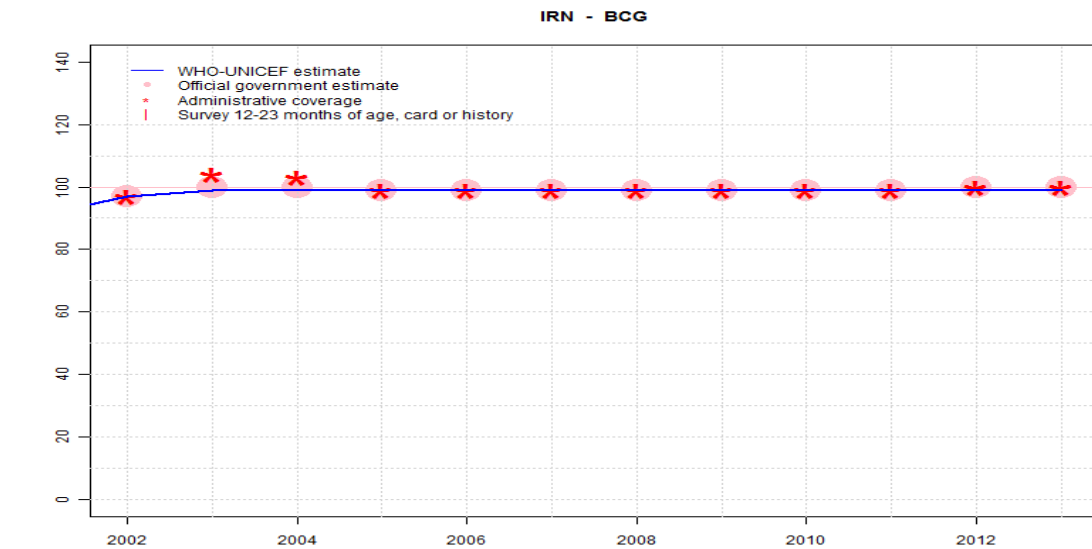


Iran (Islamic Republic of) - BCG



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	97	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●	●●
Official	97	100	100	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	100	100
Administrative	97	104	103	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	100	100
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

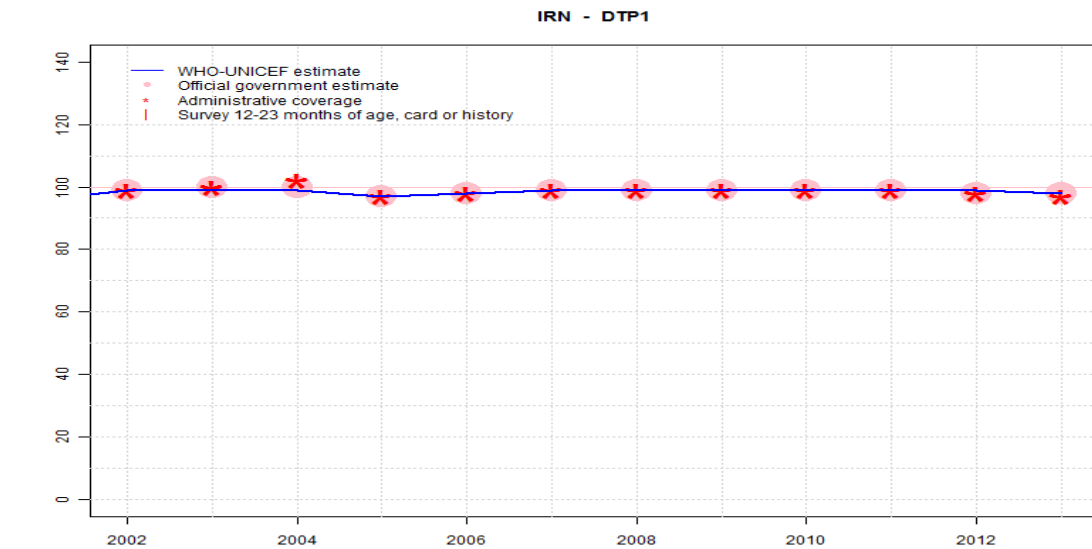
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - DTP1



