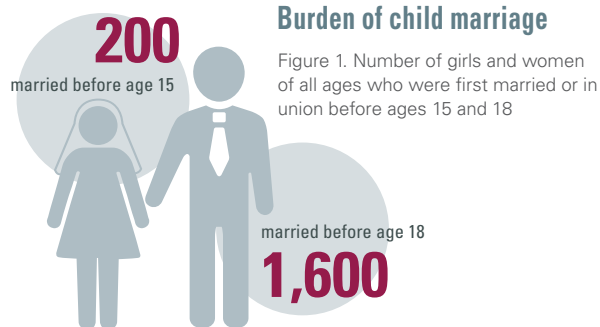


TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS

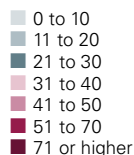
Minimum legal age of marriage for girls: n/a | with exceptions: n/a

Current levels of child marriage



Prevalence of child marriage

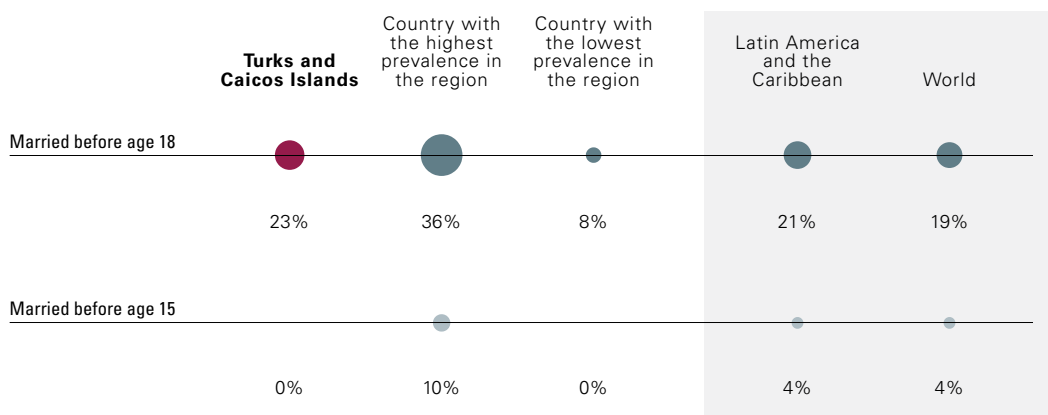
Figure 2. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18



Turks and Caicos Islands is home to over 1,000 child brides; 1 in 4 young women were married in childhood

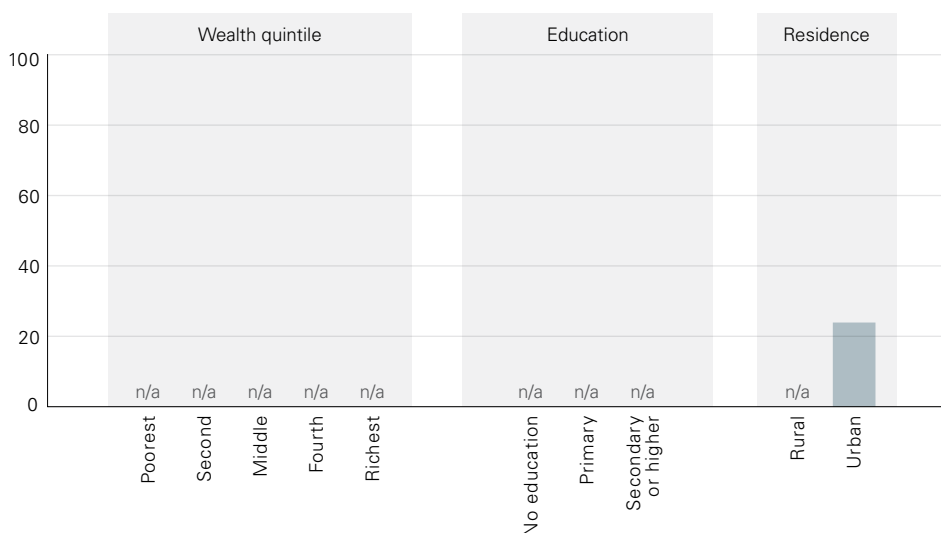
Regional and global comparisons

Figure 3. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before ages 15 and 18