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	99	99	99	97	98	99	99	99	99	99	99	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●	●●
Official	99	100	100	97	98	99	99	99	99	99	98	98
Administrative	99	100	102	97	98	99	99	99	99	99	98	97
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

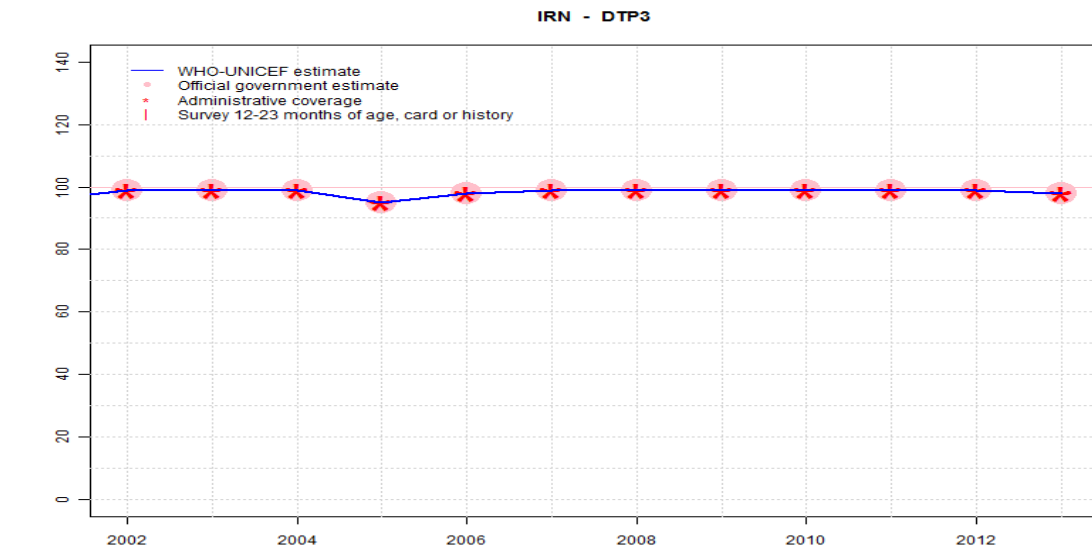
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: DTP1 coverage estimated based on DTP3 coverage of 99. Estimate challenged by: R-
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - DTP3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	99	99	99	95	98	99	99	99	99	99	99	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●	●●
Official	99	99	99	95	98	99	99	99	99	99	99	98
Administrative	99	99	99	95	98	99	99	99	99	99	99	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

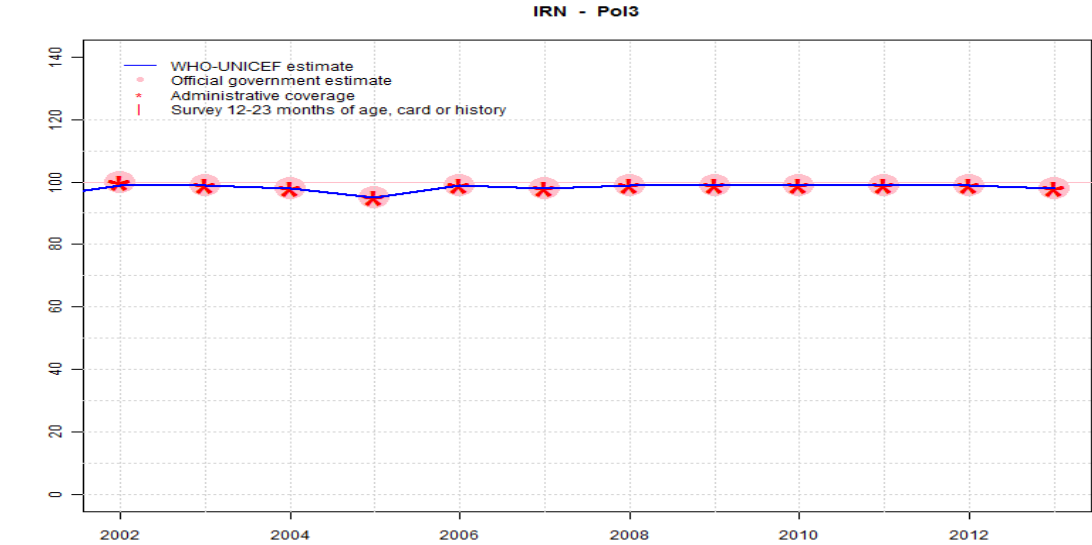
The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	99	99	98	95	99	98	99	99	99	99	99	98
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●	●●
Official	100	99	98	95	99	98	99	99	99	99	99	98
Administrative	100	99	98	95	99	98	99	99	99	99	99	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

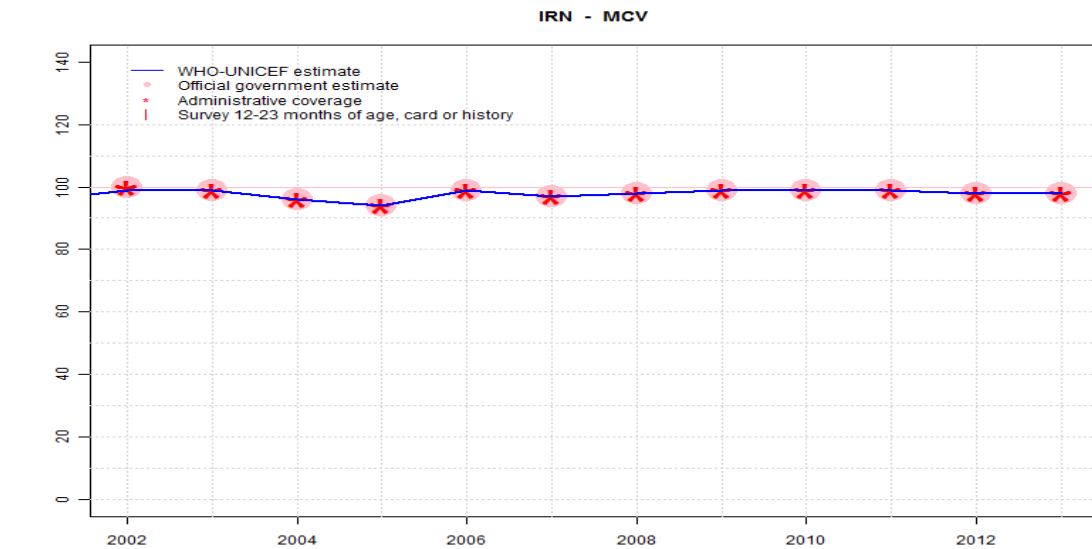
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - MCV



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	99	99	96	94	99	97	98	99	99	99	98	98
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	••	••
Official	100	99	96	94	99	97	98	99	99	99	98	98
Administrative	100	99	96	94	99	97	98	99	99	99	98	98
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

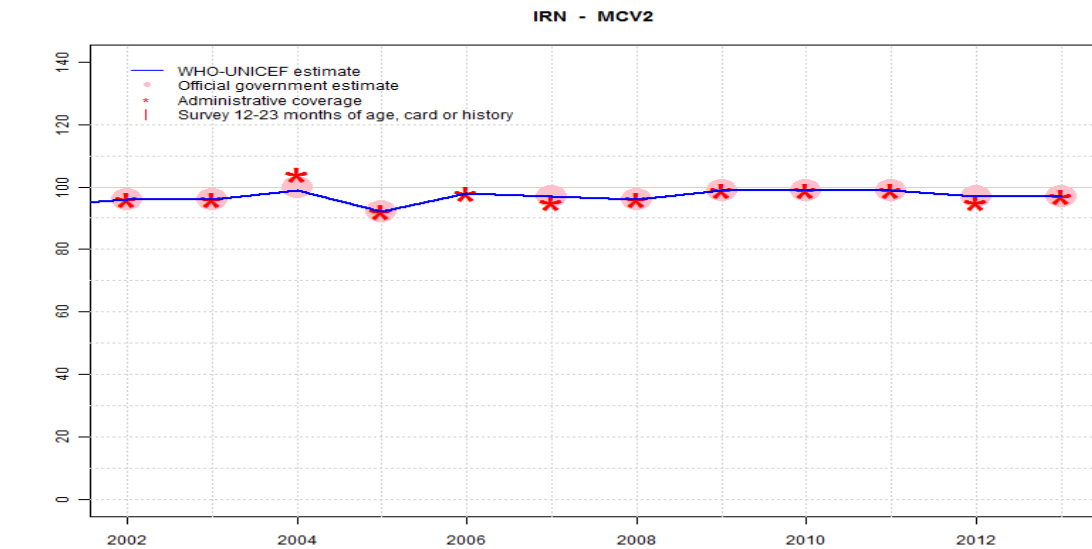
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - MCV2