Vulnerable populations

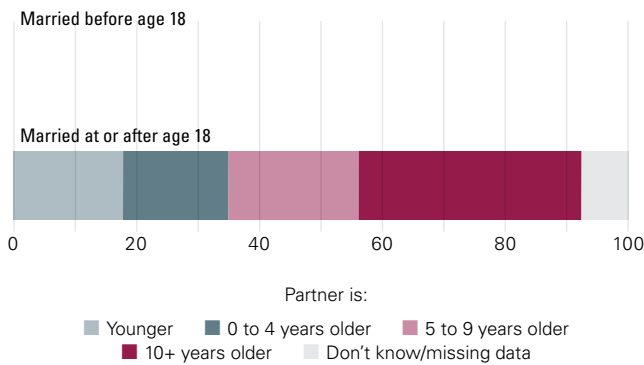
Figure 4. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18



Characteristics of unions

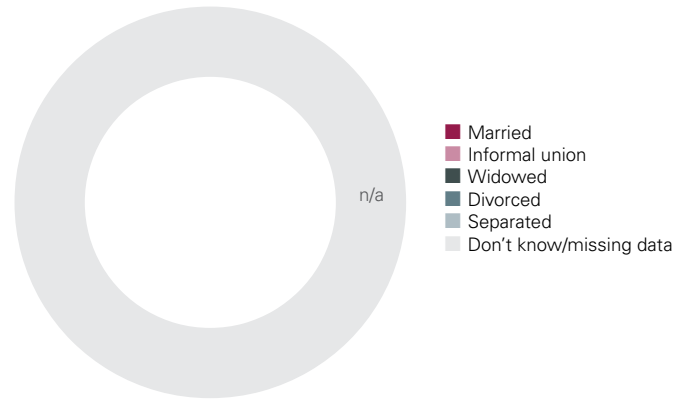
Spousal age gap

Figure 5. Percentage distribution of currently married women aged 20 to 24 years by the age gap between the women and their partners