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	96	96	99	92	98	97	96	99	99	99	97	97
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	•	•	•	•	•	••	••	••
Official	96	96	100	92	NA	97	96	99	99	99	97	97
Administrative	96	96	104	92	98	95	96	99	99	99	95	97
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

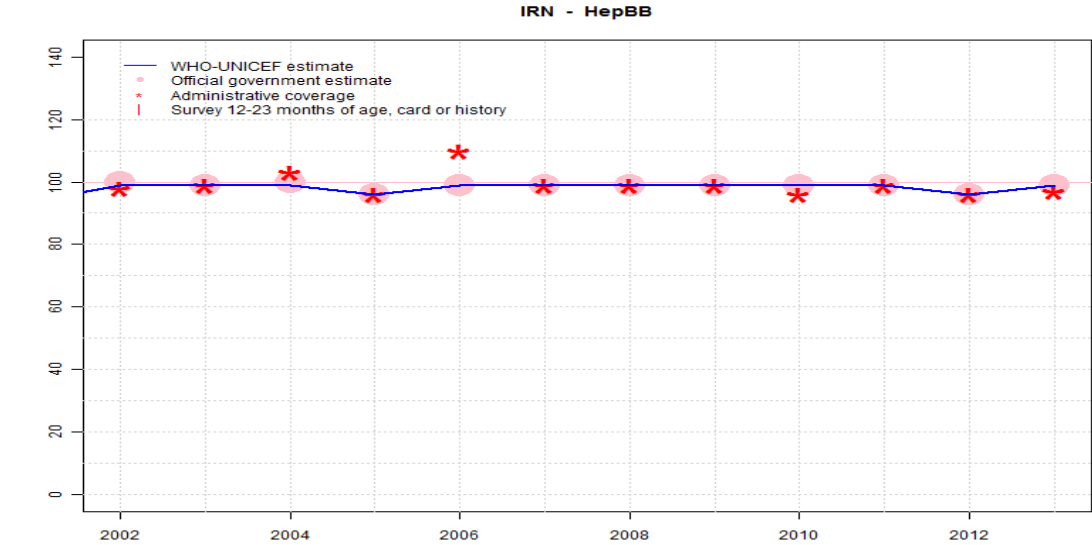
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

Coverage estimates for the second dose of measles containing vaccine are for children by the nationally recommended age.

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on reported administrative estimate. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	99	99	99	96	99	99	99	99	99	99	96	99
Estimate GoC	••	••	••	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	••	••
Official	100	99	100	96	99	99	99	99	99	99	96	99
Administrative	98	99	103	96	110	99	99	99	96	99	96	97
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