Types of unions

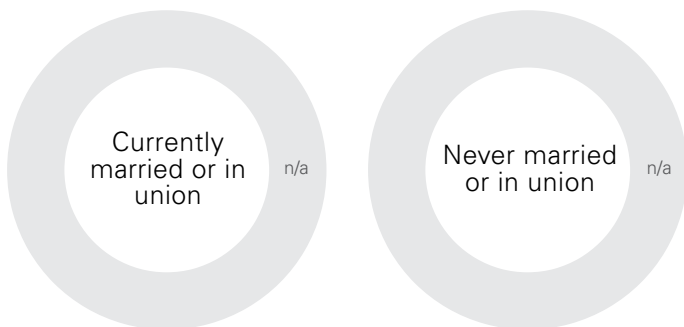
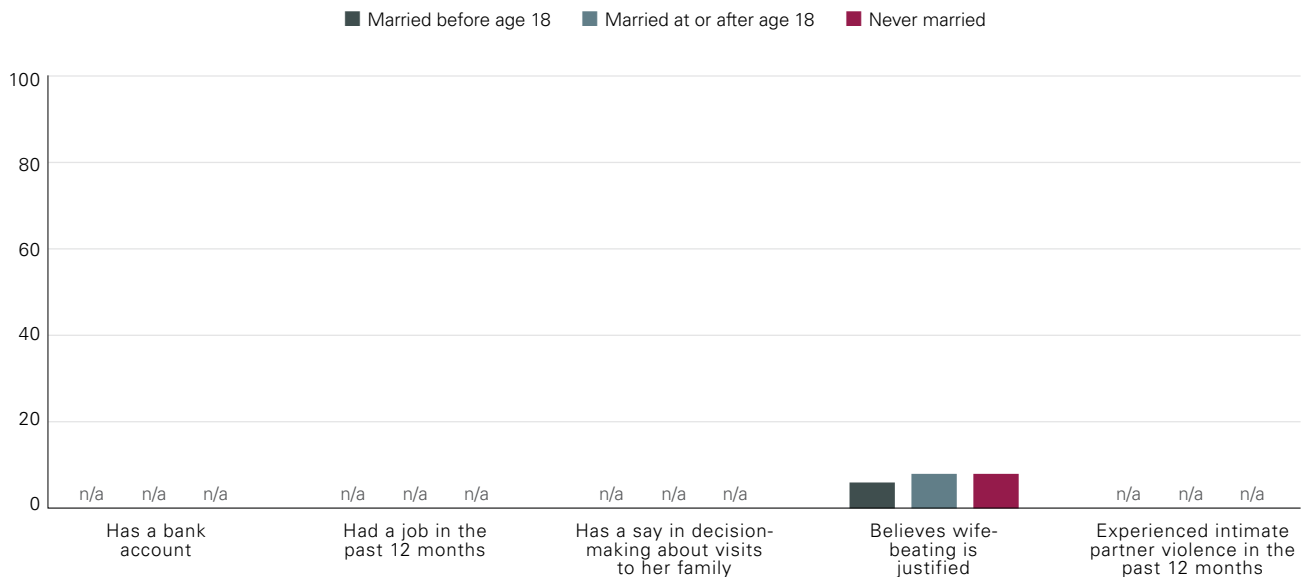
Figure 6. Percentage distribution of ever-married girls aged 15 to 17 years by current marital status



Lives of child brides

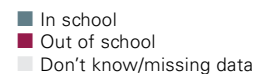
Autonomy, empowerment and violence

Figure 7. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who have an account at a bank or other financial institution, who have had a job in the past 12 months, who usually decide (alone or with their spouses) about visits to the women's families, who believe wife-beating is justified, and who have experienced intimate partner violence in the past 12 months



Education

Figure 8. Percentage distribution of girls aged 15 to 17 years by schooling status



Early childbearing

Figure 9. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who gave birth before ages 18 and 20

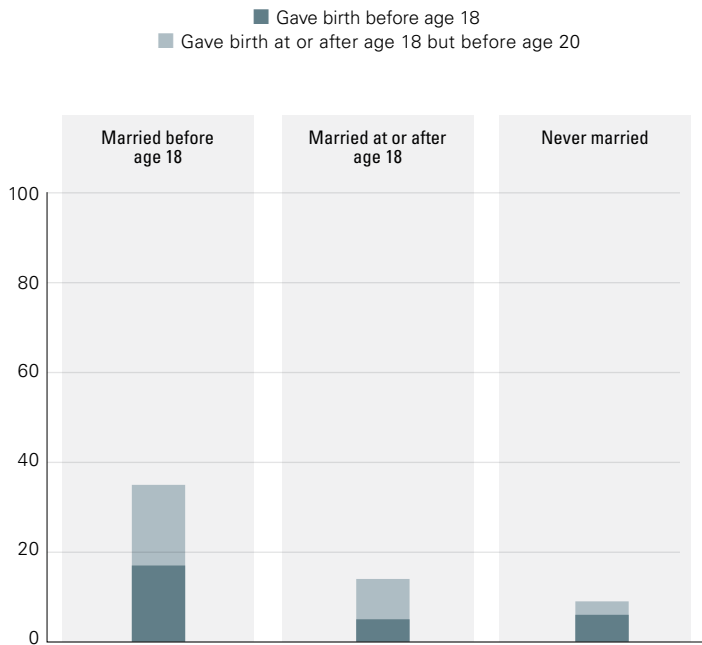
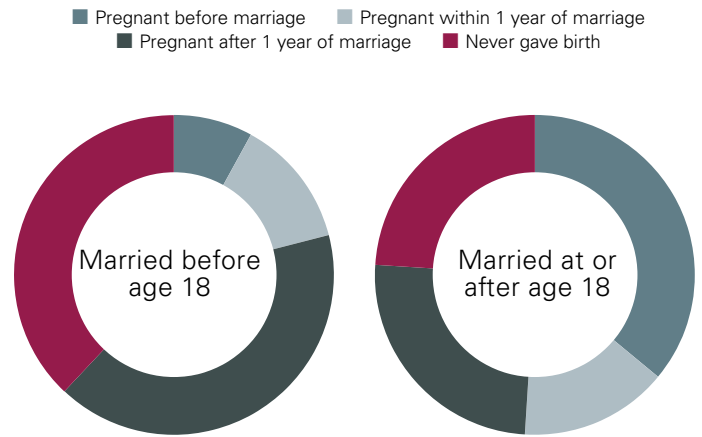
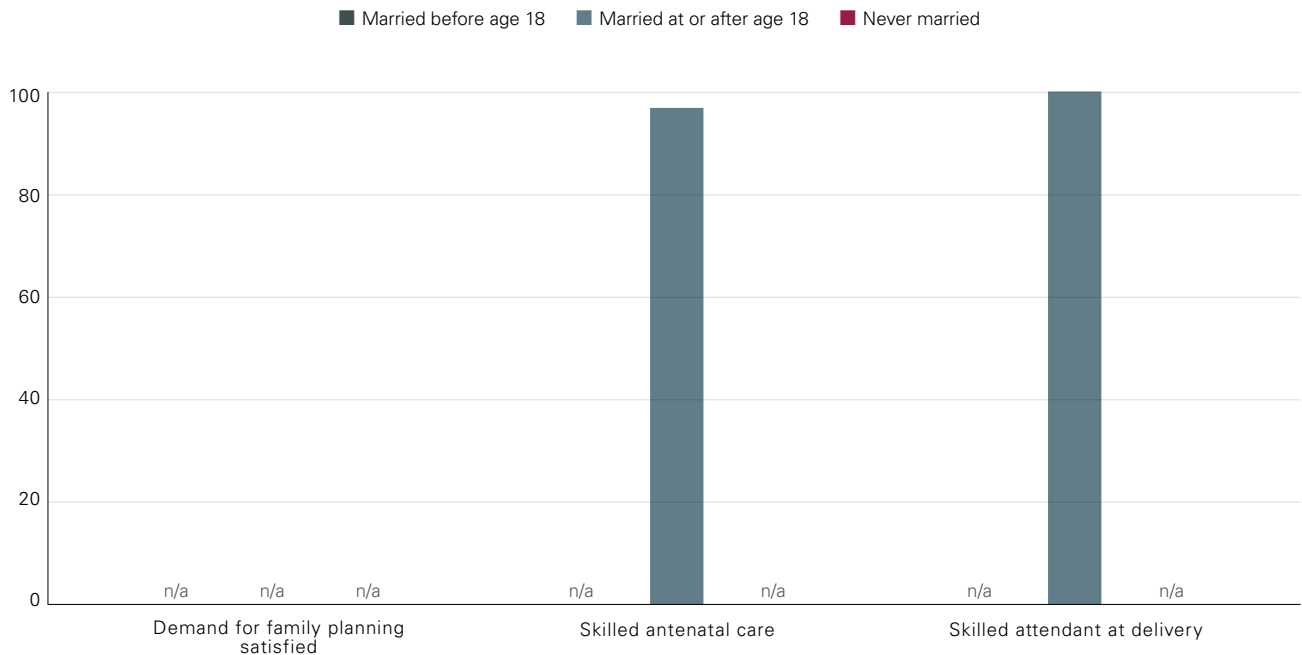