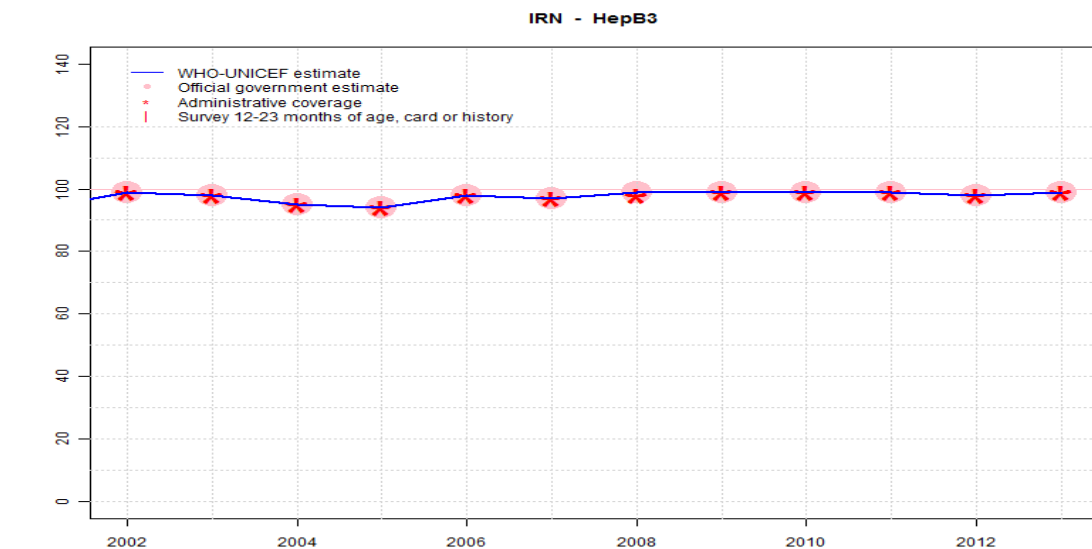
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - HepB3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	99	98	95	94	98	97	99	99	99	99	98	99
Estimate GoC	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●	●●
Official	99	98	95	94	98	97	99	99	99	99	98	99
Administrative	99	98	95	94	98	97	98	99	99	99	98	99
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

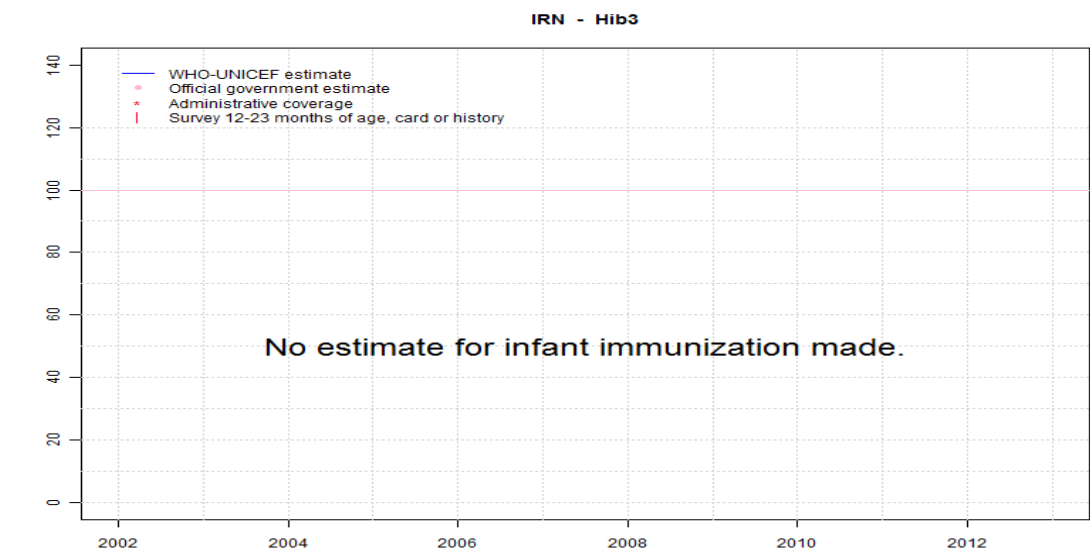
- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Description:

- 2002: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2003: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. In March 2005, Iran conducted 41 province specific coverage surveys (n=22 200), 97.8 percent cards seen, age group 15-26 months. Coverage for all infant vaccines greater than 99 percent) which supports reported data. GoC=R+D+
- 2004: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2005: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2006: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2007: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2008: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2009: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. The 2010 Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey results support reported high levels of coverage. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2010: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. Estimate challenged by: D-
- 2011: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2012: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+
- 2013: Estimate based on coverage reported by national government. GoC=R+D+

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - Hib3



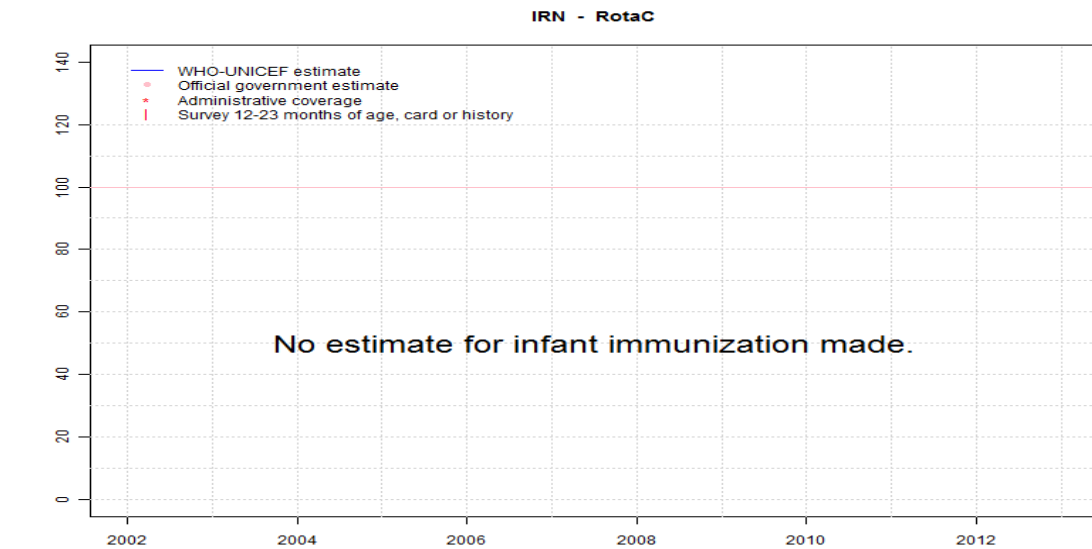
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - RotaC



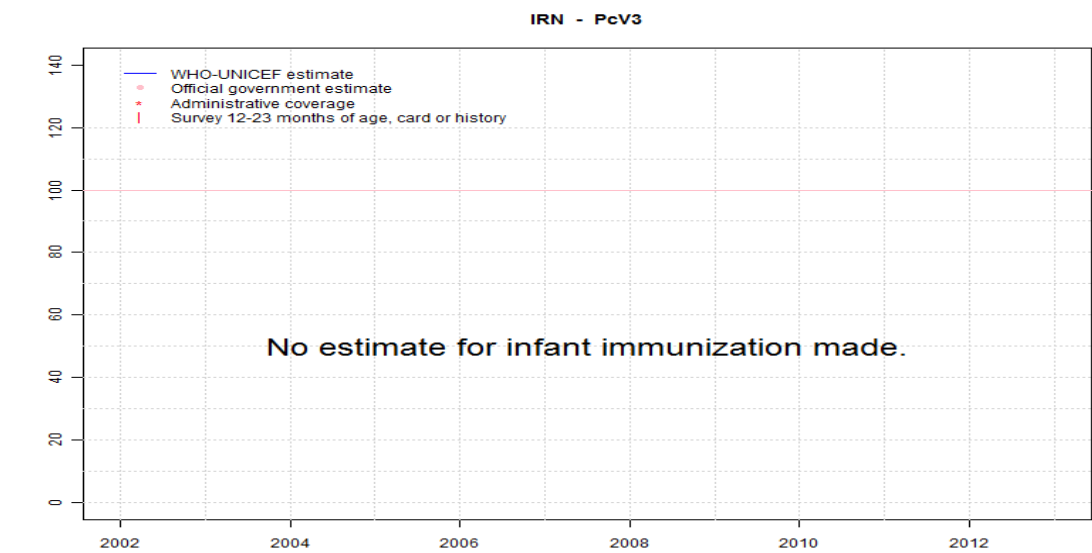
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - PcV3



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Estimate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Estimate GoC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Official	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Survey	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

The WHO and UNICEF estimates of national immunization coverage (wuenic) are based on data and information that are of varying, and, in some instances, unknown quality. Beginning with the 2011 revision we describe the grade of confidence (GoC) we have in these estimates. As there is no underlying probability model upon which the estimates are based, we are unable to present classical measures of uncertainty, e.g., confidence intervals. Moreover, we have chosen not to make subjective estimates of plausibility/certainty ranges around the coverage. The GoC reflects the degree of empirical support upon which the estimates are based. It is not a judgment of the quality of data reported by national authorities.