Figure 10. Percentage distribution of ever-married women aged 20 to 24 years by timing of pregnancy and marriage



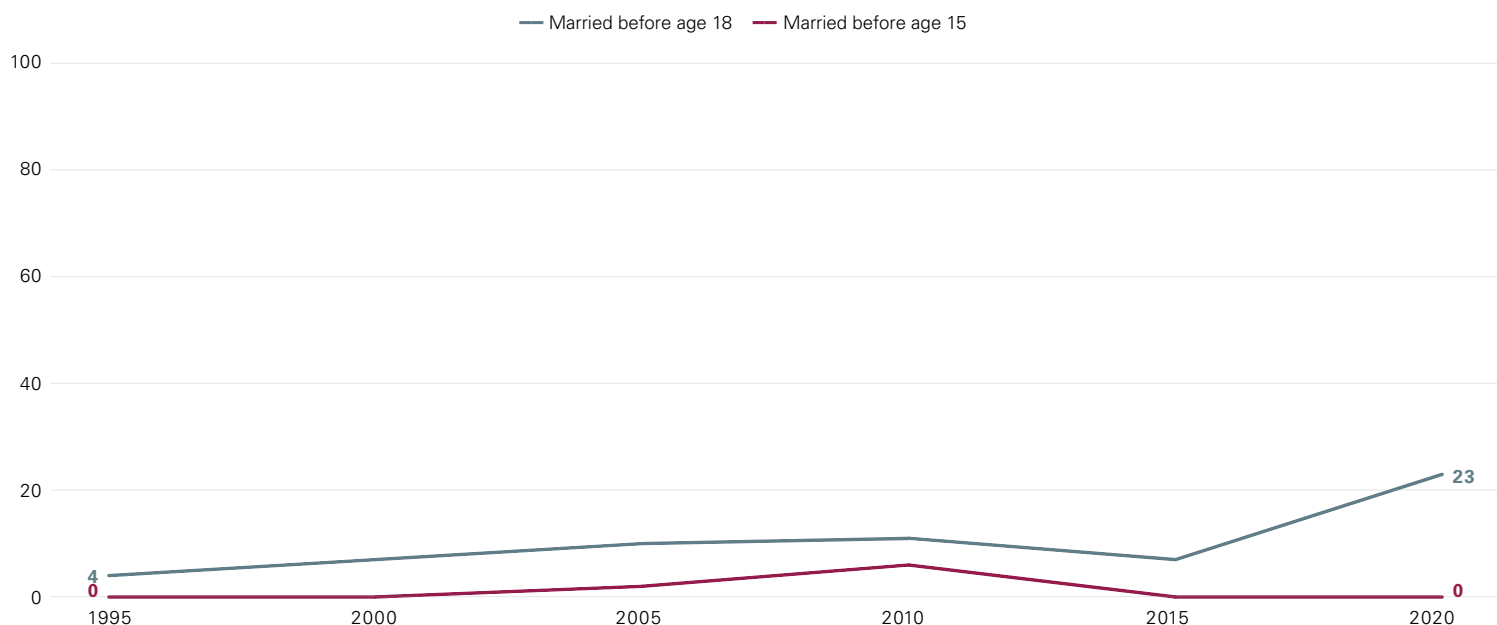
Reproductive health

Figure 11. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years whose demand for family planning is satisfied by a modern method, who received antenatal care from a skilled provider during their last pregnancy, and who had a skilled attendant during their last live birth



Generational trends

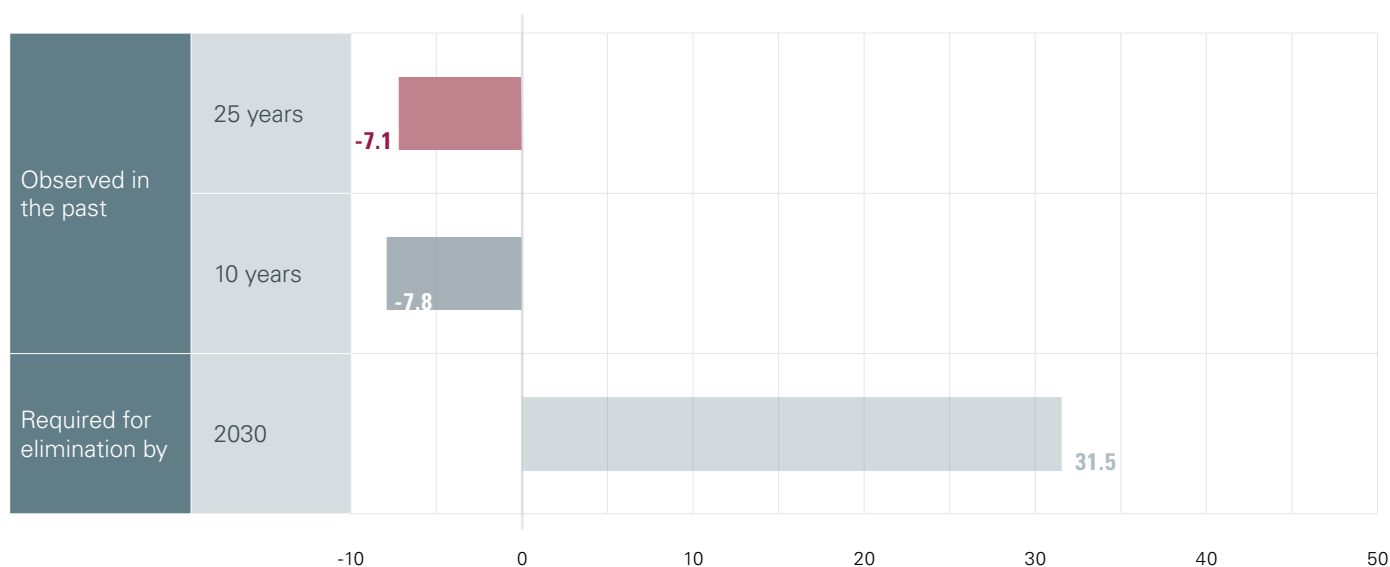
Figure 12. Percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before ages 15 and 18



Looking ahead to ending child marriage

Observed and required rates of progress

Figure 13. Average annual rate of reduction (%) in the percentage of women aged 20 to 24 years who were first married or in union before age 18, observed and required for elimination



NOTES:

Data are sourced from the Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019-20 unless otherwise noted. Data on the legal age at marriage are sourced from the World Bank, Women, Business and the Law, 2018 dataset. Demographic data are from the United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2022), World Population Prospects 2022, Online edition. Maps do not reflect a position by UNICEF on the legal status of any country or territory or the delimitation of any frontiers. In this profile, several results are presented based on the cohort of women aged 20 to 49 years, rather than the standard 20 to 24 years, to allow sufficient sample size to complete the analysis. Confidence intervals are not shown in this profile; therefore caution is warranted in interpreting the results since apparent differences may not be significant. All references to 'marriage' or 'child brides' include both formal marriage and informal unions in which women started living together with a partner as if married. Global estimates are based on a subset of 103 countries with comparable available data from 2015 to 2022, covering 78 per cent of the global female population. Regional estimates represent data covering at least 50 per cent of the female population. For statistical purposes, 'elimination' is defined here as a child marriage prevalence of less than 1 per cent. Values presented are based on at least 25 unweighted cases. Data for some indicators and population groups are suppressed due to insufficient numbers of cases to perform the analysis. Indicators marked as 'n/a' indicate either the value was suppressed or data were not collected. Numbers expressed in thousands and/or millions have been rounded. The burden of child marriage refers to the population in 2021. Figures in stacked bar and donut charts may not add up to 100 per cent due to rounding.