- Estimate is supported by reported data [R+], coverage recalculated with an independent denominator from the World Population Prospects: 2012 revision from the UN Population Division (D+), and at least one supporting survey within 2 years [S+]. While well supported, the estimate still carries a risk of being wrong.
- Estimate is supported by at least one data source; [R+], [S+], or [D+]; and no data source, [R-], [D-], or [S-], challenges the estimate.
- There are no directly supporting data; or data from at least one source; [R-], [D-], [S-]; challenge the estimate.

In all cases these estimates should be used with caution and should be assessed in light of the objective for which they are being used.

Iran (Islamic Republic of) - survey details

2009 Islamic Republic of Iran Multiple-Indicator Demographic
and Health Survey 2010

Vaccine	Confirmation method	Coverage	Age cohort	Sample	Cards seen
BCG	Card	99	12-23 m	833	-
BCG	Card	99	12-23 m	924	-
BCG	Card	99	12-23 m	1757	-
DTP1	Card	99	12-23 m	1757	-
DTP1	Card	99	12-23 m	833	-
DTP1	Card	99	12-23 m	924	-
DTP3	Card	97	12-23 m	1757	-
DTP3	Card	97	12-23 m	833	-
DTP3	Card	96	12-23 m	924	-
HepB1	Card	99	12-23 m	1757	-

HepB1	Card	99	12-23 m	924	-
HepB1	Card	99	12-23 m	833	-
HepB3	Card	96	12-23 m	1757	-
HepB3	Card	97	12-23 m	833	-
HepB3	Card	96	12-23 m	924	-
MCV	Card	97	12-23 m	1757	-
MCV	Card	96	12-23 m	833	-
MCV	Card	97	12-23 m	924	-
Pol1	Card	99	12-23 m	1757	-
Pol1	Card	99	12-23 m	833	-
Pol1	Card	99	12-23 m	924	-
Pol3	Card	95	12-23 m	924	-
Pol3	Card	96	12-23 m	1757	-
Pol3	Card	96	12-23 m	833	-

Further information and estimates prior to 2002 are available at:

<http://www.data.unicef.org/child-health/immunization>

http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/routine/coverage/en/index4.html

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

WHO/UNICEF Estimates of Protection at Birth (PAB) against tetanus

In countries where tetanus is recommended for girls and women coverage is usually reported as "TT2+", i.e. the proportion of (pregnant) women who have received their second or superior TT dose in a given year. TT2 + coverage, however, can under-represent the actual proportion of births that are protected against tetanus as it does not include women who have previously received protective doses, women who received one dose without documentation of previous doses, and women who received doses in TT (or Td) supplemental immunization activities (SIA). In addition, girls who have received DTP in their childhood and are entering childbearing age, may be protected with TT booster doses.

WHO and UNICEF have developed a model that takes into account the above scenarios, and calculates the proportion of births in a given year that can be considered as having been protected against tetanus - "Protection at Birth".

In this model, annual cohorts of women are followed from infancy through their life. A proportion receive DTP in infancy (estimated based on the WHO-UNICEF estimates of DTP3 coverage). In addition some of these women also receive TT through routine services when they are pregnant and may also receive TT during SIAs. The model also adjusts reported data, taking into account coverage patterns in other years, and/or results available through surveys. The duration of protection is then calculated, based on WHO estimates of the duration of protection by doses ever received. The proportion of births that are protected against tetanus as a result of maternal immunization reflects the tetanus immunization received by the mother throughout her life rather than simply the TT immunizations received during the current pregnancy.

Year	PAB coverage estimate (%)
2002	82
2003	82
2004	82
2005	83
2006	83
2007	83
2008	83
2009	83
2010	95
2011	95
2012	95
2013	95

¹ This model is described in: Griffiths U., Wolfson L., Quddus A., Younus M., Hafiz R.. Incremental cost-effectiveness of supplementary immunization activities to prevent neo-natal tetanus in Pakistan. Bulletin of the World Health Organization 2004; 82:643-651.